

Company registration number 09346445 (England and Wales)

STONE CREEK WIND FARM LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022
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STONE CREEK WIND FARM LIMITED

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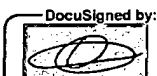
STONEY CREEK WIND FARM LIMITED**BALANCE SHEET****AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022**

	Notes	2022 £	£	2021 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		1,112,397		1,199,644
Current assets					
Debtors	6	168,848		150,579	
Cash at bank and in hand		46,079		28,995	
		214,927		179,574	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(39,926)		(12,872)	
Net current assets			175,001		166,702
Total assets less current liabilities			1,287,398		1,366,346
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		-		(345,106)
Provisions for liabilities			(132,000)		(157,000)
Net assets			1,155,398		864,240
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		30		30
Profit and loss reserves			1,155,368		864,210
Total equity			1,155,398		864,240

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 13-Jul-2023 | 10:32 AM BST and are signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

 53CB1F43C243499...
 T S Cunningham
 Director

Company Registration No. 09346445

STONEY CREEK WIND FARM LIMITED**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY****FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022**

	Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January 2021	30	723,727	723,757
Year ended 31 December 2021:			
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	140,483	140,483
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Balance at 31 December 2021	30	864,210	864,240
Year ended 31 December 2022:			
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year	-	291,158	291,158
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Balance at 31 December 2022	<hr/> <hr/> 30	<hr/> <hr/> 1,155,368	<hr/> <hr/> 1,155,398

STONEY CREEK WIND FARM LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Stoney Creek Wind Farm Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit G1 Ash Tree Court, Nottingham Business Park, Nottingham, NG8 6PY.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemption in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises turnover when the amount of turnover can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment	20 years on a straight line basis
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

STONE CREEK WIND FARM LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

STONE CREEK WIND FARM LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.10 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

STONE CREEK WIND FARM LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty (Continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities are as follows.

Useful life of wind turbine

The directors have deemed the useful life of the plant and machinery which relates to a wind turbine, to be 20 years. This is based on external research into the useful lives of wind turbines.. The carrying amount is £1,112,397 (2021 - 1,199,644).

3 Auditor's remuneration

	2022	2021
	£	£
Fees payable to the company's auditor and associates:		
For audit services		
Audit of the financial statements of the company	3,700	3,500

4 Employees

There were no employees during the period. All directors and staff were seconded and received no remuneration from the company.

5 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	1,753,791
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 January 2022	554,147
Depreciation charged in the year	87,247
At 31 December 2022	641,394
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2022	1,112,397
At 31 December 2021	1,199,644

STONE CREEK WIND FARM LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

6 Debtors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	-	200
Amounts owed by group undertakings	22,669	-
Other debtors	-	847
Prepayments and accrued income	146,179	149,532
	<u>168,848</u>	<u>150,579</u>

7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	2,054	3,508
Amounts owed to group undertakings	606	864
Corporation tax	18,024	24
Other taxation and social security	2,729	-
Accruals and deferred income	16,513	8,476
	<u>39,926</u>	<u>12,872</u>

8 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	345,106
	<u>-</u>	<u>345,106</u>

Amounts owed to group undertakings due after one year comprise of a loan note from Cape RE 4 Limited repayable at par at the company's option. Interest is payable at 6.63% per annum subject to certain conditions.

9 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the company and movements thereon:

	Liabilities 2022	Liabilities 2021
	£	£
Balances:		
Accelerated capital allowances	<u>132,000</u>	<u>157,000</u>

STONEY CREEK WIND FARM LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

9 Deferred taxation (Continued)

	2022 £
Movements in the year:	
Liability at 1 January 2022	157,000
Credit to profit or loss	(25,000)
Liability at 31 December 2022	<u>132,000</u>

10 Called up share capital

	2022 Number	2021 Number	2022 £	2021 £
Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>30</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>30</u>

11 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The senior statutory auditor was Russell Chowney BFP FCA and the auditor was Azets Audit Services.

12 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2022 £	2021 £
<u>493,249</u>	<u>529,249</u>

13 Parent company

The company's immediate parent is Cape RE 4 Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

The ultimate parent is Equitix Fund IV LP, registered in England and Wales.