Vertu Motors (Knaresborough) Limited

Registered number 09526628

Financial statements

For the year ended 28 February 2017



COMPANIES HOUSE

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Directors' report

For the year ended 28 February 2017

The Directors present their annual report and the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 28 February 2017. The registered number of the Company is 09526628.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company is a property holding company.

Review of business and future developments

Turnover for the year has increased by £86,000 (72%) to £206,000 and profit before tax has increased by £72,000 (73%) to £170,000, as a result of the previous financial period representing 7 months of trading. Net assets have increased by £144k (195%) as a result of the profit after tax for the year.

The key factors impacting the financial performance for the year ended 28 February 2017 and financial position at 28 February 2017 are consistent with those of Vertu Motors plc ("the Group"). Accordingly, a review of the financial performance and position of the Group, with details of likely future developments of the Group, which includes the Company, is set out in the Group's annual report which does not form part of this report.

The Directors consider the trading results for the year ended 28 February 2017 to be satisfactory. The statement of income and retained earnings for the year is set out on page 4.

The Directors have taken advantage of the small companies' exemption from preparation of a strategic report in accordance with section 414B of Companies Act 2006.

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the Company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the Group and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of Vertu Motors plc, which include those of the Company, are discussed in the Group's annual report which does not form part of this report.

Directors and Directors' interests

The Directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements are listed below:

R T Forrester K Anderson D Crane M Sherwin

None of the Directors had a beneficial interest in the share capital of the Company during the year ended 28 February 2017.

R T Forrester and M Sherwin are also Directors of the ultimate parent undertaking, Vertu Motors plc and their interests in the share capital of group undertakings are disclosed in the financial statements of that Company.

Directors' report (continued)

For the year ended 28 February 2017

Political donations

The Company did not make any political donations in the year.

By order of the Board:

M Sherwin **Director**

24 November 2017

Vertu House Fifth Avenue Business Park Team Valley Gateshead Tyne and Wear NE11 0XA

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

For the year ended 28 February 2017

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law the Directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"), and applicable law. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102, have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors consider that the annual report and accounts, taken as a whole, is fair, balanced and understandable and provides the information necessary for shareholders to assess the Company's performance, business model and strategy.

Each of the Directors confirm that, to the best of their knowledge:

- the Company financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law), give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of the Company;
- the Directors' Report includes a fair review of the development and performance of the business and the position of the Company, together with a description of the principal risks and uncertainties that it faces.

Statement of Income and Retained Earnings

For the year ended 28 February 2017

	Note	Year ended 28 February 2017 £'000	Period ended 29 February 2016 £'000
Turnover	<u>-</u>	206	120
Gross profit		206	120
Administrative expenses	-	(36)	(22)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	170	98
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(26)	(24)
Profit for the financial year	10	144	74
Retained earnings at beginning of year/period	10	74	
Retained earnings at end of year/period	10 _	218	74

All amounts arise from continuing operations.

Balance Sheet

At 28 February 2017

	Note	28 February 2017 £'000	29 February 2016 £'000
Fixed assets Investment properties	6	2,980	3,037
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7 _	(2,758)	(2,963)
Net current liabilities	_	(2,758)	(2,963)
Total assets less current liabilities		222	74
Provisions for liabilities	8	(4)	-
Net assets	-	218	74
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	-	•
Profit and loss account	10	218	74
Total shareholders' funds	11	218	74

The notes on pages 6 to 10 form part of the financial statements.

For the year ended 28 February 2017 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

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- the members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476
- the Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts

These financial statements were approved by the board of Directors on 24 November 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

M Sherwin **Director**

Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 28 February 2017

1. Principal accounting policies

General information

Vertu Motors (Knaresborough) Limited is a private company limited by shares and it is incorporated in England. The address of its registered office is Vertu House, Fifth Avenue Business Park, Team Valley, Gateshead, NE11 0XA. The Company's registered number is 09526628.

The principal activity of the Company is that of a property holding company.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of Vertu Motors (Knaresborough) Limited have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

The Company has taken advantage of the following exemptions in paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

- from preparing a statement of cash flows, on the basis that it is a qualifying entity and the
 consolidated statement of cash flows of Vertu Motors plc, the ultimate parent company, includes
 the Company's cash flows;
- from the financial instruments disclosures, required under FRS 102 paragraphs 11.39 to 11.48A and paragraphs 12.26 to 12.29, as the information is provided in the consolidated financial statement disclosures;
- from disclosing the Company key management personnel compensation as required by FRS 102 paragraph 33.7.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom.

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Vertu Motors plc and is included in the consolidated financial statements of Vertu Motors plc which are publicly available.

The Company has taken the exemption from an audit for the year ended 28 February 2017 by virtue of s479A of Companies Act 2006. In order to allow the Company to take the audit exemption, the parent company Vertu Motors plc has given a statutory guarantee of all the outstanding liabilities of the Company as at 28 February 2017.

