
BELFIELD LAW LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

BELFIELD LAW LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 09471572

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	1,244	1,659
		<u>1,244</u>	<u>1,659</u>
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	2,736	97,970
Cash at bank and in hand	6	115,241	62,109
		<u>117,977</u>	<u>160,079</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(6,332)	(56,780)
		<u>111,645</u>	<u>103,299</u>
Net current assets		<u>111,645</u>	<u>103,299</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>112,889</u>	<u>104,958</u>
Net assets		<u><u>112,889</u></u>	<u><u>104,958</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		112,888	104,957
		<u>112,889</u>	<u>104,958</u>

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 MARCH 2017

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

.....
R J Levine
Director

Date: 13 November 2017
The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

1. General information

Belfield Law Limited is a private company, limited by shares, domiciled in England and Wales, registration number 09471572. The registered office is Aston House, Cornwall Avenue, London N3 1LF.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of services supplied during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Office equipment	- 25% reducing balance
Computer equipment	- 25% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

2.4 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.8 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting. Dividends on shares recognised as liabilities are recognised as expenses and classified within interest payable.

2.9 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

2.10 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2016 - 1).

BELFIELD LAW LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Office equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2016	796	1,416	2,212
At 31 March 2017	796	1,416	2,212
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2016	199	354	553
Charge for the year on owned assets	149	266	415
At 31 March 2017	348	620	968
Net book value			
At 31 March 2017	448	796	1,244
<i>At 31 March 2016</i>	597	1,062	1,659

5. Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	2,168	-
Prepayments and accrued income	568	97,970
	2,736	97,970

6. Cash and cash equivalents

	2017 £	2016 £
Cash at bank and in hand	115,241	62,109
	115,241	62,109

BELFIELD LAW LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2017**

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Corporation tax	4,212	45,373
Other taxation and social security	251	8,192
Other creditors	144	497
Accruals and deferred income	1,725	2,718
	<u>6,332</u>	<u>56,780</u>

8. Financial instruments

	2017	2016
	£	£
Financial assets		
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	115,241	62,109
	<u>115,241</u>	<u>62,109</u>

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss comprise the company's bank accounts and cash in hand.

9. Related party transactions

Included in other creditors is an amount of £144 (2016: £498) due to R J Levine, the director of the company. This loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

10. Controlling party

The company was controlled by the director, R J Levine, by virtue of his shareholding.

11. First time adoption of FRS 102

The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have not impacted on equity or profit or loss.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.