

FILE COPY

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION OF A PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY

Company Number 9313935

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, hereby certifies that

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE GROUP (SERVICES) LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a private company, that the company is limited by shares, and the situation of its registered office is in England and Wales

Given at Companies House on 17th November 2014



N09313935K





In accordance with Section 9 of the Companies Act 2006 **IN01**

Application to register a company





14/11/2014 **COMPANIES HOUSE**

For further information, please

What this form is for You may use this form to register a **YPANIES HOU**要性e or public company

A fee is payable with this form

ease see 'How to pay' on the last page

CHO 2100 600324 X What this form is NOT for You cannot use this form to register a limited liability partnership. To do this, please use form LL IN01

refer to our guidance at www.companieshouse.gov.uk

Part 1	Company details			
A1	Company name	Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in		
	To check if a company name is available use our WebCHeck service and select the 'Company Name Availability Search' option	bold black capitals All fields are mandatory unless		
	www.companieshouse.gov.uk/info	specified or indicated by * O Duplicate names		
	Please show the proposed company name below	Duplicate names are not permitted A list of registered names can		
Proposed company name in full •	LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE GROUP (SERVICES) LIMITED	be found on our website There are various rules that may affect		
For official use	9313935	your choice of name More information on this is available in our guidance booklet GP1 at www.companieshouse.gov.uk		
A2	Company name restrictions o			
	Please tick the box only if the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions that require you to seek comments of a government department or other specified body	② Company name restrictions A list of sensitive or restricted words or expressions that require consent can be found in our		
	I confirm that the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions and that approval, where appropriate, has been sought of a government department or other specified body and I attach a copy of their response	guidance booklet GP1 at www.companieshouse gov.uk		
А3	Exemption from name ending with 'Limited' or 'Cyfyngedig' $_{f \Theta}$	● Name ending exemption		
	Please tick the box if you wish to apply for exemption from the requirement to have the name ending with 'Limited', Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative	Only private companies that are limited by guarantee and meet other specific requirements are eligible		
	I confirm that the above proposed company meets the conditions for exemption from the requirement to have a name ending with 'Limited', 'Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative	to apply for this. For more details, please go to our website www.companieshouse gov.uk		
A4	Company type [©]			
	Please tick the box that describes the proposed company type and members' liability (only one box must be ticked) Public limited by shares Private limited by shares Private limited by guarantee	O Company type If you are unsure of your company's type, please go to our website www.companieshouse gov.uk		
	Private unlimited with share capital Private unlimited without share capital			



INO1 Application to register a company

A5	Situation of registered office o		
-	Please tick the appropriate box below that describes the situation of the proposed registered office (only one box must be ticked) England and Wales Wales	● Registered office Every company must have a registered office and this is the address to which the Registrar will send correspondence	
	Scotland Northern Ireland	For England and Wales companies, the address must be in England or Wales	
		For Welsh, Scottish or Northern Ireland companies, the address must be in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively	
A6	Registered office address o		
	Please give the registered office address of your company	Registered office address You must ensure that the address	
Building name/number	10 Paternoster Square	shown in this section is consistent with the situation indicated in section A5	
		You must provide an address in England or Wales for companies to	
Post town	London	be registered in England and Wales	
County/Region Postcode	E C 4 M 7 L S	You must provide an address in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland for companies to be registered in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively	
A7	Articles of association		
	Please choose one option only and tick one box only	■ For details of which company type	
Option 1	I wish to adopt one of the following model articles in its entirety Please tick only one box Private limited by shares Private limited by guarantee Public company	can adopt which model articles, please go to our website www.companieshouse gov uk	
Option 2	I wish to adopt the following model articles with additional and/or amended provisions. I attach a copy of the additional and/or amended provision(s). Please tick only one box. Private limited by shares. Private limited by guarantee. Public company		
Option 3	wish to adopt entirely bespoke articles attach a copy of the bespoke articles to this application		
A8	Restricted company articles ©		
	Please tick the box below if the company's articles are restricted	Restricted company articles Restricted company articles are those containing provision for entrenchment For more details, please go to our website www.companieshouse.gov.uk	

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Application to register a company

Part 2 Proposed officers

For private companies the appointment of a secretary is optional, however, if you do decide to appoint a company secretary you must provide the relevant details. Public companies are required to appoint at least one secretary

Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual

For a secretary who is an individual, go to Section B1, For a corporate secretary, go to Section C1, For a director who is an individual, go to Section D1, For a corporate director, go to Section E1

Secretary	l	
B1	Secretary appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the secretary appointments taken on formation For a corporate secretary, complete Sections C1-C5	O Corporate appointments For corporate secretary appointments, please complete
Title*		section C1-C5 instead of section B
Full forename(s)	LISA MARGARET	Additional appointments
Surname	CONDRON	If you wish to appoint more than one secretary, please use
Former name(s) •		the 'Secretary appointments' continuation page
		Please provide any previous names which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used for business purposes
B2	Secretary's service address ®	<u> </u>
Building name/numb	er The Company's Registered Office	Service address
Street		This is the address that will appear on the public record This does not have to be your usual residential address
Post town		Please state 'The Company's
County/Region		Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the
Postcode		proposed company's register of secretaries as the company's
Country		registered office If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record
0.2		
B3	Signature o	
	I consent to act as secretary of the proposed company named in Section A1	Signature The person named above consents
Signature	Signature X	to act as secretary of the proposed company

Application to register a company

Corporate secretary

C1	Corporate secretary appointments •				
	Please use this section to list all the corporate secretary appointments taken on formation	Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one corporate secretary, please use the			
Name of corporate body/firm		'Corporate secretary appointments' continuation page			
Building name/number		Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear			
Street		on the public record This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or			
Post town		LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number			
County/Region					
Postcode					
Country					
C2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm				
	Is the corporate secretary registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)?				
	 → Yes Complete Section C3 only → No Complete Section C4 only 				
	7 No Complete Section C4 only				
C3	EEA companies ®				
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance			
Where the company/ firm is registered €		www.companieshouse gov uk This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law			
Registration number		Directive (68/151/EEC)			
C4	Non-EEA companies				
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	O Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered,			
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		you must also provide its number in that register			
Governing law					
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered •					
Registration number					
C5	Signature 8				
	I consent to act as secretary of the proposed company named in Section A1	⊙ Signature			
Signature	Signature	The person named above consents to act as corporate secretary of the			
	×	proposed company			

