

Acceleraty Limited

Unaudited

Directors' report and financial statements

For the period ended 30 June 2015

THURSDAY



L53WE63V

LD3

31/03/2016

#334

COMPANIES HOUSE

Acceleraty Limited

Contents

	Page
Company information	1
Directors' report	2 - 3
Chartered Accountants' report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes to the financial statements	7 - 10

Acceleraty Limited

Company information

Directors

E Keelan (appointed 27 November 2014)
OCS Services Limited (appointed 27 November 2014)
PL Van Der Merwe (appointed 18 February 2016)

Company secretary

K Ward

Registered number

09331397

Registered office

6th Floor
33 Holborn
London
EC1N 2HT

Chartered Accountants

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants
Central Square South
Orchard Street
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 3AZ

Bankers

Courts & Co
440 Strand
London
WC2R 0QS

Solicitors

Shakespeare Martineau LLP
No. 1 Colmore Square
Birmingham
B4 6AA

Acceleraty Limited

Directors' report For the period ended 30 June 2015

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the period ended 30 June 2015.

Incorporation

The company was incorporated on 27 November 2014 and is yet to commence trading.

Principal activities

The company is a parent company of a group of which the principal activities are that of construction and operation of Reserve Power plants.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have prepared forecasts and reviewed capital requirements for twelve months from the date of approving these financial statements, which indicate the business can continue to trade for at least twelve months.

Directors

The directors who served during the period and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

E Keelan (appointed 27 November 2014)
OCS Services Limited (appointed 27 November 2014)
PL Van Der Merwe (appointed 18 February 2016)

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Acceleraty Limited

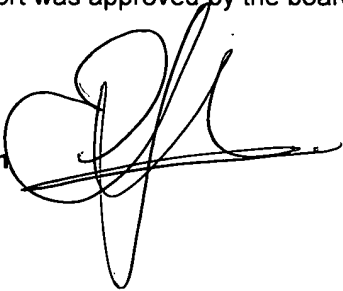
**Directors' report
For the period ended 30 June 2015**

Small companies' exemption

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies' exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 29 MARCH 2016 and signed on its behalf.

E Keelan
Director

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of a large, stylized 'E' followed by a series of loops and a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.

Acceleraty Limited

Chartered Accountants' report to the directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Acceleraty Limited for the period ended 30 June 2015.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the company's financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2015, as set out on pages 5 to 10 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at icaew.com/regulations.

This report is made solely to the company's board of directors, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 12 February 2016. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the company's financial statements and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the company's board of directors, as a body, in this report in accordance with Audit and Assurance Faculty Technical Release 2/10 (AAF 02/10) as detailed at icaew.com/compilation. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that the company has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of the company. You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the period ended 30 June 2015.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the company's financial statements. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants
Central Square South
Orchard Street
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 3AZ

Date: 29 March 2016

Acceleraty Limited

**Profit and loss account
For the period ended 30 June 2015**

	Note	2015 £
Administrative expenses		<u>(253,000)</u>
Operating loss	2	(253,000)
Interest receivable and similar income		59,673
Interest payable and similar charges		<u>(168)</u>
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(193,495)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3	<u>-</u>
Loss for the financial period	8	<u>(193,495)</u>

All amounts above relate to continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the results above, and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There are no material differences between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the loss for the financial period stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet
As at 30 June 2015

	Note	£	2015 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	4		1
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year	5	4,745,232	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	60,272	
Cash at bank and in hand		725,016	
		<u>5,530,520</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>(724,016)</u>	
Net current assets			<u>4,806,504</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>4,806,505</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7		50,000
Share premium account	8		4,950,000
Profit and loss account	8		<u>(193,495)</u>
Total shareholders' funds	9		<u>4,806,505</u>

The directors consider that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to have an audit under the provisions of section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 ("the Act") and members have not required the company to obtain an audit for the period in question in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at 30 June 2015 and of its loss for the period in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395 of the Act and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

29 MARCH 2016

E Keelan
Director

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

**Notes to the financial statements
For the period ended 30 June 2015**

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015) and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom. The principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the period, are set out below.

