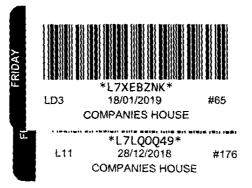
Registered number: 09468493

Elios Energy Holdings Limited

Unaudited
Directors' report and financial statements
for the year ended 30 June 2018



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Company information

Directors J C N Digges

P S Latham M G Setchell

Company secretary Octopus Company Secretarial Services Limited

Registered number 09468493

Registered office 6th Floor

33 Holborn London EC1N 2HT

Directors' report

for the year ended 30 June 2018

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2018.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of a holding company.

Share capital

On 12 July 2017, the company cancelled and extinguished 68,249,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each and £67,566,510 paid up share premium respectively.

On 12 July 2017 and 18 August 2017, the company issued 421,000 and 2,240,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each for a consideration of £421,000 and £2,240,000 respectively.

On 6 October 2017 and 23 October 2017, the company issued 495,000 and 19,613,368 ordinary shares of £0.01 each for a consideration of £495,000 and £19,613,368 respectively.

Going concern

The directors have at the date of approving these financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise indicated, are given below:

J C N Digges

PS Latham

M G Setchell

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 Section 1A, have been followed, subject to material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2018

Statement of directors' responsibilities (continued)

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Small company exemption

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small company exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors have also taken advantage of the small company exemptions provided by section 414B of the Companies Act 2006 and have not prepared a strategic report.

This report was approved by the board on 20 - 11 - 201 and signed on its behalf.

Director

JONIATHON DIGGE)

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 30 June 2018

	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Administrative (expenses)/income	(1)	2,998
Profit on disposal of assets	7	
Other operating income	943	-
Operating profit	949	2,998
Impairment of investments	(56,405)	(29,276)
Income from shares in group undertakings	61,803	47,444
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	6,347	21,166
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	-	(1)
Profit for the financial year	6,347	21,165

All amounts above relate to continuing operations.

The company has no items of other comprehensive income for the current or preceding financial year. Therefore no separate statement of other comprehensive income has been presented.

The notes on pages 7 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet as at 30 June 2018

as at 30 June 2018					
	Note	2018 £'000	2018 £'000	2017 £'000	2017 £'000
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	4		1,063		1,063
Investments	5	_	317,301	_	350,445
			318,364		351,508
Current assets					
Debtors	6	425		155	
Cash at bank and in hand		200		602	
		625		757	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(3)		(592)	
Net current assets			622		165
Net assets		-	318,986	-	351,673
Capital and Reserves					
Called up share capital	8		3,208		3,663
Share premium account			317,627		362,652
Retained earnings			(1,849)		(14,642)
Total shareholders' funds		- -	318,986	- -	351,673

Registered number: 09468493

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act") and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 20-11-2018

Director

The notes on pages 7 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2018

	Called up share capital £'000	Share premium account £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total shareholders' funds(deficit) £'000
At 1 July 2016	-	-	(77,980)	(77,980)
Profit for the financial year Issue of share capital Amounts utilised on redemption of	- 4,724	- 467,667	21,165 -	21,165 472,391
shares Distribution to shareholders	(1,061) -	(105,015) -	106,076 (63,903)	- (63,903)
At 30 June 2017	3,663	362,652	(14,642)	351,673
At 1 July 2017	3,663	362,652	(14,642)	351,673
Profit for the financial year Issue of share capital Amounts utilised on redemption of	- 227	- 22,542	6,347 -	6,347 22,769
shares Distribution to shareholders	(682) -	(67,567) -	68,249 (61,803)	(61,803)
At 30 June 2018	3,208	317,627	(1,849)	318,986

The notes on pages 7 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

1. General information

Elios Energy Holdings Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in and domiciled in England, the United Kingdom, registered number 09468493 The registered office is 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, EC1N 2HT.

The principal activity of the company is that of a holding company.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company accounting policies. No critical judgements have been applied to these financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Exemptions for qualifying under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions, subject to certain conditions, which have been complied with, including notification of, and no objection to, the use of exemptions by the company's shareholders.

The company has taken advantage of the following exemptions:

- from preparing a statement of cash flows, required under Section 7 of FRS 102 and para 3.17(d), on the basis that it is a small company;
- from disclosing the company's key management personnel compensation as required by FRS 102 para 33.7; and
- from disclosing related party transactions that are wholly owned within the same group.

2.3 Consolidation

These financial statements contain information about the company as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as a parent undertaking of a group. The company is exempt under Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as it and its subsidiary undertakings are included by full consolidation in the consolidated financial statements of its ultimate parent undertaking, Fern Trading Limited, a company incorporated in England, the United Kingdom.

2.4 Going concern

The directors have at the date of approving these financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.5 Foreign currency

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within administrative expenses.

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost (or deemed cost) less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The effect of any change is accounted for prospectively.

Repairs, maintenance and minor inspection costs are expensed as incurred.

Tangible fixed assets are derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected. On disposal, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following basis:

Plant and machinery

- 4% and 10% straight-line

2.7 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date non-financial assets not carried at fair value are assessed to determine whether there is an indication that the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) may be impaired. If there is such an indication the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is compared to the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit).

The recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is defined as the present value of the future cash flows before interest and tax obtainable as a result of the asset's (or asset's cash generating unit) continued use. These cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that represents the current market risk-free rate and the risks inherent in the asset.

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account, unless the asset has been revalued when the amount is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation. Thereafter any excess is recognised in the profit and loss account.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

2.9 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the statement of comprehensive income so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

2.10 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the period or prior periods. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

2.12 Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such on the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the statement of comprehensive income. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2.13 Related party transactions

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned with the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

3. Employees and directors' remuneration

The company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive or waive any remuneration (2017: £nil).

