Group Strategic Report, Report of the Director and

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

<u>for</u>

SOUTHWARK PLATINUM LIMITED

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Contents of the Consolidated Financial Statements FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

	Page
Company Information	1
Group Strategic Report	2
Report of the Director	3
Report of the Independent Auditors	4
Consolidated Income Statement	7
Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income	8
Consolidated Balance Sheet	9
Company Balance Sheet	10
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity	11
Company Statement of Changes in Equity	12
Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	13
Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement	14
Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements	16
Consolidated Trading and Profit and Loss Assaurt	27

Company Information FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

DIRECTOR:

T W Pratt

REGISTERED OFFICE:

The Old Barn Off Wood Street Swanley Village Kent

BR8 7PA

REGISTERED NUMBER:

09237707 (England and Wales)

SENIOR STATUTORY

AUDITOR:

Mr Bryan Michael Kemsley FCCA FMAAT

AUDITORS:

Ardor Business Solutions Limited

Statutory Auditors Chartered Certified Accountants Unit 1, Shrine Barn, Sandling Road

Hythe Kent CT21 4HE

Group Strategic Report FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

The director presents his strategic report of the company and the group for the year ended 30 September 2022.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The group is extremely conscious of the suppliers it deals with. The Director and staff take stringent measures to ensure they know the details of all their suppliers and the source of the metals that are purchased. The group has a close relationship with the local community and authorities and has been given a "Green Light" by the local police with whom they work closely to monitor possible risks of illegal activities in the vicinity.

The price of metal varies in accordance with the external market. The group manages this risk by regularly reviewing prices on both sides of the transaction in order to compensate for price fluctuations.

Trade Debtors are managed in respect of credit and cash flow risk by policies concerning the credit offered to the customers and the regular monitoring of amounts of both time and credit limits. Provision for doubtful debts is made as necessary.

FAIR REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The Director's review is consistent with the size and non-complex nature of the business.

The group continues to operate in the metal recycling industry. Over the last few years considerable investment has been made in new technology, plant and trucks as part of the group's philosophy. The group has over 30 years experience in the metal recycling industry.

LIQUIDITY RISK

The group monitors and reviews liquidity risks regularly on an ongoing basis and also as part of the planning process. The Director considers short-term requirements against available sources of funding, taking into account cash flow and response to any identifies needs as necessary to support the business.

CREDIT RISK

The group's credit risk relates to recovery of amounts owed by customers for invoiced sales. The credit risk is managed by regular monitoring of outstanding amounts.

Turnover, Gross Profit and Operating Profit

Gross profit margin for the year for the group was 20% (2021: 21%) and operating profit margin was 4% (2021: 7%). The group seeks to provide growth in earnings through improved efficiencies and operations in light of market conditions.

Markets have proven to be difficult and the group is seeking improved volumes to be able to command better sales prices which are volume related. The generation of earnings is essential to deliver growth and to fund future growth in the business. Overheads are reviewed, monitored and controlled by management on a regular basis.

Financial indicators

30 September 2022

30 September 2021

Turnover

£15,736,508

£13,014,393

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

T W Pratt - Director

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Report of the Director FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company and the group for the year ended 30 September 2022.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the group in the year under review was that of operating in the metal recycling industry.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 30 September 2022.

DIRECTOR

T W Pratt held office during the whole of the period from 1 October 2021 to the date of this report.

RESULTS

The results for the year are set out on page 8.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Group Strategic Report, the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the group and of the profit or loss of the group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's and the group's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the group's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Ardor Business Solutions Limited, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD: .

T W Pratt - Director

Date: 26.06.2023

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Southwark Platinum Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Southwark Platinum Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 30 September 2022 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Balance Sheet, Company Balance Sheet, Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity, Consolidated Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company affairs as at 30 September 2022 and of the group's loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the director with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group Strategic Report and the Report of the Director have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Southwark Platinum Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group Strategic Report or the Report of the Director.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of director

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page three, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

We identified areas of laws and regulations that could reasonably be expected to have a material effect on the financial statements from our sector experience through discussion with the Officers and other management (as required by auditing standards).

We had regard to laws and regulations in areas that directly affect the financial statements including financial reporting and taxation legislation. We considered that extent of compliance with those laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.

