COMPANY REGISTRATION NO. 09437684 (England and Wales)
AMD CATERING LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021
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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2021

	2021 2		202 1		
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets			4,250		5,100
Tangible assets	4		70,940		84,274
Current assets					
Stocks		-		322	
Debtors	5	46,963		38,382	
		46,963		38,704	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	6	(159,790)		(177,219)	
Net current liabilities			(112,827)		(138,515)
Total assets less current liabilities			(37,637)		(49,141)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					
than one year	7		(42,500)		(8,644)
Net liabilities			(80,137)		(57,785)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			(80,237)		(57,885)
Total equity			(80,137)		(57,785)
-					

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 28 February 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 17 December 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

Alan Darlow

Director

Company Registration No. 09437684

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

AMD Catering Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is C/O UHY Hacker Young, Lanyon House, Mission Court, Newport, NP20 2DW.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will continue in operational existence for the foresecable future.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 10 years.

1.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

10% straight line

1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.10 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the leases. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

4,250

1.11 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

2 Employees

At 28 February 2021

3

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2021 Number	2020 Number
Total		1
Intangible fixed assets		Intangible
Cost		assets £

At 1 March 2020 and 28 February 2021	8,500
Amortisation and impairment	

Amortisation and impairment	
At 1 March 2020	3,400
Amortisation charged for the year	850

At 28 February 2021	4,250
Carrying amount	

	_
At 29 February 2020	5,100

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

4	Tangible fixed assets		
			Fixtures, fittings &
			equipment
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 March 2020 and 28 February 2021		133,337
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 March 2020		49,063
	Depreciation charged in the year		13,334
	At 28 February 2021		62,397
	Carrying amount		
	At 28 February 2021		70,940
	At 29 February 2020		84,274
5	Debtors		
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2021 €	2020 £
	Amounts faming due within one year.	*	*
	Other debtors	46,963	38,382
			
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	17,492	9,861
	Trade creditors	24,861	21,238
	Taxation and social security	-	429
	Other creditors	117,437	145,691
		159,790	177,219

The lease creditor of £8,644 (2020 - £25,932) included in other creditors is secured by fixed charges over the assets and the overdraft of £9,992 (2020 - £9,861) is secured by a floating charge over all assets.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2021

7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one y	ear			
				2021	2020
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			42,500	-
	Other creditors			-	8,644
				42,500	8,644
					_
	The lease creditor of £0 (2020 - £8,644) is secured by fi	xed charges over the	e assets.		
	Creditors which fall due after five years are as follows:			2021	2020
				£	£
	Payable by instalments			2,500	-
8	Called up share capital				
		2021	2020	2021	2020
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
9	Operating lease commitments				

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2020
£
10,500

10 Directors' transactions

The directors operate current loan accounts with the company, which are debited with payments made by the company on behalf of the directors and credited with funds introduced and undrawn director's fees. The amount outstanding to the directors at the year end was £106,631 (2020 - £116,746). This amount is included in creditors amounts falling due within one year, the loan is non interest bearing and there are no fixed repayment dates.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.