

---

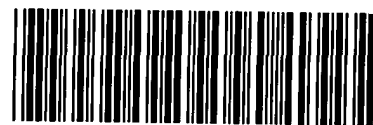
**NIMBL LIMITED**

---

**DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017**

THURSDAY



\*A7DFEHQX\*

A17

30/08/2018

#132

COMPANIES HOUSE

---

**NIMBL LIMITED**

---

**COMPANY INFORMATION**

---

<b>Directors</b>	E A C Neubauer C A Wilson N J C Govett
<b>Company secretary</b>	M D Thomas
<b>Registered number</b>	09276538
<b>Registered office</b>	11 Kingsley Lodge 13 New Cavendish Street London W1G 9UG
<b>Independent auditor</b>	Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor 11/13 Penhill Road Cardiff South Glamorgan CF11 9UP

---

**NIMBL LIMITED**

---

**CONTENTS**

---

	Page
<b>Directors' report</b>	<b>1 - 2</b>
<b>Independent auditor's report</b>	<b>3 - 5</b>
<b>Statement of income and retained earnings</b>	<b>6</b>
<b>Balance sheet</b>	<b>7</b>
<b>Notes to the financial statements</b>	<b>8 - 14</b>

---

## NIMBL LIMITED

---

### DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017

---

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 30 November 2017.

#### Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

E A C Neubauer  
C A Wilson  
N J C Govett

#### Directors' Responsibilities Statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements and other information included in Directors' reports may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

#### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and
- director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### Auditor

The auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

---

**NIMBL LIMITED**

---

**DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017**

---

**Small companies note**

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 24 August 2018 and signed on its behalf.



**N J C Govett**  
Director



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NIMBL LIMITED

---

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Nimbl Limited for the year ended 30 November 2017, which comprise the Statement of income and retained earnings, the Balance sheet and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 November 2017 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Who we are reporting to

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NIMBL LIMITED (CONTINUED)**

---

### **Other information**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

### **Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

### **Matter on which we are required to report under the Companies Act 2006**

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.



---

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NIMBL LIMITED (CONTINUED)

---

### Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

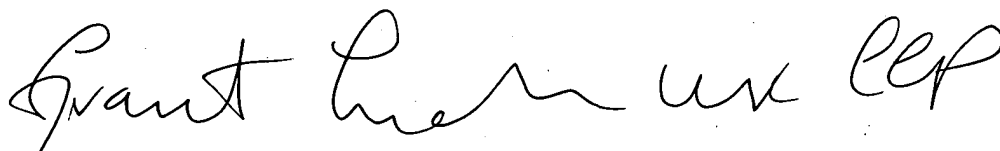
As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: [www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities](http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities). This description forms part of our Auditor's report.



Rhian Owen BSc FCA (Senior statutory auditor)  
for and on behalf of

**Grant Thornton UK LLP**

Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants

Cardiff

Date:

24 August 2018



---

**NIMBL LIMITED**

---

**STATEMENT OF INCOME AND RETAINED EARNINGS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017**

---

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Turnover		37,392	-
Cost of sales		(214,079)	(106,465)
<b>Gross loss</b>		<b>(176,687)</b>	<b>(106,465)</b>
Administrative expenses		(679,772)	(780,596)
Other operating income	4	-	16,667
<b>Operating loss</b>		<b>(856,459)</b>	<b>(870,394)</b>
<b>Loss after tax</b>		<b>(856,459)</b>	<b>(870,394)</b>
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year		(1,547,325)	(676,931)
		(1,547,325)	(676,931)
Loss for the year		(856,459)	(870,394)
<b>Retained earnings at the end of the year</b>		<b>(2,403,784)</b>	<b>(1,547,325)</b>

The notes on pages 8 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

**NIMBL LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER:09276538**

**BALANCE SHEET**  
**AS AT 30 NOVEMBER 2017**

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	6	44,771	-
		<u>44,771</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	63,491	22,231
Cash at bank and in hand	8	15,478	1,229
		<u>78,969</u>	<u>23,460</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(2,527,523)	(1,570,784)
<b>Net current liabilities</b>		<u>(2,448,554)</u>	<u>(1,547,324)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>(2,403,783)</u>	<u>(1,547,324)</u>
<b>Net liabilities</b>		<u>(2,403,783)</u>	<u>(1,547,324)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		(2,403,784)	(1,547,325)
		<u>(2,403,783)</u>	<u>(1,547,324)</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on  
24 August 2018



**N J C Govett**  
Director

The notes on pages 8 to 14 form part of these financial statements.