With the exception of any known or possible non-compliance, and as required by auditing standards, our work in respect of these was limited to enquiry of the Officers.

We communicated identified laws and regulations throughout our team and remained alert to any indications of non-compliance throughout the audit.

We addressed the risk of fraud through management override of controls, by testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery, misrepresentations or through collusion. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Report of the Independent Auditors to the Members of Southwark Platinum Limited

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Bryan Michael Kemsley FCCA FMAAT (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Ardor Business Solutions Limited Statutory Auditors
Chartered Certified Accountants
Unit 1,Shrine Barn, Sandling Road
Hythe
Kent
CT21 4HE

Date: 26/06/2023

Consolidated Income Statement FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

		2022	2021 as restated
	Notes	£	£
TURNOVER		15,736,508	13,014,393
Cost of sales		12,646,479	10,288,314
GROSS PROFIT		3,090,029	2,726,079
Administrative expenses		3,303,317	2,781,334
		(213,288)	(55,255)
Other operating income		80,389	157,388
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	4	(132,899)	102,133
Interest receivable and similar income		51,794	
		(81,105)	102,133
Interest payable and similar expenses	5	149,505	106,772
LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(230,610)	(4,639)
Tax on loss	6	140,025	65,456
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(370,635)	(70,095)
Loss attributable to: Owners of the parent		(370,635)	(70,095)

Consolidated Other Comprehensive Income FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

•		2022	2021 as restated
	Notes	£	£
LOSS FOR THE YEAR		(370,635)	(70,095)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE IS	NCOME		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE IN FOR THE YEAR	NCOME		<u>(70,095</u>)
	Note		
Prior year adjustment	9	406,906	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE IN SINCE LAST ANNUAL REPORT		36,271	
Total comprehensive income attrib Owners of the parent	outable to:	36,271	(70,095)

SOUTHWARK PLATINUM LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 09237707)

Consolidated Balance Sheet 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

		202	2	202	
	Notes	£	£	as resta £	ated £
FIXED ASSETS Intangible assets Tangible assets Investments	10 11 12		1,555,722 2,431,247		2,333,581 2,441,078
			3,986,969		4,774,659
CURRENT ASSETS	12	100 000		101.404	
Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	13 14	189,990 3,345,272 166,632		101,424 997,245 1,212,055	,
		3,701,894		2,310,724	
CREDITORS Amounts falling due within one year	15	2,627,757		1,471,590	
NET CURRENT ASSETS		,	1,074,137		839,134
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			5,061,106		5,613,793
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one	16		(1.572.114)		(1 902 74()
year	16		(1,572,114)		(1,892,746)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	19		(467,384)		(328,804)
NET ASSETS			3,021,608		3,392,243
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital Share premium	20 21		101 5,100,000		101 5,100,000
Retained earnings	21		(2,078,493)		<u>(1,707,858</u>)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			3,021,608		3,392,243
The financial statements were approved	by the dire	ctor and authorise	d for issue on	26/06/	1013. and

T W Pratt - Director

SOUTHWARK PLATINUM LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 09237707)

Company Balance Sheet 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

		2022	2021 as restated
	Notes	£	as restated £
FIXED ASSETS			
Intangible assets	10	-	-
Tangible assets	11	-	.
Investments	12	10,225,601	10,225,601
		10,225,601	10,225,601
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		10,225,601	10,225,601
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one	e		
year	16	5,125,500	5,125,500
NET ASSETS		5,100,101	5,100,101
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital Share premium	20	101 	101
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		5,100,101	5,100,101
Company's profit for the financial year			40,000

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on were signed by:

T W Pratt - Director

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Share premium £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 October 2020	101	(1,597,763)	5,100,000	3,502,338
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 30 September 2021 Prior year adjustment As restated		(40,000) (477,001) (2,114,764) 406,906 (1,707,858)	5,100,000	(40,000) (477,001) 2,985,337 406,906 3,392,243
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income		(370,635)		(370,635)
Balance at 30 September 2022	101	(2,078,493)	5,100,000	3,021,608

