FPI Co 13 Ltd

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements
31 March 2017

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Financial Statements

Period from 1 February 2016 to 31 March 2017

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Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2017

	Note	31 Mar 17 £	31 Jan 16 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	4	1,079,688	_
Current assets Debtors	5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	100
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	1,045,417	. <u>-</u>
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(1,045,417)	. 100
Total assets less current liabilities		34,271	100
Net assets		34,271	100
Capital and reserves		•	
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		34,171	
Members funds		34,271	100

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the period ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31 March 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 5 October 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr D R Wylder Director

Company registration number: 09395509

FPI Co 13 Ltd
Statement of Changes in Equity

Period from 1 February 2016 to 31 March 2017

	Called up	_	Total	
At 1 February 2015	£ –	£ -	£ -	
Profit for the period		_	_	
Issue of shares	100		100	
Total investments by and distributions to owners	100	_	100	
At 31 January 2016	100	_	100	
Profit for the period		34,171	34,171	
Total comprehensive income for the period	_	34,171	34,171	
At 31 March 2017	100	34,171	34,271	

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Period from 1 February 2016 to 31 March 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Cedar House, Abingdon Road, Tubney, Oxfordshire, OX13 5QQ, United Kingdom.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property

2% - Straight line on cost of buildings

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 February 2016 to 31 March 2017

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually-significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 February 2016 to 31 March 2017

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments (continued)

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Tangible assets

			Freehold property £
	Cost Additions		1,090,594
	At 31 March 2017		1,090,594
	Depreciation Charge for the period		10,906
	At 31 March 2017	•	10,906
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2017	•	1,079,688
	At 31 January 2016		_
5.	Debtors	·	
		31 Mar 17 £	31 Jan 16 £
	Trade debtors		100
6.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		31 Mar 17 £	31 Jan 16 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	1,044,117	_
	Other creditors	1,300	_
	÷	1,045,417	_

There is an unscheduled Mortgage Debenture, held by GCP Social Housing 1 Limited, dated 24 June 2016.

The charge covers a fixed and floating charge over all property or undertaking of the company.

The charge covers the property 5 Hawthorn Farm Avenue, Northolt, UB5 5QG (Title Number: MX437864).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Period from 1 February 2016 to 31 March 2017

7. Related party transactions

At the year end all shares in the company were owned by Supported Living Care Property Ltd (company number 09690124).

The company owed a balance of £1,044,117 at 31 March 2017 (2016 - £(100)) to Supported Living Care Property Ltd.

During the year interest of £58,563 (2016 - £Nil) was paid on the loan from Supported Living Care Property Ltd.