

Registered number: 09415916

Marden Power Limited

**Directors' report and financial statements
for the year ended 30 June 2017**



Marden Power Limited

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Marden Power Limited

Company information

Directors	C H Carlson A D Fraser OCS Services Limited
Company secretary	S Ludlow
Registered number	09415916
Registered office	6th Floor 33 Holborn London EC1N 2HT
Independent auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Central Square South Orchard Street Newcastle upon Tyne NE1 3AZ
Bankers	Coutts & Co 440 Strand London WC2R 0QS

Marden Power Limited

Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2017

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2017.

Principal activities

The company's principal activities are that of construction and operation of Reserve Power plants.

Share capital

On 14 October 2016, the company divided its 1 ordinary share of £1 into 100 ordinary shares of £0.01 each.

On 14 October 2016, the company divided its 1 ordinary share of £1 into 90 ordinary shares of £0.01 each and 10 deferred shares of £0.01 each.

Going concern

The directors have at the date of approving these financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise indicated, are given below:

C H Carlson (appointed 2 November 2016)

A D Fraser

OCS Services Limited (appointed 14 October 2016)

E Keelan (appointed 14 October 2016) (resigned 2 November 2016)

T Senior (resigned 12 October 2016)

M G Setchell (appointed 12 October 2016) (resigned 14 October 2016)

M Tucker (resigned 14 October 2016)

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 Section 1A, have been followed, subject to material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Marden Power Limited

Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2017

Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time of approval of this report has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Small company exemption

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small company exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors have also taken advantage of the small company exemptions provided by section 414B of the Companies Act 2006 and have not prepared a strategic report.

This report was approved by the board on 23 March 2018 and signed on its behalf.



C H Carlson
Director

Marden Power Limited

Independent auditors' report to the members of Marden Power Limited

Report on the financial statements

Opinion

In our opinion, Marden Power Limited's financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2017 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, and applicable law); and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements, included within the Directors' report and financial statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the Balance sheet as at 30 June 2017; the statement of income and retained earnings for the year then ended; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence

We remained independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which ISAs (UK) require us to report to you when:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this statement is not a guarantee as to the company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Marden Power Limited

Independent auditors' report to the members of Marden Power Limited

Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

With respect to the Directors' report, we also considered whether the disclosures required by the UK Companies Act 2006 have been included.

Based on the responsibilities described above and our work undertaken in the course of the audit, ISAs (UK) require us also to report certain opinions and matters as described below.

Directors' report

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, the information given in the Directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2017 is consistent with the financial statements and has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we did not identify any material misstatements in the Directors' report.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 2, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. The directors are also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

Marden Power Limited

Independent auditors' report to the members of Marden Power Limited

Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Other required reporting

Companies Act 2006 exception reporting

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to: prepare financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime; take advantage of the small companies exemption in preparing the Directors' report; and take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Other matter

The financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2016, forming the corresponding figures of the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017, are unaudited.



Richard Lingwood (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Newcastle upon Tyne

Date: 23 Mar 2018

Marden Power Limited

Statement of income and retained earnings for the year ended 30 June 2017

	Year ended 30 June 2017 £	Unaudited Period ended 30 June 2016 £
Turnover	7,858	-
Cost of sales	(7,144)	-
Gross profit	714	-
Administrative expenses	(345,948)	-
Operating loss	(345,234)	-
Interest receivable and similar income	124	-
Interest payable and similar charges	(455,952)	-
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(801,062)	-
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	-	-
Loss for the financial year/period	(801,062)	-
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year/period	-	-
Loss for the financial year/period	(801,062)	-
Retained earnings at the end of the year/period	(801,062)	-

All amounts above relate to continuing operations.

The company has no items of other comprehensive income for the current year or preceding financial period. Therefore no separate statement of other comprehensive income has been presented.