Application to register a company

Director

D1	Director appointments •						
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E5	Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an					
Title*		individual Public companies must					
Full forename(s)	LISA MARGARET	appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual					
Surname	CONDRON	Please provide any previous names					
Former name(s) •		which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used					
Country/State of residence •	United Kingdom	for business purposes Country/State of residence					
Nationality	British	This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in					
Date of birth	^d O ^d 5 ^m 1 ^m O ^y 1 ^y 9 ^y 6 ^y 7	section D4					
Business occupation (if any) •	Company Secretary	O Business occupation If you have a business occupation, please enter here if you do not, please leave blank					
		Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page					
D2	Director's service address [©]						
	Please complete the service address below You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4	Service address This is the address that will appear					
Building name/number	The Company's Registered Office	on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential.					
Street		address Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service					
Post town		address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of					
County/Region		directors as the company's registered office					
Postcode		If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the					
Country		public record					
D3	Signature [©]						
	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	⊘ Signature					
Signature	Signature X	The person named above consents to act as director of the proposed company					

Application to register a company

Director

D1	Director appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E5	• Appointments Private companies must appoint
Title*		at least one director who is an individual Public companies must
Full forename(s)	CATHERINE ANNE	appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual
Surname	THOMAS	Please provide any previous names
Former name(s) •		which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used
Country/State of residence 9	United Kingdom	for business purposes Country/State of residence
Nationality	British	This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in
Date of birth	d3 d1 0 5 y1 y9 6 y8	Section D4
Business occupation (if any) •	General Counsel	Business occupation If you have a business occupation, please enter here If you do not, please leave blank
		Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page
D2	Director's service address Please complete the service address below You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4	Service address This is the address that will appear
Building name/number		on the public record This does not have to be your usual residential
Street		address
		Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service
Post town		address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of
County/Region		directors as the company's registered office
Postcode		If you provide your residential
Country		address here it will appear on the public record
D3	Signature © I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	♂ Signature The person named above consents
Signature	x A. Homal X	to act as director of the proposed company

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INO1 — continuation page Application to register a company

Director

D1	Director appointments •				
	Please use this section to list all the directors of the company For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E5	Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an			
Title*		individual Public companies must			
Full forename(s)	DAVID PORTER	appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual			
Surname	WARREN	• Former name(s) Please provide any previous names			
Former name(s) 9		which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years Married women do not need to give former names unless previously used			
Country/State of residence ©	United Kingdom	for business purposes Country/State of residence			
Nationality	British	This is in respect of your usual			
Date of birth	d 1 d 8 m 0 m 3 y 1 y 9 y 5 y 4	residential address as stated in Section D4			
Business occupation	Chief Financial Officer	Business occupation If you have a business occupation,			
(ıf any) 🍑		please enter here If you do not, please leave blank			
D2	Director's service address [©]				
	Please complete the service address below You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4	Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record This does not			
Building name/number	The Company's Registered Office	have to be your usual residential address			
Street		Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service			
Post town		address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of			
County/Region		directors as the company's registered office			
Postcode		If you provide your residential			
Country		address here it will appear on the public record			
D3	Signature ®	<u>'-</u>			
	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	O Signature			
Signature	* Warden X	The person named above consents to act as director of the proposed company			

INO1
Application to register a company

Corporate director

E1	Corporate director appointments •				
	Please use this section to list all the corporate directors taken on formation	Additional appointments			
Name of corporate body or firm		If you wish to appoint more than one corporate director, please use the 'Corporate director appointments' continuation page			
Building name/number		Registered or principal address			
Street		This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained).			
Post town		within a full address), DX number or			
County/Region		LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number			
Postcode					
Country					
E2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm				
	Is the corporate director registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? → Yes Complete Section E3 only → No Complete Section E4 only				
E3	EEA companies ®				
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	● EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance			
Where the company/ firm is registered		www.companieshouse.gov.uk			
		This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law Directive (68/151/EEC)			
Registration number		, ,			
E4	Non-EEA companies				
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register.	O Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered,			
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		you must also provide its number in that register			
Governing law					
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered •					
If applicable, the registration number					
E5	Signature 9				
	I consent to act as director of the proposed company named in Section A1	⊙ Signature			
Signature	X X	The person named above consents to act as corporate director of the proposed company			

Application to register a company **Statement of capital** Part 3 Does your company have share capital? → Yes Complete the sections below → No Go to Part 4 (Statement of guarantee) Share capital in pound sterling (£) Please complete the table below to show each class of shares held in pound sterling If all your issued capital is in sterling, only complete Section F1 and then go to Section F4 Class of shares Amount paid up on Amount (if any) unpaid Number of shares 19 Aggregate nominal value 6 (E g Ordinary/Preference etc.) each share 0 on each share 0 1 00 2 £ 200 0 Ordinary £ £ £ **Totals** £ 200 F2 Share capital in other currencies Please complete the table below to show any class of shares held in other currencies Please complete a separate table for each currency Currency Aggregate nominal value 🛭 Class of shares Amount paid up on Amount (if any)_unpaid Number of shares @ each share O on each share 0 (E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc.) **Totals** Currency Class of shares Amount paid up on Amount (if any)_unpaid Number of shares **9** Aggregate nominal value 6 on each share O (E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc.) each share 🛭 **Totals** F3 **Totals** Please give the total number of shares and total aggregate nominal value of O Total aggregate nominal value issued share capital Please list total aggregate values in different currencies separately For Total number of shares 2 example £100 + £100 + \$10 etc Total aggregate £2 00 nominal value O • Including both the nominal value and any Number of shares issued multiplied by **Continuation Pages**

nominal value of each share

IN01

share premium

Total number of issued shares in this class

Please use a Statement of Capital continuation

page if necessary

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F4	Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)	
	Please give the prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares for each class of share shown in the statement of capital share tables in Sections F1 and F2	OPrescribed particulars of rights attached to shares
Class of share	Ordinary	The particulars are a particulars of any voting rights,
Class of share Prescribed particulars	Ordinary The shares shall have full rights with regards to voting, dividends and distributions. All shares shall rank pari passu. Directors of the company may be appointed or removed by a parent undertaking.	

INO1 Application to register a company

Class of share		Prescribed particulars of rights
		attached to shares
Class of share Prescribed particulars		The particulars are a particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only in certain circumstances, b particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participate in a distribution, c particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in a distribution (including on winding up), and d whether the shares are to be redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder and any terms or conditions relating to redemption of these shares A separate table must be used for each class of share Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation page if necessary
	<u> </u>	CHEROSO

Application to register a company

•	_
12	-

Initial shareholdings

This section should only be completed by companies incorporating with share capital Please complete the details below for each subscriber

The addresses will appear on the public record These do not need to be the subscribers' usual residential address

Initial shareholdings

Please list the company's subscribers in alphabetical order

Please use an 'Initial shareholdings' continuation page if necessary

subscribers' usual residential address					continuation page is necessary	
Subscriber's details	Class of share	Number of shares	Currency	Nominal value of each share	Amount (if any) unpaid	Amount paid
LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE GROUP PLC	Ordinary	2	£ (GBP)	2 00	0	£2 00
Address 10 Paternoster Square, London EC4M 7LS						
Name						
Address						
Name						
Address						
Name						
	_					
Address						
				_		
Name						
Address						

