Company Registration No. 09293985 (England and Wales)	
ENTRECOTE (DEAN STREET) LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

		2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		57,646		231,977
Current assets					
Debtors	5	286,263		313,555	
Cash at bank and in hand		100		373	
		286,363		313,928	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	6	(1,281,637)		(1,329,788)	
Net current liabilities			(995,274)		(1,015,860)
Net liabilities			(937,628)		(783,883)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			(937,728)		(783,983)
Total equity			(937,628)		(783,883)

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income statement within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 2 November 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr M Elghanayan

Director

Company Registration No. 09293985

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

	Share capital Profit and loss reserves		Total	
	£	£	£	
Balance at 1 January 2019	100	(596,244)	(596,144)	
Year ended 31 December 2019: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		(187,739)	(187,739)	
Balance at 31 December 2019	100	(783,983)	(783,883)	
Year ended 31 December 2020: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		(153,745)	(153,745)	
Balance at 31 December 2020	100	(937,728)	(937,628)	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Entrecote (Dean Street) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Gable House, 239 Regents Park Road, London, N3 3LF.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows': Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures:
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues: The disclosure requirements of paragraphs 11.42, 11.44, 11.45, 11.47, 11.48(a)(iii), 11.48(a)(iv), 11.48(b), 11.48(c), 12.26, 12.27, 12.29(a), 12.29(b), and 12.29A;
- Section 26 'Share based Payment': Share based payment arrangements required under FRS 102 paragraphs 26.18(b), 26.19 to 26.21 and 26.23;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures': Compensation for key management personnel.

The financial statements of the company are consolidated in the financial statements of Entrecote Holdings Limited . These consolidated financial statements are available from its registered office,

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold land and buildings 5% straight line basis
Plant and equipment 20% straight line basis

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

1.5 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

			2020 Number	2019 Number
	Total		4	4
4	Tangible fixed assets	Land and	Plant and	Total
		building s na	achinery etc	
		£	£	£
	Cost	~	~	~
	At 1 January 2020 and 31 December 2020	955,143	3,592	958,735
	Danuariation and immediate			
	Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2020	723,205	3,553	726,758
	Depreciation charged in the year	174,292	39	174,331
	Depresidant oranged in the year			
	At 31 December 2020	897,497	3,592	901,089
	Carrying amount			
	At 31 December 2020	57,646	-	57,646
	At 31 December 2019	231,938	39	231,977
5	Debtors			
			2020	2019
	Amounts falling due within one year:		£	£
	Trade debtors		5,507	94,906
	Other debtors		280,756	218,649
			286,263	313,555

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

5	Debtors		(Continued)
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Trade creditors	277,194	658
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	12,089	10,939
	Other creditors	992,354	1,318,191
		1,281,637	1,329,788
7	Called up share capital		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary of £1 each	100	100

8 Parent company

The ultimate controlling and parent part is Entrecote (Holdings) Limited, a company registered in England & Wales.

9 Going concern

The Directors have considered whether it is appropriate to prepare the Company financial statements on a going concern basis. The Company is dependent on the ongoing support of its parent company Entrecote Holdings Limited and subsidiary companies (the Group).

In doing so, the Directors have considered the operation of the Group and prepared and cash flow forecasts to ascertain whether the Group can meet its obligations as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

In this forecast, the Directors have taken account of the implications of COVID-19 which could impact the future.

The Directors therefore have a reasonable expectation the Group has adequate resources to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements and consequently have adopted the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the non-statutory accounts.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.