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Marden Power Limited


Registered number: 09415916

**Balance sheet
as at 30 June 2017**

	Note	2017 £	2017 £	Unaudited 2016 £	Unaudited 2016 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	4		<u>8,495,451</u>		<u>-</u>
			8,495,451		-
Current assets					
Debtors	5	528,471		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>52,319</u>		<u>1</u>	
		580,790		1	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>(830,282)</u>		<u>-</u>	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			<u>(249,492)</u>		<u>1</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			8,245,959		1
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(9,047,020)		-
Net (liabilities) / assets			<u><u>(801,061)</u></u>		<u><u>1</u></u>
Capital and Reserves					
Called up share capital	8		1		1
Retained earnings			(801,062)		-
Total shareholders' (deficit)/funds			<u><u>(801,061)</u></u>		<u><u>1</u></u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provision applicable to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" as amended by Section 1A "Small Entities".

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 23 March 2018.



C H Carlson
Director

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Marden Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

1. General information

Marden Power Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in and domiciled in England, the United Kingdom, registered number 09415916. The registered office is 6th Floor, 33 Holborn, London, EC1N 2HT.

The company's principal activities are that of construction and operation of Reserve Power plants.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006. This is the first year in which the financial statements have been prepared under FRS 102 and information on the impact of first time adoption of FRS 102 is given in note 11.

The preparation of financial statements requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company accounting policies. No critical judgements have been applied to these financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Exemptions for qualifying under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions, subject to certain conditions, which have been complied with, including notification of, and no objection to, the use of exemptions by the company's shareholders.

The company has taken advantage of the following exemptions:

- from preparing a statement of cash flows, required under Section 7 of FRS 102 and para 3.17(d), on the basis that it is a small company;
- from disclosing the company's key management personnel compensation as required by FRS 102 para 33.7; and
- from disclosing related party transactions that are wholly owned within the same group.

2.3 Going concern

The directors have at the date of approving these financial statements, a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Marden Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Foreign currency

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings within administrative expenses.

2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost (or deemed cost) less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period. The effect of any change is accounted for prospectively.

Repairs, maintenance and minor inspection costs are expensed as incurred.

Tangible fixed assets are derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected. On disposal, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following basis:

Long-term leasehold property	- over the period of the lease
Plant and machinery	- 4% and 10% straight-line

Marden Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date non-financial assets not carried at fair value are assessed to determine whether there is an indication that the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) may be impaired. If there is such an indication the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is compared to the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit).

The recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is defined as the present value of the future cash flows before interest and tax obtainable as a result of the asset's (or asset's cash generating unit) continued use. These cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that represents the current market risk-free rate and the risks inherent in the asset.

If the recoverable amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is estimated to be lower than the carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings, unless the asset has been revalued when the amount is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation. Thereafter any excess is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

If an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the asset (or asset's cash generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent that the revised carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined (net of depreciation or amortisation) had no impairment loss been recognised in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

2.7 Leasing and hire purchase

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the statement of income and retained earnings so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

2.8 Operating leases

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the statement of income and retained earnings on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Marden Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

(i) Current tax

Current tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the taxable profit for the period or prior periods. Tax is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are only recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the period end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

2.10 Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such on the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the statement of income and retained earnings. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2.11 Related party transactions

The company discloses transactions with related parties which are not wholly owned with the same group. It does not disclose transactions with members of the same group that are wholly owned.

Marden Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

3. Employees and directors' remuneration

The company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive or waive any remuneration (period ended 30 June 2016: £nil).

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Long-term leasehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 July 2016 (unaudited)	-	-	-
Additions	6,862	8,488,589	8,495,451
At 30 June 2017	<u>6,862</u>	<u>8,488,589</u>	<u>8,495,451</u>
Accumulated depreciation			
At 1 July 2016 (unaudited)	-	-	-
Charge for the year	-	-	-
At 30 June 2017	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net book value			
At 30 June 2017	<u>6,862</u>	<u>8,488,589</u>	<u>8,495,451</u>
At 30 June 2016 (unaudited)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

5. Debtors

	2017 £	Unaudited 2016 £
Trade debtors	4,886	-
Amounts owed by group undertakings	5,621	-
Other debtors	487,546	-
Prepayments and accrued income	30,418	-
	<u>528,471</u>	<u>-</u>

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Marden Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

6. Creditors - amounts falling due within one year

	2017	Unaudited 2016
	£	£
Trade creditors	16,056	-
Accruals and deferred income	814,226	-
	<u>830,282</u>	<u>-</u>

Included within accruals and deferred income are amounts of £286,136 (2016: £nil) relating to interest payable on the unsecured loan and £124,928 (2016: £nil) relating to interest payable on the debenture loan.

