Company Registration No. 09278360 (England and Wales)	
CHARLES ROSS CONSTRUCTION LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2017  PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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# BALANCE SHEET

#### AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		16,091		36,037
Current assets					
Stocks		2,000		41,712	
Debtors	5	106,220		58,985	
Cash at bank and in hand		229		22,091	
		108,449		122,788	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(144,104)		(115,584)	
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(35,655)		7,204
Total assets less current liabilities			(19,564)		43,241
Provisions for liabilities			(3,057)		(7,207)
Net (liabilities)/assets			(22,621)		36,034
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			(22,721)		35,934
Total equity			(22,621)		36,034

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 October 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2017

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 July 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr R Leigh **Director** 

Company Registration No. 09278360

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2017

	Share capital lo:		Profit and	Total
	Notes	£	£	£
Balance at 1 November 2015		100	21	121
Year ended 31 October 2016: Profit and total comprehensive income for the year Issue of share capital Dividends	7	- 100 -	75,492 - (39,579)	75,492 100 (39,579)
Balance at 31 October 2016		100	35,934	36,034
Year ended 31 October 2017: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year  Balance at 31 October 2017			(58,655) ——— (22,721)	(58,655) ——— (22,621)

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Charles Ross Construction Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 1 Atlas Wynd, Yarm, TS15 9AD.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

Per note 2, during the year the company was involved in a dispute with it's main customer. This resulted in time and resources being diverted from the main trade of the company. Therefore at the balance sheet date the company was insolvent and dependent on the support of its directors. The directors have confirmed that this support will continue and therefore the accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery 20% straight line Motor vehicles 20% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of replacement cost and cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

#### 1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are recorded at transaction price.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are recognised at transaction price.

#### 1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised.

### 1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2017

2	Exceptional costs		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Legal expenses	45,000	

During the year the company was involved in a dispute with it's main customer. This was settled in the company's favour post year end. However, the company incurred a significant, one-off legal cost of £45,000.

## 3 Employees

5

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 3 (2016 - 2).

## 4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and ma	Plant and machinery etc £	
Cost		~	
At 1 November 2016		51,864	
Additions		1,400	
Disposals		(18,400	
At 31 October 2017		34,864	
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 November 2016		15,828	
Depreciation charged in the year		8,812	
Eliminated in respect of disposals		(5,867)	
At 31 October 2017		18,773	
Carrying amount			
At 31 October 2017		16,091	
At 31 October 2016		36,037	
Debtors			
	2017	2016	
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£	
Trade debtors	-	45,524	
Corporation tax recoverable	11,112	-	
Other debtors	95,108	13,461	
	106,220	58,985	

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2017

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	4,924	38,752
	Corporation tax	-	19,580
	Other taxation and social security	771	899
	Other creditors	91,129	53,734
	Accruals and deferred income	47,280	2,619
		144,104	115,584
7	Called up share conital	<del></del>	
1	Called up share capital	2017	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
		100	100

## 8 Directors' transactions

At the beginning of the year Mr R Leigh, a director, was owed £49,525 by the company. At the end of the year Mr R Leigh was owed £81,270.

At the beginning of the year Mr D Earl, a director, owed the company £Nil. At the end of the year Mr D Earl owed the company £669.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.