	Application to register a company	
Part 4	Statement of guarantee	
	Is your company limited by guarantee?	
	→ Yes Complete the sections below	
	→ No Go to Part 5 (Statement of compliance)	
G1	Subscribers	- -
	Please complete this section if you are a subscriber of a company limited by guarantee The following statement is being made by each and every person named below	Name Please use capital letters Address
	I confirm that if the company is wound up while I am a member, or within one year after I cease to be a member, I will contribute to the assets of the company by such amount as may be required for	 The addresses in this section will appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address.
	- payment of debts and liabilities of the company contracted before I	Amount guaranteed
	cease to be a member,	Any valid currency is permitted Continuation pages
	 payment of costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and, adjustment of the rights of the contributors among ourselves, not exceeding the specified amount below 	Please use a 'Subscribers' continuation page if necessary
	Subscriber's details	_
Forename(s) •		_
Surname •		-
Address 2		-
		_
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		-
	Subscriber's details	-
Forename(s) •		-
Surname •		-
Address 2		-
		_
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		_
	Subscriber's details	-
Forename(s) •		-
Surname •		-
Address 2		_
		_
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed		_

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INO1 Application to register a company

	Subscriber's details	O Name
Forename(s) •		Please use capital letters
Surname •		Address The addresses in this section will
Address ②		appear on the public record They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address
Postcode		Amount guaranteed Any valid currency is permitted
Amount guaranteed 9		Continuation pages Please use a 'Subscribers'
	Subscriber's details	continuation page if necessary
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 9		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 2		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname 0		
Address 2		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		
	Subscriber's details	
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		
Address 2		
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed		
5	ı	

Part 5

Statement of compliance This section must be completed by all companies Is the application by an agent on behalf of all the subscribers? → No Go to Section H1 (Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers) → Yes Go to Section H2 (Statement of compliance delivered by an agent) H1 Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers • ◆ Statement of compliance Please complete this section if the application is not delivered by an agent delivered by the subscribers for the subscribers of the memorandum of association Every subscriber to the memorandum of association must sign the statement of compliance I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature Subscriber's signature X Subscriber's signature X X Signature Subscriber's signature X Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature X X

Subscriber's signature **Continuation pages** X Please use a 'Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers' continuation page if more subscribers need to sign Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature X X Subscriber's signature X H2 Statement of compliance delivered by an agent Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for the subscribers to the memorandum of association Agent's name Building name/number Street Post town County/Region Postcode Country I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with Signature Agent's signature X X

IN01

Application to register a company

Application to register a company

Presenter information Important information You do not have to give any contact information, but if Please note that all information on this form you do it will help Companies House if there is a query will appear on the public record, apart from on the form The contact information you give will be information relating to usual residential visible to searchers of the public record addresses Calum Macdonald How to pay London Stock Exchange Group plc A fee is payable on this form Make cheques or postal orders payable to 'Companies House' For information on fees, go 10 Paternoster Square to www.companieshouse.gov.uk Where to send Post town You may return this form to any Companies House London address, however for expediency we advise you to County/Region England return it to the appropriate address below Postcode Ε For companies registered in England and Wales Country The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, United Kingdom • Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ ĐΧ DX 33050 Cardiff (+44) 020 7797 1648 For companies registered in Scotland Certificate The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, We will send your certificate to the presenters address 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF (shown above) or if indicated to another address DX ED235 Edinburgh 1 or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post) ☐ At the registered office address (Given in Section A6) ☐ At the agents address (Given in Section H2) For companies registered in Northern Ireland The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Checklist Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG We may return forms completed incorrectly or DX 481 NR Belfast 1 with information missing Section 243 exemption Please make sure you have remembered the If you are applying for, or have been granted a section following 243 exemption, please post this whole form to the ☐ You have checked that the proposed company name is different postal address below available as well as the various rules that may affect The Registrar of Companies, PO Box 4082, your choice of name. More information can be found Cardiff, CF14 3WE in guidance on our website ☐ If the name of the company is the same as one Further information already on the register as permitted by The Company and Business Names (Miscellaneous Provisions) For further information, please see the guidance notes Regulations 2008, please attach consent on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk ☐ You have used the correct appointment sections or email enquiries@companieshouse gov uk ☐ Any addresses given must be a physical location They cannot be a PO Box number (unless part of a This form is available in an full service address), DX or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number alternative format. Please visit the ☐ The document has been signed, where indicated forms page on the website at ☐ All relevant attachments have been included.

www.companieshouse.gov.uk

You have enclosed the correct fee

☐ You have enclosed the Memorandum of Association

COMPANY NO. [_	
----------------	--

	COMPANIES	ACT 2006
	A PRIVATE COMPANY L	IMITED BY SHARES
	MEMORANDUM OI	F ASSOCIATION
	of	
	London Stock Exchange Ga	roup (Services) Limited
	(adopted on 13 No	ovember 2014)
		enation, wish to be formed into a Company ke the number of shares shown opposite my
Name a	nd address of Subscriber	Number of shares taken by the Subscriber
LONDON ST PLC	OCK EXCHANGE GROUP	

Date 13 November 2014

LISA CONDRON

FOR AND ONISCHALE

OF LONDON STOCK EXACHANGE GROUP PLC.

COMPANIES ACT 2006

A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

London Stock Exchange Group (Services) Limited

(adopted on 13 November 2014)

PRELIMINARY

Model Articles excluded

The regulations in the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 as in force at the date of incorporation of the company shall not apply to the company

Definitions

2 In these articles

Act means the Companies Act 2006 including any modification or re-enactment of it for the time being in force,

articles means these articles of association, as altered from time to time by special resolution,

auditors means the auditors of the company,

clear days in relation to the period of a notice means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect,

Companies Acts has the meaning given by section 2 of the Act and includes any enactment passed after those Acts which may, by virtue of that or any other such enactment, be cited together with those Acts as the "Companies Acts" (with or without the addition of an indication of the date of any such enactment),

director means a director of the company and the directors means the directors or any of them acting as the board of directors of the company,

- (f) the word *directors* in the context of the exercise of any power contained in these articles includes any committee consisting of one or more directors, any director holding executive office and any local or divisional directors, manager or agent of the company to which or, as the case may be, to whom the power in question has been delegated,
- (g) no power of delegation shall be limited by the existence or, except where expressly provided by the terms of delegation, the exercise of that or any other power of delegation; and
- (h) except where expressly provided by the terms of delegation, the delegation of a power shall not exclude the concurrent exercise of that power by any other body or person who is for the time being authorised to exercise it under these articles or under another delegation of the power

Single member

4 If at any time and for so long as the company has a single member, all the provisions of these articles shall (in the absence of any express provision to the contrary) apply with such modification as may be necessary in relation to a company with a single member

SHARE CAPITAL AND LIMITED LIABILITY

Limited liability

5 The liability of the members is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them

Shares with special rights

6 Subject to the provisions of the Act and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the company may by ordinary resolution determine or, subject to and in default of such determination, as the directors shall determine

Commissions

The company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other

No recognition of less than absolute interests

8 Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust and (except as otherwise provided by the articles or by law) the company shall not be bound by, or recognise, any interest in any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the holder.