1.2 Consolidation

In the opinion of the directors, the company and its subsidiary undertaking constitute a small group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemption provided by section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group financial statements.

1.3 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. The directors have prepared forecasts and reviewed capital requirements for twelve months from the date of approving these financial statements, which indicate the business can continue to trade for at least twelve months.

1.4 Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

1.5 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. A net deferred tax asset is recognised as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis.

1.6 Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of the financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

Acceleraty Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the period ended 30 June 2015

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.7 Debtors

Debtors are stated after all known bad debts have been written off and specific provision has been made against all debts considered doubtful of collection.

2. Operating loss

During the period, no director received any emoluments.

3. Tax on loss on ordinary activities

	2015 £
UK corporation tax charge on loss for the period	-
	<u> </u>

4. Investments

	Investments in subsidiary company £
Cost	
At 27 November 2014	-
Additions	1
	<u> </u>
At 30 June 2015	1
	<u> </u>
Net book value	
At 30 June 2015	1
	<u> </u>

Subsidiary undertakings:

On 8 May 2015 the company acquired 90% of the ordinary share capital of Tillingham Power Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

Acceleraty Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the period ended 30 June 2015

5. Debtors

	2015 £
Due after more than one year	
Amounts owed by group undertakings	4,745,232

Included within amounts owed by group undertakings is an unsecured loan with a period end balance totalling £4,745,232. The loan bears interest at 8.5% and is repayable after more than five years.

	2015 £
Due within one year	
Amounts owed by group undertakings	59,673
VAT recoverable	599
	60,272

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2015 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	724,016

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

7. Called up share capital

	2015 £
Allotted and fully paid	
5,000,001 Ordinary shares of £0.01 each	50,000

During the year, 5,000,000 shares were issued for cash at a premium of £0.99 per share. The nominal value of these shares was £0.01 and the consideration received was £5,000,000 after deducting expenses of £nil. 1 ordinary share was also issued at nominal value of £0.01.

8. Reserves

	Share premium account £	Profit and loss account £
Loss for the financial period	-	(193,495)
Premium on shares issued during the period	4,950,000	-
At 30 June 2015	4,950,000	(193,495)

Acceleraty Limited

Notes to the financial statements For the period ended 30 June 2015

9. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2015 £
Opening shareholders' funds	-
Loss for the financial period	(193,495)
Shares issued during the period	50,000
Premium on shares issued during the period	4,950,000
	<hr/>
Closing shareholders' funds	4,806,505
	<hr/>

10. Related party transactions

Octopus Investments Nominees Limited

During the period ended 30 June 2015, 5,000,000 shares were issued for a total consideration of £1 each to Octopus Investments Nominees Limited, a related party due to its shareholding in the entity. These were fully paid up at period end. The shares were financed from EIS investors in tranches OEIS17 and OEIS18.

OCS Services Limited

During the period ended 30 June 2015, 1 ordinary share was issued for a total consideration of £0.01 to OCS Services Limited, a related party due to its shareholding in the company.

Octopus Investments Limited

Octopus Investments Limited, a related party due to its significant influence over the company, charged arrangement fees totaling £250,000 (5% of equity EIS invested of £5,000,000). There is no liability owed to Octopus Investments Limited at the period end.

Tillingham Power Limited

On 8 May 2015, Acceleraty Limited purchased 90 ordinary shares in Tillingham Power Limited from Apus Energy Limited for a consideration of £0.01 each. On this date a facility agreement was executed for a shareholder loan to Tillingham Power Limited of £4,750,000 (less various fees) to finance the construction of a reserve power plant at an interest rate of 8.5% per annum. At the period end, a balance of £4,745,232 was outstanding and is included within debtors.

11. Ultimate controlling party

The directors do not consider the company to have an ultimate controlling party or parent company, by virtue of a split holding in its shares. The results of the company are not consolidated within any other company.