---

## NIMBL LIMITED

---

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017

---

#### 1. General information

Nimbl Limited is a private company limited by shares and registered in England and Wales. Registered number 09276538. Its registered head office is located at 11 Kingsley Lodge, 13 New Cavendish Street, London, W1G 9UG.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £1.

#### 2. Accounting policies

##### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company accounting policies (see note 3).

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

##### 2.2 Going concern

During the year ended 30 November 2017, the Company generated a loss of £856,459 (2016: £870,394) and has net liabilities of £2,403,783 (2016: *liabilities of £1,547,324*) at the year end. The directors are confident that the Company has adequate available resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and its parent company, ParentPay (Holdings) Ltd has confirmed that it will continue to provide financial support to Nimbl Limited as and when required, such that Nimbl Limited can meet its liabilities as they fall due. As such, the accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

##### 2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

###### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

---

## NIMBL LIMITED

---

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017

---

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings	-	20%
Office equipment	-	25%
Computer equipment	-	25%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

### 2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

### 2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

### 2.7 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in the case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

---

## NIMBL LIMITED

---

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017

---

## 2. Accounting policies (continued)

### 2.7 Financial instruments (continued)

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the balance sheet date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### 2.8 Client account balances

Client account balances held are not recognised as cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet of Nimbl Limited as the company does not consider itself to have a beneficial interest in these assets. Accordingly, an equivalent client creditor balance has not been presented.

### 2.9 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

---

## NIMBL LIMITED

---

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017

---

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

##### 2.10 Foreign currency translation

###### Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

###### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of income and retained earnings within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of income and retained earnings within 'other operating income'.

##### 2.11 Pensions

###### Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of income and retained earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

#### 3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

No significant judgements or estimates.

#### 4. Other operating income

	2017 £	2016 £
Other operating income	-	16,667

---

**NIMBL LIMITED**

---

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017**

---

**5. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 9 (2016 - 14).

**6. Tangible fixed assets**

	Fixtures and fittings £	Office equipment £	Computer equipment £	Total £
<b>Cost or valuation</b>				
Additions	7,596	1,783	57,270	66,649
At 30 November 2017	<u>7,596</u>	<u>1,783</u>	<u>57,270</u>	<u>66,649</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>				
Charge for the year on owned assets	2,026	470	19,382	21,878
At 30 November 2017	<u>2,026</u>	<u>470</u>	<u>19,382</u>	<u>21,878</u>
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 30 November 2017	<u><u>5,570</u></u>	<u><u>1,313</u></u>	<u><u>37,888</u></u>	<u><u>44,771</u></u>
At 30 November 2016	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

---

**NIMBL LIMITED**

---

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017**

---

**7. Debtors**

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	6,075	20,000
Other debtors	20,183	2,231
Prepayments and accrued income	37,233	-
	<u>63,491</u>	<u>22,231</u>

**8. Cash and cash equivalents**

	2017 £	2016 £
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>15,478</u>	<u>1,229</u>

At the year end, Nimbl Limited held client account balances totalling £49,037 (2016 - £2,942). These balances have not been recognised in the balance sheet of Nimbl Limited as the company does not consider itself to have a beneficial interest in these assets. Accordingly, an equivalent client creditor balance has not been presented.

**9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year**

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade creditors	21,512	8,147
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,484,206	1,562,287
Other taxation and social security	19,196	-
Other creditors	2,609	350
	<u>2,527,523</u>	<u>1,570,784</u>

**10. Pension commitments**

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £6,613 (2016: £4,980). Contributions totalling £2,091 (2016: £Nil) were payable to the fund at the Statement of financial position date and are included in creditors.



---

**NIMBL LIMITED**

---

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2017**

---

**11. Related party transactions**

The company has taken advantage of the exemption afforded under FRS 102 section 33 'Related party disclosure', as a subsidiary undertaking which is 100% controlled by the ultimate parent undertaking, and has not disclosed transactions with other group companies. The ultimate parent undertaking of Nimbl Limited is ParentPay (Holdings) Limited.

**12. Controlling party**

The immediate and ultimate parent company is ParentPay (Holdings) Ltd. The registered address of ParentPay (Holdings) Limited is 11 Kingsley Lodge, 13 New Cavendish Street, London, W1G 9UG. Consolidated financial statements are prepared, and are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

The directors consider that there is no ultimate controlling party.