Section 561 exclusion

9 The pre-emption provisions in section 561 of the Act and the provisions of subsections 562(1) to 562(5) inclusive of the Act shall not apply to any allotment of the company's equity securities

Residual allotment powers

- Subject to the provisions of the Act and to any resolution of the company in general meeting passed pursuant to those provisions
- (a) all shares for the time being in the capital of the company (whether forming part of the original or any increased share capital) shall be at the disposal of the directors, and

(b) the directors may allot (with or without conferring a right of renunciation), grant options over, or otherwise dispose of them to such persons on such terms and conditions and at such times as they think fit

Redeemable

11 The company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the holder, and the directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares

SHARE CERTIFICATES

Members' rights to certificates

Every member, upon becoming the holder of any shares, shall be entitled without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him (and, upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class, to a certificate for the balance of such holding) or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first of such reasonable sum as the directors may determine. Every certificate shall be executed under the seal or otherwise in accordance with the Act or in such other manner as the directors may approve and shall specify the number, class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid up thereon. The company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them

Replacement certificates

If a share certificate is defaced, worn-out, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the company in investigating evidence as the directors may determine but otherwise free of charge, and (in the case of defacement or wearing-out) on delivery up of the old certificate

LIEN

Lien on shares

The company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this regulation. The company's lien on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it

Enforcement of lien by sale

The company may sell in such manner as the directors determine any shares on which the company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen clear days after notice has been given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold

Giving effect to sale

To give effect to a sale the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser The title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the sale process

Application of proceeds

The net proceeds of the sale, after payment of the costs, shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable, and any residue shall (upon surrender to the company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale

CALLS ON SHARES AND FORFEITURE

Power to make calls

18. Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal value or premium) and each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen clear days' notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the company of any sum due thereunder, be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call was made

I ime when call

19. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the directors authorising the call was passed.

Liability of joint holders

The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect of that share

Interest payable

If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whom it is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it became due and payable until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allotment of the share or in the notice of the call or, if no rate is fixed, at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act) but the directors may waive payment of the interest wholly or in part

Deemed calls

An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call

Differentiation on calls

Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares

Notice requiring payment of call

If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days' notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

Forfeiture for non-compliance

If the notice is not complied with any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the directors and the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.

Sale of forfeited

Subject to the provisions of the Act, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person and at any time before sale, re-allotment or other disposition, the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person

Liability following forfeiture

A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeited but shall remain liable to the company for all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate at which interest was payable on those moneys before the forfeiture or, if no interest was so payable, at the appropriate rate (as defined in the Act) from the date of forfeiture until payment but the directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal

Evidence of forfeiture or surrender

A statutory declaration by a director or the secretary that a share has been forfeited on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share and the declaration shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture or disposal of the share

TRANSFER OF SHARES

Form and execution of transfer of share

The instrument of transfer of a share may be in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve and shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid, by or on behalf of the transferee

Registration of transfer

The directors may, in their absolute discretion, refuse to register the transfer of a share to any person, whether or not it is fully paid or a share on which the company has a lien

Notice of refusal to register

31 If the directors refuse to register a transfer of a share, they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the company send to the transferee notice of the refusal

Suspension of registration

32 The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding thirty days in any year) as the directors may determine

No fee payable on registration

33. No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share.

Retention of transfers

The company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered, but any instrument of transfer which the directors refuse to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

Transmission

If a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder, and his personal representatives where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the company as having any title to his interest, but nothing herein contained shall release the estate of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him

Elections permitted

A person becoming entitled by transmission to a share may, upon such evidence being produced as the directors may properly require, elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee. If he elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. All the articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice or instrument of transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member or other event giving rise to the transmission had not occurred

Rights of persons entitled by transmission

A person becoming entitled by transmission to a share shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to attend or vote at any meeting of the company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

New shares subject to these articles

- All shares created by the increase of the company's share capital, by consolidation, division or sub-division of its share capital shall be
- (a) subject to all the provisions of these articles, including without limitation provisions relating to payment of calls, lien, forfeiture, transfer and transmission, and
- (b) unclassified, unless otherwise provided by these articles, by the resolution creating the shares or by the terms of allotment of the shares

Fractions arising

Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the directors may, on behalf of those members, sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the Act, the company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The transferee shall not be bound to

see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale

GENERAL MEETINGS

Calling general meetings

The directors may call general meetings and, on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed to convene a general meeting in accordance with the provisions of the Act. If there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting, any director or any member of the company may call a general meeting.

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

Period of notice

General meetings shall be called by at least fourteen clear days' notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than ninety per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right

The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted

Subject to the provisions of the articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member, to the directors and to the auditors

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

Quorum

No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present Save in the case of a company with a single member, two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum

If quorum not present

If such a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, or if during a meeting such a quorum ceases to be present, the meeting shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place or to such time and place as the directors may determine

Chairman

The chairman, if any, of the board of directors or in his absence some other director nominated by the directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other director (if any) is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman and, if there is only one director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman

No director willing to act or present

If no director is willing to act as chairman, or if no director is present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number or a proxy to be chairman

Directors entitled to speak

46. A director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company

Adjournments chairman's powers

The chairman may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for fourteen days or more, at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice

Methods of voting

- A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands a poll is duly demanded Subject to the provisions of the Act, a poll may be demanded.
- (a) by the chairman, or
- (b) by at least two members having the right to vote at the meeting, or
- (c) by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting, or
- (d) by a member or members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right,

and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member

Declaration of result

Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution

Withdrawal of demand for poll

The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made

Conduct of a poll

A poll shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded

When poll to be taken

A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being

more than thirty days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made

Notice of poll

No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least seven clear days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken

VOTES OF MEMBERS

Right to vote

Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares, on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative or by proxy, unless the proxy (in either case) or the representative is himself a member entitled to vote, shall have one vote and on a poll every member shall have one vote for every share of which he is the holder

Votes of joint holders

In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the register of members

Member under incapacity 56. A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy Evidence to the satisfaction of the directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the office, or at such other place as is specified in accordance with the articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable

Calls in arrears

No member shall vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the company, either in person or by proxy, in respect of any share held by him unless all moneys presently payable by him in respect of that share have been paid

Objection to voting

No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman whose decision shall be final and conclusive

Poll voting

On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy

Appointment of proxy execution

The appointment of a proxy, whether in hard copy form or electronic form, shall be executed in such manner as the directors may approve. Subject thereto, the appointment of a proxy shall be executed by the appointor or his attorney or, if the appointor is a corporation, executed by a duly authorised officer, attorney or other authorised person or under its common seal

Form of proxy

- The appointment of a proxy shall be made in writing and shall be in any usual form or in any other form which the directors may approve Subject thereto, the appointment of a proxy may be
- (a) in hard copy form, or
- (b) in electronic form, if the company agrees

The directors may, if they think fit, but subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, at the company's expense send hard copy forms of proxy for use at the meeting and issue invitations in electronic form to appoint a proxy in relation to the meeting in such form as may be approved by the directors. The appointment of a proxy shall not preclude a member from attending and voting in person at the meeting or poll concerned.