Company Statement of Changes in Equity FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings	Share premium £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 October 2020	101	-	5,100,000	5,100,101
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income		(40,000) 40,000		(40,000) 40,000
Balance at 30 September 2021	101	-	5,100,000	5,100,101
Changes in equity				
Balance at 30 September 2022	<u> </u>	_	5,100,000	5,100,101

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

		2022	2021
Nic	otes	£	as restated £
Cash flows from operating activities	oics	2	ž.
Cash generated from operations	1	(327,026)	828,908
Interest paid	-	(123,657)	(84,812)
Interest element of finance lease payments		, , ,	(, ,
paid		(25,848)	(21,960)
Tax paid		<u>(7,816</u>)	-
Net cash from operating activities		(484,347)	722,136
			·
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(390,006)	(575 161)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		(380,996) 125,999	(575,464) 83,800
Interest received		51,794	65,800
111010011001100			
Net cash from investing activities		(203,203)	<u>(491,664</u>)
Cash flows from financing activities			
New loans in year		222,241	1,962,794
Capital repayments in year		(531,535)	(2,011,263)
Amount withdrawn by directors		(197,475)	(24,851)
Equity dividends paid			(40,000)
Net cash from financing activities		(506,769)	(113,320)
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equiva	alents	(1,194,319)	117,152
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of	2	1 212 055	1 004 002
year	4	1,212,055	1,094,903
	2	17.726	1.010.055
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	17,736	1,212,055

Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

1. RECONCILIATION OF LOSS BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

OPERATIONS .		
	2022	2021
·		as restated
	£	£
Loss before taxation	(230,610)	(4,639)
Depreciation charges	245,679	246,771
Loss/(profit) on disposal of fixed assets	19,149	(24,660)
Amortisation of intangible assets	777,859	777,859
Finance costs	149,505	106,772
Finance income	(51,794)	
	909,788	1,102,103
Increase in stocks	(88,566)	(66,851)
Increase in trade and other debtors	(2,252,606)	(352,872)
Increase in trade and other creditors	1,104,358	146,528
Cash generated from operations	(327,026)	828,908

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 30 September 2022

Year ended 30 September 2022		
•	30/9/22	1/10/21
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	166,632	1,212,055
Bank overdrafts	(148,896)	•
	17,736	1,212,055
Year ended 30 September 2021		
•	30/9/21	1/10/20
	as resta	ited
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	1,212,055	1,094,903
-		

Notes to the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

	At 1/10/21 £	Cash flow £	At 30/9/22 £
Net cash Cash at bank and in hand	1,212,055	(1,045,423)	166,632
Bank overdrafts	1 212 055	(148,896)	(148,896)
Debt		<u>(1,194,319</u>)	17,736
Finance leases	(790,440)	21,221	(769,219)
Debts falling due within 1 year	(312,785)	(15,639)	(328,424)
Debts falling due after 1 year	(1,284,663)	303,712	(980,951)
	(2,387,888)	309,294	(2,078,594)
Total	(1,175,833)	(885,025)	(2,060,858)

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Southwark Platinum Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the General Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Going Concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the Director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the Director continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Basis of consolidation

In the parent company financial statements, the cost of a business combination is the fair value at the acquisition date of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed, plus costs directly attributable to the business combination. The excess of the cost of a business combination over the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is recognised as goodwill. Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are accounted for at cost less impairment.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate those of Southwark Platinum Ltd and it's subsidiary, Southwark Metals Ltd. All financial statements are made up to 30th September 2022:

All intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated on consolidation. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 2015, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of ten years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual value over their useful lives. The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is recognised in the profit and loss accounts.

Plant & Machinery 10% Reducing balance Fixtures, Fittings & Computer Equipment 10% Reducing balance Motor Vehicles 10% Reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Page 17 continued...

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The group has elected to apply the provision of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the groups balance sheet when the group becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction cost and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Derecognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the group transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entity to an unrelated third party.

Classification of the financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instruments is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the asset of the group after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the groups contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

Equity Instruments

Equity instruments issued by the group are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the group.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Consolidated Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease expect where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased asset are consumed.

Judgements and key sources of elimination uncertainty

In the application of the groups accounting policies, the Director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The group operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the group's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are show within borrowings in current liabilities.