7. Creditors - amounts due after more than one year

	2017	Unaudited 2016
	£	£
Debenture loans	4,303,000	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings	4,744,020	-
	<u>9,047,020</u>	<u>-</u>

Included within debenture loans is an amount of £4,303,000 (2016: £nil) which is secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company. The loan bears interest at 10.77% (2016: 10.77%). The total facility is £4,406,003, however, £4,303,000 (2016: £nil) represents the amount drawn down at 30 June 2017.

Included within amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured loans with year end balances totalling £4,744,020 (2016: £nil). The loans bear interest at 8.5% (2016: 0%).

8. Called up share capital

	2017	Unaudited 2016
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
90 (2016: 1) Ordinary shares of £0.01 (2016: £1)	1	1
10 (2016: 0) Deferred shares of £0.01 (2016: £nil)	-	-
	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

On 14 October 2016, the company divided its 1 ordinary share of £1 into 100 ordinary shares of £0.01 each.

On 14 October 2016, the company divided its 1 ordinary share of £1 into 90 ordinary shares of £0.01 each and 10 deferred shares of £0.01 each.

Marden Power Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2017

9. Related party transactions

The company has identified the following transactions which are to be disclosed under the terms of FRS 102 "Related party transactions".

Valloire Power Limited

An agreement was executed whereby Valloire Power Limited, the company's parent company, provided Marden Power Limited with a shareholder loan of £4,750,000 (less various fees) to finance the construction of a reserve power plant at an interest rate of per annum. At the period end, a balance of £4,744,020 (2016: £nil) was outstanding and is included within creditors (note 7) and interest of £286,136 (2016: £nil) included within creditors (note 6).

Fern Trading Limited

A facility and debenture agreement was executed between Fern Trading Limited and Marden Power Limited for a total commitment of £4,406,003 at an interest rate of 10.77% per annum. The facility is to be drawn to finance the construction of a reserve power plant. The facility drawn at 30 June 2017 was £4,303,000 (2016: £nil). At the year end, there was interest accrued totalling £124,928 (2016: £nil) and non-utilisation fees of £44,648 (2016: £nil).

Octopus Investments Limited

During the year ended 30 June 2017 the company was invoiced a fixed fee of £75,000 (1.5% of equity invested) in respect of monitoring fees due to Octopus Investments Limited, a related party due to its significant influence over the company. This fee is an annual charge from the acquisition date and is released as an expense over the relevant periods. As at 30 June 2017, £53,571 (2016: £nil) was released as an expense. The company also charged expenses of £1,815 (2016: £nil) to Octopus Investments Limited in the year. At the year end, no amounts were outstanding (2016: £nil).

Welsh Power Limited

During construction and once in operation the sites will be managed by Welsh Power Limited. Management includes dealing with the day to day issues on the operations of the plants, procurement of operating costs and the formation of the bidding strategy into the key revenues. Welsh Power Limited will be rewarded for their ability to manage the plants through 2 management fees: a fixed management fee of £8k/MW p.a. (increasing with inflation) which is payable during construction and operation and a variable fee deferred for 3 years and based on the ability of the plant to capture STOR hours and TRIAD revenues when operational. The variable fee is only payable when the sites are operational and the investor hurdle is met.

10. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Valloire Power Limited. The directors do not consider the company to have an ultimate controlling party or ultimate parent company, by the nature of its parents' share structure. The results of the company are not consolidated within any other company.

11. First time adoption of FRS 102

This is the first year that the company has presented its results under FRS 102 Section 1A. The last financial statements under the previous accounting framework, UK GAAP, were for the period ended 30 June 2016. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 28 February 2015. The policies applied under the entity's previous accounting framework are not materially different to FRS 102 and have no impact on equity or profit or loss.