Delivery/receipt of proxy appointment

- The appointment of a proxy shall
- (a) If in hard copy form, be delivered by hand or by post to the office or such other place within the United Kingdom as may be specified by or on behalf of the company for that purpose.
 - (1) in the notice convening the meeting, or
 - (11) In any form of proxy sent by or on behalf of the company in relation to the meeting,

before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote, or

- (b) If in electronic form, be received at any address to which the appointment of a proxy may be sent by electronic means pursuant to a provision in the Companies Acts or to any other address specified by or on behalf of the company for the purpose of receiving the appointment of a proxy in electronic form
 - (1) in the notice convening the meeting, or
 - (11) in any form of proxy sent by or on behalf of the company in relation to the meeting, or
 - (111) in any invitation to appoint a proxy issued by or on behalf of the company in relation to the meeting,

before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the appointment proposes to vote, or

- (c) In either case, where a poll is taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, be delivered or received as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, or
- (d) If in hard copy form, where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the secretary or to any director,

and any proxy appointment which is not delivered or received in a manner so permitted shall be invalid

Authentication of proxy appointment not made by holder

- Where the appointment of a proxy is expressed to have been or purports to have been made, sent or supplied by a person on behalf of a holder of a share
- (a) the company may treat the appointment as sufficient evidence of the authority of that person to make, send or supply the appointment on behalf of that holder,
- (b) that holder shall, if requested by or on behalf of the company at any time, send or procure the sending of any written authority under which the appointment has been made, sent or supplied or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the directors, to such address and by such time as may be specified in the request and, if the request is not complied with in any respect, the appointment may be treated as invalid, and
- (c) whether or not a request under article 63(b) has been made or complied with, the company may determine that it has insufficient evidence of the authority of that person to make, send or supply the appointment on behalf of that holder and may treat the appointment as invalid

Revocation of authority

A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding the poll unless notice of the determination was delivered or received as mentioned in the following sentence before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the poll. Such notice of determination shall be either in hard copy form delivered to the office or such other place within the United Kingdom as may be specified by or on behalf of the company in accordance with article 62(a) or in electronic form received at the address (if any) specified by the company in accordance with article 62(b), regardless of whether any relevant proxy appointment was effected in hard copy form or in electronic form

Rights of proxy

A proxy appointment shall be deemed to entitle the proxy to exercise all or any of the appointing member's rights to attend and to speak and vote at a meeting of the company The proxy appointment shall, unless it provides to the contrary, be valid for any adjournment of the meeting as well as for the meeting to which it relates

NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

Number of directors

Unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, the number of directors (other than alternate directors) shall be not less than one but shall not be subject to any maximum in number. A sole director may exercise all the powers and discretions expressed by these articles to be vested in the directors generally

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

Power to appoint alternates

A director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any person willing to act, whether or not he is a director of the company, to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed by him

Alternates entitled to receive notice

68. An alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member, to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a director in his absence but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for his services as an alternate director. But it shall not be necessary to give notice of such a meeting to an alternate director who is absent from the United Kingdom.

Alternates representing more than one director

A person may act as an alternate director to represent more than one director and, at meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors, an alternate director shall be entitled to one vote for every director whom he represents (and who is not present) in addition to his own vote (if any) as a director, but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present

Expenses and remuneration of alternates

70. An alternate director may be repaid by the company such expenses as might properly have been repaid to him if he had been a director but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the company in respect of his services as an alternate director except such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice in writing to the company from time to time direct. An alternate director shall be entitled to be indemnified by the company to the same extent as if he were a director

I ermination of appointment

- 71. An alternate director shall cease to be an alternate director
- (a) If his appointor ceases to be a director, or
- (b) If his appointor revokes his appointment pursuant to article 67, or
- on the happening of any event which, if he were a director, would cause him to vacate his office as director, or
- (d) If he resigns his office by notice to the company

Method of appointment and revocation

72. Any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be by notice to the company by the director making or revoking the appointment and shall take effect in accordance with the terms of the notice on receipt of such notice by the company

The notice shall be in hard copy form or in electronic form sent to such address (if any) for the time being specified by or on behalf of the company for that purpose, or, in default of such specification, to the office

Alternate not an agent of appointor

Save as otherwise provided in these articles, an alternate director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointing him

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

Business to be managed by directors

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the company shall be managed by the directors who may exercise all the powers of the company. No alteration of the articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this article shall not be limited by any special power given to the directors by the articles and a meeting of directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the directors

Appointment of agents

The directors may, by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers

Exercise by company of voting rights

The directors may exercise the voting power conferred by the shares in any body corporate held or owned by the company in such manner in all respects as they think fit (including without limitation the exercise of that power in favour of any resolution appointing its members or any of them directors of such body corporate, or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the directors of such body corporate)

Change of company's name

77 The company's name may be changed by resolution of the directors

DELEGATION OF DIRECTORS' POWERS

Committees of the directors

78 The directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more directors The directors may also delegate to any director holding any executive office such of their powers as the directors consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation shall, in the absence of express provision to the contrary in the terms of delegation, be deemed to include authority to sub-delegate all or any of the powers delegated to one or more directors (whether or not acting as a committee) or to any employee or agent of the company Any such delegation may be made subject to such conditions as the directors may specify, and may be revoked The directors may co-opt persons other than directors on to any such or altered committee Such co-opted persons may enjoy voting rights in the committee The co-opted members shall be less than one-half of the total membership of the committee and a resolution of any committee shall be effective only if a majority of Subject to any conditions imposed by the the members present are directors directors, the proceedings of a committee with two or more members shall be governed by these articles regulating the proceedings of directors so far as they are capable of applying

Offices including the title "director"

The directors may appoint any person to any office or employment having a designation or title including the word "director" or attach such a designation or title to any existing office or employment with the company and may terminate any such appointment or the use of any such designation or title. The inclusion of the word "director" in the designation or title of any such office or employment shall not imply that the holder is a director of the company, and the holder shall not thereby be empowered in any respect to act as, or be deemed to be, a director of the company for any of the purposes of these articles

APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

Appointment and removal by majority shareholder(s) The immediate holding company for the time being of the company (the *appointor*) may at any time and from time to time appoint any person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional director, and remove any director from office. Any appointment or removal of a director under this article shall be by notice to the company executed by or on behalf of the appointor and shall take effect in accordance with the terms of the notice on receipt of such notice by the company which shall be in hard copy form or in electronic form sent to such address (if any) for the time being specified by or on behalf of the company for that purpose, or, in default of such specification, to the office

The notice may consist of several hard copies or several electronic copies, each executed by or on behalf of one or more of the appointors, or a combination of both

Appointment by the directors

The directors shall also have power to appoint any person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a vacancy or as an addition to the existing directors, subject to any maximum for the time being in force, and any director so appointed shall hold office until he is removed in accordance with article 80 or under article 82

DISQUALIFICATION AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

Vacation of office

- A person ceases to be a director as soon as
- (a) that person ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Act or is prohibited from being a director by law,
- (b) a bankruptcy order is made against that person,
- (c) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts,
- (d) a registered medical practitioner who is treating that person gives a written opinion to the company stating that the person has become physically or mentally incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months,

- (e) by reason of that person's mental health, a court makes an order which wholly or partly prevents that person from personally exercising any powers or rights which that person would otherwise have,
- (f) notification is received by the company from the director that the director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms,
- (g) he is removed in accordance with article 80, or
- (h) that person receives notice signed by not less than three quarters of the other directors stating that that person should cease to be a director. In calculating the number of directors who are required to give such notice to the director, (i) an alternate director appointed by him acting in his capacity as such shall be excluded, and (ii) a director and any alternate director appointed by him and acting in his capacity as such shall constitute a single director for this purpose, so that notice by either shall be sufficient

REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS

Remuneration

83 The directors shall be entitled to such remuneration as the company may by ordinary resolution determine and, unless the resolution provides otherwise, the remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day

DIRECTORS' EXPENSES

Directors may be paid expenses

84. The directors may be paid all travelling, hotel, and other expenses properly incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of directors or committees of directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties

DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENTS AND INTERESTS

Appointment to executive office

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may appoint one or more of their number to the office of managing director or to any other executive office under the company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any director for his employment by the company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a director. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the directors determine and they may remunerate any such director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a director but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of the contract of service between the director and the company

Authorisation under \$175 of the Act

For the purposes of section 175 of the Act, the directors may authorise any matter proposed to them in accordance with these articles which would, if not so authorised, involve a breach of duty by a director under that section, including, without limitation, any matter which relates to a situation in which a director has, or

can have, an interest which conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the company Any such authorisation will be effective only if

- (a) any requirement as to quorum at the meeting at which the matter is considered is met without counting the director in question or any other interested director, and
- (b) the matter was agreed to without their voting or would have been agreed to if their votes had not been counted

The directors may (whether at the time of the giving of the authorisation or subsequently) make any such authorisation subject to any limits or conditions they expressly impose but such authorisation is otherwise given to the fullest extent permitted. The directors may vary or terminate any such authorisation at any time

For the purposes of the articles, a conflict of interest includes a conflict of interest and duty and a conflict of duties, and interest includes both direct and indirect interests

Director may contract with the company and hold other offices etc

- 87 Provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of his interest (unless the circumstances referred to in section 177(5) or section 177(6) of the Act apply, in which case no such disclosure is required) a director notwithstanding his office
- (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested,
- (b) may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director, and
- (c) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate
 - (i) In which the company is (directly or indirectly) interested as shareholder or otherwise, or
 - (11) which is the parent undertaking of the company or a subsidiary undertaking of any parent undertaking of the company, or
 - (111) with which he has such a relationship at the request or direction of the company or any parent undertaking of the company or a subsidiary undertaking of any parent undertaking of the company

Remuneration, benefits etc

A director shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the company for any remuneration or other benefit which he derives from any office or employment or from any transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any body corporate

- (a) the acceptance, entry into or existence of which has been approved by the directors pursuant to article 86 (subject, in any such case, to any limits or conditions to which such approval was subject), or
- (b) which he is permitted to hold or enter into by virtue of paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of article 87,

nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of the Act

Notification of interests

89 Any disclosure required by article 87 may be made at a meeting of the directors, by notice in writing or by general notice or otherwise in accordance with section 177 of the Act

Duty of confidentiality to another person

- A director shall be under no duty to the company with respect to any information which he obtains or has obtained otherwise than as a director of the company and in respect of which he owes a duty of confidentiality to another person However, to the extent that his relationship with that other person gives rise to a conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest, this article applies only if the existence of that relationship has been approved by the directors pursuant to article In particular, the director shall not be in breach of the general duties he owes to the company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the Act because he fails
- (a) to disclose any such information to the directors or to any director or other officer or employee of the company, and/or
- (b) to use or apply any such information in performing his duties as a director of the company

Consequences of authorisation

- Where the existence of a director's relationship with another person has been approved by the directors pursuant to article 86 and his relationship with that person gives rise to a conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest, the director shall not be in breach of the general duties he owes to the company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the Act because he
- (a) absents himself from meetings of the directors at which any matter relating to the conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest will or may be discussed or from the discussion of any such matter at a meeting or otherwise, and/or
- (b) makes arrangements not to receive documents and information relating to any matter which gives rise to the conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest sent or supplied by the company and/or for such documents and information to be received and read by a professional adviser,

for so long as he reasonably believes such conflict of interest or possible conflict of interest subsists

Without prejudice to equitable principles or rule of law

- The provisions of articles 90 and 91 are without prejudice to any equitable principle or rule of law which may excuse the director from
- (a) disclosing information, in circumstances where disclosure would otherwise be required under these articles, or
- (b) attending meetings or discussions or receiving documents and information as referred to in article 91, in circumstances where such attendance or receiving such documents and information would otherwise be required under these articles

Directors' power to vote on contracts in which they are interested Subject to the Act and without prejudice to his obligations of disclosure under the Act and these articles, a director may vote at any meeting of the directors or of a committee of the directors on, and be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to, any resolution concerning a transaction or arrangement with the company or in which the company is interested, or concerning any other matter in which the company is interested, notwithstanding that he is interested in that transaction, arrangement or matter or has in relation to it a duty which conflicts or may conflict with the interests of the company

BENEFITS, PENSIONS AND INSURANCE

Benefits and pensions

The directors may provide benefits, whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise, for any past or present director or employee of the company or with any body corporate which is or has been a subsidiary of the company or a predecessor in business of the company or of any such subsidiary, and for any member of his family (including a spouse, a civil partner, a former spouse and a former civil partner) or any person who is or was dependent on him, and may (as well before as after he ceases to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such benefit

Insurance

- Without prejudice to the provisions of article 135, the directors may exercise all the powers of the company to purchase and maintain insurance for or for the benefit of any person who is or was
- (a) a director, other officer, employee or auditor of the company, or any body which is or was the holding company or subsidiary undertaking of the company, or in which the company or such holding company or subsidiary undertaking has or had any interest (whether direct or indirect) or with which the company or such holding company or subsidiary undertaking is or was in any way allied or associated, or
- (b) a trustee of any pension fund in which employees of the company or any other body referred to in article 95(a) is or has been interested,

including without limitation insurance against any liability incurred by such person in respect of any act or omission in the actual or purported execution or discharge of his duties or in the exercise or purported exercise of his powers or otherwise in relation to his duties, powers or offices in relation to the relevant body or fund

Directors not liable to account

Without prejudice to the generality of article 88, no director or former director shall be accountable to the company or the members for any benefit provided pursuant to article 94 or 95. The receipt of any such benefit shall not disqualify any person from being or becoming a director of the company.