Under section 479C of the Companies Act 2006, the parent company Vertu Motors plc has guaranteed all outstanding liabilities to which the Company was subject at the end of 28 February 2017 until they are satisfied in full. Such guarantees are enforceable against Vertu Motors plc by any person to whom any such liability is due.

Investment properties

Investment properties for which fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort on an ongoing basis are measured at fair value annually with any change recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

For the year ended 28 February 2017

1. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Operating leases

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

Turnover

Turnover relates to the rental of properties and is measured at the fair value of consideration receivable, net of any discounts and Value Added Tax.

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company.

2. Directors' Emoluments

No Director received remuneration from the Company in respect of the year ended 28 February 2017 (2016: £Nil). There are no other employees. The emoluments of the Directors are paid by the parent company. All the Directors' services to this Company and to a number of fellow subsidiaries are of a non-executive nature and the emoluments are deemed to be attributable to the services to the parent company.

3. Profit before tax

Profit before tax is stated after charging:

	Year ended 28 February	Period ended 29 February
	2017	2016
	£'000	£'000
Net loss to investment properties on fair value adjustment	36	22

For the year ended 28 February 2017

4. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

a) Analysis of tax

	Year ended 28 February 2017 £'000	Period ended 29 February 2016 £'000
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profits of the year	29	24
Adjustments in respect of prior period	(7)	
Total current tax charge	22	24
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	12	-
Adjustments in respect of prior period	(7)	-
Impact of rate change	(1)	-
Total deferred tax charge	4	-
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	26	24
b) Factors affecting taxation charge in the year		

	Year ended 28 February 2017 £'000	Period ended 29 February 2016 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities, before taxation	170	98
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of tax in		
the UK of 20% (2016: 20%)	34	20
Fair value adjustment	7	4
Remeasurement of deferred tax – change in UK rate	(1)	-
Adjustments in respect of prior period	(14)	-
Current tax charge	26	24

The standard rate of tax in the UK changed to 20% with effect from 1 April 2015. Accordingly the Company's profits for this financial year are taxed at an effective rate of 20%. The standard rate of tax in the UK is 19% with effect from 1 April 2017. The Finance Act 2016, substantively enacted on 6 September 2016, included provisions to reduce the rate of corporation tax to 17% with effect from 1 April 2020. Accordingly, these rates have been applied when calculating deferred tax assets and liabilities as at 28 February 2017.

During the year ending 28 February 2018, the net reversal of deferred tax assets and liabilities is expected to increase the corporation tax charge by £9,000. This is primarily due to accelerated capital allowances.

5. Dividends

No dividend was paid or proposed in the year to 28 February 2017 (2016: £Nil).

For the year ended 28 February 2017

6. Investment properties

	Freehold land and buildings £'000
Valuation	
At 1 March 2016	3,037
Contributions	(21)
Net loss from fair value adjustments	(36)
At 28 February 2017	2,980

Contributions comprise amounts received in respect of building improvements made in the previous financial period.

There has been no external valuation of the investment property, the fair value of the property has been determined using discounted cash flows of future rental yields.

The investment property above has a historical cost of £3,136,000.

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	28 February	29 February
	2017	2016
	£'000	£'000
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	2,758	2,963
	2,758	2,963

Amounts owed by Group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and carry no fixed repayment date.

8. Provisions for liabilities

Deferred tax liability:	28 February	29 February
	2017	2016
	£′000	£'000
At beginning of year	-	-
Charged to profit and loss account (note 4)	4	-
At end of year	4	-
Total deferred tax liability:		
	28 February	29 February
	2017	2016
	£'000	£'000
Accelerated capital allowances	4	-
At end of year	4	-
9. Called up share capital		
	28 February	29 February
	2017	2016
	£	£
Authorised:		
1 ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1
Allotted and fully paid:		
1 ordinary share of £1 each	1	1

For the year ended 28 February 2017

10. Reserves

A4.1 March 2016		Profit and loss account £'000
At 1 March 2016 Profit for the financial year		74 144
At 28 February 2017	_	218
11. Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds		
	28 February	29 February
	2017	2016
	£′000	£'000
Profit for the financial year	144	74
Net movement in shareholders' funds	144	74
Opening shareholders' funds	74	-
Closing shareholders' funds	218	74

12. Related party transactions

The Company has a related party relationship with its subsidiaries and with its Directors and key management.

The Company is exempt from the requirements of FRS 102 to disclose transactions between Group companies as all subsidiaries are wholly owned by Vertu Motors plc who have produced consolidated financial statements.

13. Ultimate parent company and controlling party

The Company's immediate parent company and ultimate controlling party is Vertu Motors plc, a company incorporated in England and Wales.

Vertu Motors plc is the parent undertaking of the smallest and largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of Vertu Motors plc can be obtained from: The Company Secretary, Vertu Motors plc. Vertu House, Fifth Avenue Business Park, Team Valley, Gateshead, Tyne and Wear, NE11 0XA.