4. Tangible fixed assets

		Plant and machinery £'000
	Cost	
	At 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018	1,063
	Accumulated depreciation	
	At 1 July 2017 and 30 June 2018	
	Net book value	
	At 30 June 2018	1,063
	At 30 June 2017	1,063
5.	Investments	Subsidiary undertakings £'000
	Cost	1 000
	At 1 July 2017	457,699
	Additions	23,261
	At 30 June 2018	480,960
	Impairment	
	At 1 July 2017	107,254
	Charge for the year	56,405
	At 30 June 2018	163,659
	Net book value	
	At 30 June 2018	317,301
	At 30 June 2017	350,445

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

5. Investments (continued)

During the year the company made capital contributions of £23,260,000 (2017: £472,390,000).

Subsidiary undertakings

The following were subsidiary undertakings of the company:

	Country of	Class of		
Name	incorporation	Shares	Holding	Principal activity
Avenue Solar Farm Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
BNRG IOW Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Bryn Yr Odyn Solar Developments				
Holdings Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Bryn Yr Odyn Solar Developments				
Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Causilgey Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Chalcroft Solar Park Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Chisbon Solar Farm Holdings Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Chisbon Solar Farm Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Chittering Solar Two Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Craymarsh Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Eakring Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Elios Energy 2 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Elios Energy Holdings 2 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Elios Energy Holdings 3 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Elios Renewable Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Ellicombe Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Fern Finance 11 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Non Trading Company
Fern Finance 33 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Non Trading Company
Haymaker (Natewood) Holdings				
Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Haymaker (Natewood) Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Haymaker (Oaklands) Holdings				
Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Haymaker (Oaklands) Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Higher Knapp Farm Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Hill End Farm Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Little T Solar Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Littleton Solar Farm Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Lovedean Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Marley Thatch Solar Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Meadows Farm Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Melbourn Solar Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
MSP Tregassow Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
MTS Hatchlands Solar Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Newlands Solar Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
		,		

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

5. Investments (continued)

	Country of	Class of		
Name	incorporation	Shares	Holding	Principal activity
Ninnis Farm Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
North Perrott Fruit Farm Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Orta Wedgehill Solar Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Palfreys Barton Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Parciau Holdings Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Parciau Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Pitchford (Condover Airfield &				
Stockbatch) Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Singrug Holdings Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Singrug Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Six Hills Lane (Ragdale) Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Slaughtergate Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Southcombe Farm Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Steadfast Parkhouse Solar Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Steadfast Rudge Solar Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Steadfast Shipton Belinger Solar				
Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Stellar Power Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Sun Green Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
TGC Solar 102 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
TGC Solar 107 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
TGC Solar 68 Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Thoresby Estate (Budby) Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Tredown Farm Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Victoria Solar Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Viners Energy Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Waterloo Solar Park Holdings Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
Waterloo Solar Park Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Westerfield Solar Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Wincelle Solar Holdings Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Wincelle Solar Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
WSE Bradford Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
WSE Hullavington Holdings Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Holding company
WSE Hullavington Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
WSE Park Wall Limited	UK	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Agrisol 2 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Batisolaire 5 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Batisolaire 7 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Elecsol Camargue SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Elecsol France 07 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Elecsol France 11 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

5. Investments (continued)

	Country of	Class of		
Name	incorporation	Shares	Holding	Principal activity
Elecsol France 15 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Elecsol France 19 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Elecsol France 22 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Elecsol France 24 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Elecsol France 25 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Elecsol France 28 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Elecsol France 41 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Elecsol Haut Var SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Sammat SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Solarfi LP08 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Solarfi SP01 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Solarfi SP02 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Solarfi SP04 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Solarfi SP05 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Solarfi SP08 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Solarfi SP10 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Volta France 13 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Volta France SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Voltafrance 01 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation
Voltafrance 05 SARL	France	Ordinary	100%	Energy generation

Elios Energy Holdings 2 Limited and Elios Energy Holdings 3 Limited are held directly by the company. All other subsidiary undertakings are held indirectly.

The registered office of all of the companies incorporated in France is 22 Rue Alphonse de Nueville, Paris, 75017, France The registered office for all other companies is 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, EC1N 2HT.

6.	Debtors	2018	2017
		£'000	£'000
	Trade debtors	149	1
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	181	154
	Other debtors	95	-
		425	155

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018

7.	Creditors - amounts falling due within one year	2018	2017
		£'000	£'000
	Accruals and deferred income	3	592
8.	Called up share capital	2018	2017
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	£'000	£'000
	320,835,801 (2017: 366,315,433) Ordinary shares of £0.01	3,208	3,663

On 25 November 2016 and 7 March 2017, the company issued 471,750,000 and 640,432 ordinary shares of £0.01 each for a consideration of £471,750,000 and £640,432 respectively.

On 12 April and 10 May 2017, the company cancelled and extinguished 92,167,000 and 13,908,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each and £91,245,330 and £13,768,920 paid up share premium respectively.

On 12 July 2017, the company cancelled and extinguished 68,249,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each and £67,566,510 paid up share premium respectively.

On 12 July 2017 and 18 August 2017, the company issued 421,000 and 2,240,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each for a consideration of £421,000 and £2,240,000 respectively.

On 6 October 2017 and 23 October 2017, the company issued 495,000 and 19,613,368 ordinary shares of £0 01 each for a consideration of £495,000 and £19,613,368 respectively.

9. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 33.1A from the provisions of FRS 102, on the grounds that at 30 June 2018 it was a wholly owned subsidiary.

10. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Fern Energy Holdings Limited.

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Fern Trading Limited, a company incorporated in England. Fern Trading Limited, is the smallest and largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements. Copies of Fern Trading Limited consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the Company Secretary, 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, EC1N 2HT.