Cessation or transfer of undertaking Pursuant to section 247 of the Act, the directors are hereby authorised to make such provision as may seem appropriate for the benefit of any persons employed or formerly employed by the company or any of its subsidiary undertakings other than a director or former director or shadow director in connection with the cessation or the transfer of the whole or part of the undertaking of the company or any subsidiary undertaking. Any such provision shall be made by a resolution of the directors in accordance with section 247.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

Convening meetings

Subject to the provisions of these articles, the directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit A director may, and the secretary at the request of a director shall, call a meeting of the directors by giving notice of the meeting to each director

Delivery of notice

99 Notice of a meeting of the directors shall be deemed to be properly sent to a director if it is sent to him personally or by word of mouth, or sent in hard copy form to him at his last known address or such other address (if any) as may for the time being be specified by him or on his behalf to the company for that purpose, or sent in electronic form to such address (if any) as may for the time being be specified by him or on his behalf to the company for that purpose A director absent or intending to be absent from the United Kingdom may request the directors that notices of directors' meetings shall during his absence be sent in hard copy form or electronic form to him at such address (if any) as may for the time being be specified by him or on his behalf to the company for that purpose, but such notices need not be sent any earlier than notices sent to directors not so absent and, if no such request is made to the directors, it shall not be necessary to give notice of a directors' meeting to any director who is for the time being absent from the United Kingdom No account is to be taken of directors absent from the United Kingdom when considering the adequacy of the period of notice of the meeting. Any director may waive notice of a meeting and any such waiver may be retrospective. Any notice pursuant to this article need not be in writing if the directors so determine

Voting

Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote

Quorum

The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two, except when there is only one director. A person who holds office only as an alternate director shall, if his appointor is not present, be counted in the quorum. Any director who ceases to be a director at a directors' meeting may continue to be present and to act as a director and be counted in the quorum until the termination of the directors' meeting if no director objects

Meetings by telephone, etc

Without prejudice to the first sentence of article 98, a person entitled to be present at a meeting of the directors or of a committee of the directors shall be deemed to be present for all purposes if he is able (directly or by telephonic communication) to speak to and be heard by all those present or deemed to be present simultaneously. A director so deemed to be present shall be entitled to vote and be counted in a quorum accordingly. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where it is convened to be held or (if no director is present in that place) where the largest group of those participating is assembled, or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting is. The word *meeting* in these articles shall be construed accordingly.

Chairman of

The directors may appoint one of their number to be the chairman of the board of directors and may at any time remove him from that office. The director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of directors at which he is present. But if there is no director holding that office, or if the director holding it is unwilling to preside or is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting

Validity of acts of the board

All acts done by a meeting of directors, or of a committee of directors, or by a person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any director or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and had been entitled to vote

Resolutions in writing

- A resolution in writing agreed to by all the directors entitled to vote at a meeting of the directors or of a committee of the directors (not being less than the number of directors required to form a quorum) shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors or (as the case may be) a committee of the directors duly convened and held. For this purpose
- (a) a director signifies his agreement to a proposed written resolution when the company receives from him a document indicating his agreement to the resolution authenticated in the manner permitted by the Companies Acts for a document in the relevant form,
- (b) the director may send the document in hard copy form or in electronic form to such address (if any) for the time being specified by the company for that purpose, or in default of such specification to the office,
- (c) If an alternate director signifies his agreement to the proposed written resolution, his appointor need not also signify his agreement,
- (d) If a director signifies his agreement to the proposed written resolution, an alternate director appointed by him need not also signify his agreement in that capacity.

SECRETARY

Appointment and removal of secretary

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may decide from time to time whether the company should have a secretary and, if they so decide, the secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them

MINUTES

Minutes required to be kept

- The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose
- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors, and
- (b) of all proceedings at meetings of the company, of the holders of any class of shares in the company, and of the directors, and of committees of directors, including the names of the directors present at each such meeting

THE SEAL, DEEDS AND CERTIFICATION

Authority required for execution of deed

The seal shall only be used by the authority of a resolution of the directors. The directors may determine who shall sign any document executed under the seal. If they do not, it shall be signed by at least one director and the secretary or by at least two directors. Any document may be executed under the seal by impressing the seal by mechanical means or by printing the seal or a facsimile of it on the document or by applying the seal or a facsimile of it by any other means to the document. A document signed, with the authority of a resolution of the directors, in accordance with section 44(2) of the Act and expressed (in whatever form of words) to be executed by the company has the same effect as if executed under the seal

Certified copies

- 109. Any director or the secretary or any person appointed by the directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate and certify as true copies of and extracts from
- (a) any document comprising or affecting the constitution of the company, whether in hard copy form or in electronic form,
- (b) any resolution passed by the company, the holders of any class of shares in the capital of the company, the directors or any committee of the directors whether in hard copy form or in electronic form, and
- (c) any book, record and document relating to the business of the company whether in hard copy form or in electronic form (including without limitation the accounts).

Conclusive evidence

If certified in this way, a document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or the minutes of or an extract from the minutes of a meeting of the company, the holders of any class of shares in the capital of the company, the directors or a committee of the directors, whether in hard copy form or in electronic form, shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the company in reliance on it or them that the resolution was duly passed or that the minutes are, or the extract from the minutes is, a true and accurate record of proceedings at a duly constituted meeting

RECORD DATES

Record dates for dividends, etc.

111. Notwithstanding any other provision of these articles, the company or the directors may fix any date as the record date for any dividend, distribution, allotment or issue, which may be on or at any time before or after any date on which the dividend, distribution, allotment or issue is declared, paid or made

DIVIDENDS

Declaration of dividends

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the directors

Interim dividends Subject to the provisions of the Act, the directors may pay interim dividends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes, the directors may pay interim dividends on shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividend, but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear. The directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the directors act in good faith they shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.

