Ashton Shah & Co Limited

Filleted Accounts

31 March 2023

Ashton Shah & Co Limited

Registered number: 09510291

Balance Sheet

as at 31 March 2023

	Notes		2023		2022
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		6,038		6,514
Current assets					
Debtors	4	960,678		968,660	
Cash at bank and in hand		391,457		31,093	
		1,352,135		999,753	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(270,218)		(119,952)	
Net current assets			1,081,917		879,801
Net assets		-	1,087,955	_ _	886,315
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			1,087,855	_	886,215
Shareholders' funds		-	1,087,955	<u>-</u>	886,315

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Vinodray L Shah

Director

Approved by the board on 31 December 2023

Ashton Shah & Co Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the rendering of services. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant & machinery

20% Reducing Balance

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2023	2022
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	8	8
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Plant and
			machinery etc
			£
	Cost		~
	At 1 April 2022		17,176
	Additions		1,034
	At 31 March 2023		18,210
	Depreciation		10.660
	At 1 April 2022 Charge for the year		10,662 1,510
	At 31 March 2023		12,172
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	Net book value		
	At 31 March 2023		6,038
	At 31 March 2022		6,514
4	Debtors	2023	2022
		£	£
	Trade debtors	141,297	56,064
	Other debtors	819,381	912,596
		960,678	968,660
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2023	2022
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	(839)	41,667
	Corporation tax		33,933

404	392
185,314	2,584
80,229	36,403
5,110	4,973
270,218	119,952
	185,314 80,229 5,110

6 Other information

Ashton Shah & Co Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Laxmi House

2-b Draycott Avenue

Kenton Harrow

Middlesex

HA3 0BU

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.