Fixed asset investments

Equity investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss, except for those equity investments that are not publicly traded and whose fair value cannot otherwise be measured reliably, which are recognised at cost less impairment until a reliable measure of fair value becomes available.

In the parent company financial statements, investments in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

A Subsidiary is an entity controlled by the group. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

EMI 201220 MAP DIRECTORS	2022	2021 as restated
Wassa and calculat	£	£
Wages and salaries	773,826	683,419
Social security costs	80,337	69,876
Other pension costs	29,442	26,111
	883,605	779,406
The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2022	2021 as restated
Directors	1	1
Staff		19
	21	

The average number of employees by undertakings that were proportionately consolidated during the year was 21 (2021 - 20).

	2022	2021
		as restated
	£	£
Director's remuneration	10,004	10,004

The number of directors for whom retirement benefits are accruing under defined contribution schemes amounts to 1 (2021 - 1).

4. OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

		2022	2021
		£	£
	The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	Depreciation	245,679	246,771
	Profit on disposal of fixed asset	19,149	(24,660)
	Goodwill amortisation	777,859	777,859
	Cost of stocks recognised as an expense	12,633,195	10,288,314
	Auditors remuneration	14,600	14,000
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
		2022	2021
			as restated
		£	£
	Other loan interest	123,657	84,812
	Hire purchase interest	25,848	21,960
		149,505	106,772

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

6. TAXATION

Analysis of the tax charge/(credit)

(a) The tax charge/(credit) on the profit for the year was as follows:

	2022	2021
	£	£
UK corporation tax	1,445	7,230
Total current tax	1,445	7,230
Deferred tax	138,580	65,456
Tax on profit	140,025	72,686

Reconciliation of tax charge

The difference between the tax on profit / (loss) (note 6(a) above) and the profit / (loss) before tax multiplied by the applicable rate of corporation tax in the UK is reconciled below:

	2022	2021
·	£	£
Profit/(Loss) before tax	547,248	1,187,356
Capital Allowances/Balancing Charge	(468,677)	(603,573)
Expenses/Income not deductible/taxable	305,341	238,557
Losses brought forward from prior year	(376,307)	(784,285)
Profit multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19%	1,445	7,230
Effect of:		
Effect of changes of tax rate on deferred tax opening position	138,580	65,456
Tax on profit (note 6)	140,025	72,686

7. INDIVIDUAL INCOME STATEMENT

As permitted by Section 408 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement of the parent company is not presented as part of these financial statements.

8. DIVIDENDS

	2022	2021 as restated
Ordinary shares of £1 each	£	£
Final		40,000

9. PRIOR YEAR ADJUSTMENT

Adjustment in respect of incorrect reconciling transactions.

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

10. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

11.

Group					Goodwill
					£
COST					
At 1 October 2021					7 770 504
and 30 September 2022					7,778,594
AMORTISATION					
At 1 October 2021					5,445,013
Amortisation for year					<u>777,859</u>
At 30 September 2022					6,222,872
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 30 September 2022					1,555,722
•					
At 30 September 2021					2,333,581
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
Group			Fixtures		
	Freehold	Plant and	and	Motor	
	property	machinery	fittings	vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£	£	£
COST			-		
At 1 October 2021	220,137	2,441,376	233,468	910,513	3,805,494
Additions	-	258,452	-	122,544	380,996
Disposals	<u>-</u>			(175,554)	(175,554)

	property £	machinery £	fittings £	vehicles £	Totals £
COST					
At 1 October 2021	220,137	2,441,376	233,468	910,513	3,805,494
Additions	•	258,452	· -	122,544	380,996
Disposals	-			(175,554)	(175,554)
At 30 September 2022	220,137	2,699,828	233,468	857,503	4,010,936
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 October 2021	-	988,836	128,941	246,639	1,364,416
Charge for year	-	171,099	10,453	64,127	245,679
Eliminated on disposal		-		(30,406)	(30,406)
At 30 September 2022		1,159,935	139,394	280,360	1,579,689
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 30 September 2022	220,137	1,539,893	94,074	577,143	2,431,247
At 30 September 2021	220,137	1,452,540	104,527	663,874	2,441,078

