UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

FOR

Moorgate Finance Limited

Connolly Accountants & Business Advisors LTD
Chartered Certified Accountants
The Stable Yard
Vicarage Road
Stony Stratford
Milton Keynes
Buckinghamshire
MK11 1BN

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Moorgate Finance Limited

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

DIRECTORS:T Roberts
O Young

REGISTERED OFFICE: 2nd Floor, Homeground Barn

Pury Hill Business Park

Alderton Road Paulerspury Buckinghamshire NN12 7LS

REGISTERED NUMBER: 09250316 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Connolly Accountants & Business Advisors LTD

Chartered Certified Accountants

The Stable Yard Vicarage Road Stony Stratford Milton Keynes Buckinghamshire MK11 1BN

BALANCE SHEET 31 MARCH 2019

		2019		2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		170,576		16,543
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	101,901		65,207	
Cash at bank		174,899		80,211	
		276,800		145,418	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	192,496		127,691	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			84,304		17,727
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			254,880		34,270
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	7		(116,361)		(20,000)
·			,		,
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(28,998)		(3,143)
NET ASSETS			109,521		11,127
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained carnings			109,421		11,027
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			109,521		11,127

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of
- (b) each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 MARCH 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 12 July 2019 and were signed on its behalf by:

T Roberts - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Moorgate Finance Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Plant and machinery etc

- 3 years and 4 years

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provision of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic Financial Assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised costs using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is a contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and loans from related companies are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised costs, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 23 (2018 - 18).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

5.

COST		Plant and machinery etc
COST At I April 2018		44,354
Additions		173,228
Disposals		(3,623)
At 31 March 2019		213,959
DEPRECIATION		
At 1 April 2018		27,811
Charge for year		16,604
Eliminated on disposal		(1,032)
At 31 March 2019		43,383
NET BOOK VALUE		
At 31 March 2019		<u> 170,576</u>
At 31 March 2018		16,543
Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:	ws:	Plant and machinery etc £
COST		160.220
Additions At 31 March 2019		160,229 160,229
DEPRECIATION		
Charge for year		8,769
At 31 March 2019		8,769
NET BOOK VALUE		
At 31 March 2019		151,460
DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	68,189	34,345
Other debtors	33,712	30,862
	<u>101,901</u>	<u>65,207</u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 8) Trade creditors	34,176	12 557
	Taxation and social security	60,469 30,529	13,557 39,332
	Other creditors	67,322	74,802
	Office creations	192,496	127,691
	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
7.	YEAR		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Bank loans	-	20,000
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 8)	<u>116,361</u>	
		<u>116,361</u>	20,000
8.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:		
		Hire purchase	acontracte
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Gross obligations repayable:		
	Within one year	42,154	-
	Between one and five years	127,060	
		<u>169,214</u>	
	Finance charges repayable:		
	Within one year	7,978	-
	Between one and five years	<u>10,699</u>	-
		<u> 18,677</u>	
	Net obligations repayable:		
	Within one year	34,176	-
	Between one and five years	116,361	
		<u>150,537</u>	
		Non-cancellab	
		lease 2019	es 2018
		£	2018 £
	Within one year	61,729	19,533
	Between one and five years	248,543	78,131
	In more than five years	7,033	1,628
		<u>317,305</u>	99,292

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.