Apportionment of dividends

Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid, but, if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, that share shall rank for dividend accordingly

Dividends in specie A general meeting declaring a dividend may, upon the recommendation of the directors, direct that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of assets and, where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the directors may settle the same and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of any assets and may determine that cash shall be paid to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of members and may vest any assets in trustees

Procedure for payment to holders and others entitled Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share may be paid by cheque sent by post to the registered address of the person entitled or, if two or more persons are the holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to the registered address of that one of those persons who is first named in the register of members or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct or by any other method approved by the directors. Every cheque shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled or to such other person as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the company. Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to a share as aforesaid may give receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of the share

Interest not payable

No dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share

Forfeiture of unclaimed dividends Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date when it became due for payment shall, if the directors so resolve, be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the company

ACCOUNTS

Right to inspect records

No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by ordinary resolution of the company

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

Power to capitalise

- 120 The directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the company
- (a) subject as hereinafter provided, resolve to capitalise any undivided profits of the company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the credit of the company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve,
- (b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either in or towards paying up the amounts, if any, for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively, or in paying up in full shares or debentures or other obligations of the company of a nominal amount equal to that sum, and allot the shares or debentures or other obligations of the company credited as fully paid to those members, or as they may direct, in those proportions, or partly in one way and partly in the other, but the share premium account, the capital redemption reserve, and any profits which are not available for distribution may, for the purposes of this article, only be applied in paying up shares to be allotted to members credited as fully paid,
- (c) make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they determine in the case of shares or debentures or other obligations becoming distributable under this article in fractions, and

(d) authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid, of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation, any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such members

COMMUNICATIONS

Form of notice

Any notice to be sent to or by any person pursuant to these articles (other than a notice calling a meeting of the directors) shall be in writing

Methods of company sending document or information Subject to article 121 and unless otherwise provided by these articles, the company shall send or supply a document or information that is required or authorised to be sent or supplied to a member or any other person by the company by a provision of the Companies Acts or pursuant to these articles or to any other rules or regulations to which the company may be subject in such form and by such means as it may in its absolute discretion determine provided that the provisions of the Act which apply to sending or supplying a document or information required or authorised to be sent or supplied by the Companies Acts shall, the necessary changes having been made, also apply to sending or supplying any document or information required or authorised to be sent by these articles or any other rules or regulations to which the company may be subject

Methods of member etc sending document or information

- Subject to article 121 and unless otherwise provided by these articles, a member or a person entitled by transmission to a share shall send a document or information pursuant to these articles to the company in such form and by such means as it may in its absolute discretion determine provided that
- (a) the determined form and means are permitted by the Companies Acts for the purpose of sending or supplying a document or information of that type to a company pursuant to a provision of the Companies Acts, and
- (b) unless the directors otherwise permit, any applicable condition or limitation specified in the Companies Acts, including without limitation as to the address to which the document or information may be sent, is satisfied

Unless otherwise provided by these articles or required by the directors, such document or information shall be authenticated in the manner specified by the Companies Acts for authentication of a document or information sent in the relevant form

Deemed receipt of notice

A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the company or of the holders of any class of shares in the company shall be deemed to have been sent notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it was called

1 erms and conditions for electronic means

125 The directors may from time to time issue, endorse or adopt terms and conditions relating to the use of electronic means for the sending of notices, other documents and proxy appointments by the company to members or persons entitled by transmission and by members or persons entitled by transmission to the company.

I ransferees etc bound by prior notice Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which, before his name is entered in the register of members, has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title

Notice to joint holders

In the case of joint holders of a share, all documents and information shall be sent to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register in respect of the joint holding. Any document or information so sent shall be deemed for all purposes sent to all the joint holders.

Registered address outside the UK

- A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the company an address within the United Kingdom at which a document or information may be sent to him in hard copy form or an address to which a document or information may be sent to him in electronic form shall (provided that, in the case of electronic form, the company so agrees) be entitled to have documents or information sent to him at that address but otherwise
- (a) no such member shall be entitled to receive any document or information from the company, and
- (b) without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, any notice of a general meeting of the company which is in fact sent or purports to be sent to such member shall be ignored for the purpose of determining the validity of the proceedings at such general meeting

Proof of sending/ when notices etc deemed sent by post

- Proof that a document or information sent in hard copy form was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the document or information was sent. A document or information sent by the company to a member by post shall be deemed to have been received
- (a) If sent by first class post or special delivery post from an address in the United Kingdom to another address in the United Kingdom, or by a postal service similar to first class post or special delivery post from an address in another country to another address in that other country, on the day following that on which the document or information was posted,
- (b) If sent by airmail from an address in the United Kingdom to an address outside the United Kingdom, or from an address in another country to an address outside that country (including without limitation an address in the United Kingdom), on the third day following that on which the document or information was posted,
- (c) in any other case, on the second day following that on which the document or information was posted

When notices etc deemed sent by hand

A document or information sent by the Company to a member by hand shall be deemed to have been received by the member when it is handed to the member or left at his registered address or an address notified to the Company in accordance with Article 128

When notices etc deemed sent by electronic means Proof that a document or information sent or supplied by electronic means was properly addressed shall be conclusive evidence that the document or information was sent or supplied. A document or information sent or supplied by the company to a member by electronic means shall be deemed to have been received by the member on the day following that on which the document or information was sent to the member. Such document or information shall be deemed received by the member on that day notwithstanding that the company becomes aware that the member has failed to receive the relevant document or information for any reason and notwithstanding that the company subsequently sends a hard copy of such document or information by post to the member.

Notice sent by website

- A document or information sent or supplied by the company to a member by means of a website shall be deemed to have been received by the member
- (a) when the document or information was first made available on the website, or
- (b) If later, when the member is deemed by article 129, 130 or 131 to have received notice of the fact that the document or information was available on the website. Such a document or information shall be deemed received by the member on that day notwithstanding that the company becomes aware that the member has failed to receive the relevant document or information for any reason and notwithstanding that the company subsequently sends a hard copy of such document or information by post to the member

Notice to persons entitled by transmission

A document or information may be sent or supplied by the company to the person or persons entitled by transmission to a share by sending it, in any manner the company may choose authorised by these articles for the sending of a document or information to a member, addressed to them by name, or by the title of representative of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt or by any similar description at the address (if any) within the United Kingdom as may be supplied for that purpose by or on behalf of the person or persons claiming to be so entitled. Until such an address has been supplied, a document or information may be sent in any manner in which it might have been sent if the death or bankruptcy or other event giving rise to the transmission had not occurred

WINDING UP

Liquidator may distribute in specie

If the company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Insolvency Act 1986, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the company and may, for that purpose, value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines and determine the scope and terms of those trusts, but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability

INDEMNITY

Indemnity to directors and officers

Subject to the provisions of the Companies Acts, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which the person concerned may otherwise be entitled, every director or other officer of the company (other than any person (whether an officer or not) engaged by the company as auditor) shall be indemnified out of the assets of the company against any liability incurred by him for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the company, provided that this article shall be deemed not to provide for, or entitle any such person to, indemnification to the extent that it would cause this article, or any element of it, to be treated as void under the Act