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

11. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

Group

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under finance leases are as follows:

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
COST	_		
At 1 October 2021	1,055,215	732,952	1,788,167
Additions	152,385	94,549	246,934
Disposals	•	(67,189)	(67,189)
Transfer to ownership		(206,200)	(206,200)
At 30 September 2022	1,207,600	554,112	1,761,712
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 October 2021	202,219	195,294	397,513
Charge for year	100,538	58,459	158,997
Eliminated on disposal	-	(19,569)	(19,569)
Transfer to ownership		(95,965)	(95,965)
At 30 September 2022	302,757	138,219	440,976
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 September 2022	904,843	415,893	1,320,736
At 30 September 2021	<u>852,996</u>	537,658	1,390,654

12. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

Company

Investments (neither listed nor unlisted) were as follows:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Investments	10,225,601	10,225,601
Aggregate capital & reserves	6,591,386	6,184,162
Profit/Loss	547,249	773,220

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30th September 2022 are as follows:

Name of undertaking: Southwark Metals Ltd

Registered Office: England & Wales Class of shares held: Ordinary % held directly: 100%

13. STOCKS

	Gr	Group	
	2022	2021	
		as restated	
	£	£	
Stock	189,990	101,424	

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

14. **DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR**

	Group	
	2022	2021
		as restated
	£	£
Trade debtors	1,202,293	631,399
Other debtors	446,021	296,795
Inter company account	1,372,685	8,717
Directors' current accounts	95,421	-
Accrued income	154,441	-
Prepayments and accrued income	74,411	60,334
	3,345,272	<u>997,245</u>

15. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	Group	
	2022	2021
		as restated
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 17)	148,896	-
Other loans (see note 17)	328,424	312,785
Finance leases (see note 18)	178,056	182,357
Trade creditors	85,640	75,511
Taxation	(6,145)	226
Social security and other taxes	1,096	1,096
VAT	509,272	687,804
Other creditors	12,118	12,402
Inter company account	1,355,800	83,355
Directors' current accounts	-	102,054
Accruals and deferred income	14,600	14,000
	2,627,757	1,471,590

16. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	Group		Company	
	2022	2021	2022	2021
		as restated		as restated
	£	£	£	£
Other loans (see note 17)	980,951	1,284,663	-	-
Finance leases (see note 18)	591,163	608,083	-	-
Amounts owed to group undertakings			5,125,500	5,125,500
	1,572,114	1,892,746	5,125,500	5,125,500

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

17. LOANS

An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Other loans	328,424	312,785
Amounts falling due between one and two years:	2022 f	2021 £
Other loans - 1-2 years	988,960	1,284,663

The loan above is from the Trustees of Lancing Pension Scheme, who have a first charge over the assets of the business. The loan bears interest of 5% per annum and is repayable over 5 years.

18. LEASING AGREEMENTS

Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:

Group

	Finan	Finance leases	
	2022	2021 as restated	
N. 19. 4	£	£	
Net obligations repayable:			
Within one year	178,056	182,357	
Between one and five years	591,163	608,083	
	769,219	790,440	

19. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	_	
	\mathbf{G}_{1}	roup
	2022	2021 as restated
•	£	£
Deferred tax	467,384	328,804
Group .		Defensed
		Deferred
·		tax
•		£
Balance at 1 October 2021		328,804
Movement in the year		138,580
Movement in the year		138,380
Balance at 30 September 2022		467,384

Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

20. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, iss	ued and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	2022	2021 as restated
			£	£
100	Ordinary	£1	100	100
1	B Share	£1	1	1
			101	101

21. RESERVES

Group

Group	Retained earnings	Share premium £	Totals £
At 1 October 2021 Prior year adjustment	(2,114,764) 406,906	5,100,000	2,985,236 406,906
Deficit for the year	(1,707,858) (370,635)		3,392,142 (370,635)
At 30 September 2022	(2,078,493)	5,100,000	3,021,507

22. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Included in the Other Debtors are the following amounts owed by the following companies, all of which are under the control of Director Mr T Pratt. No repayment terms are set and no interest is to be charged.

- Shakespeare Road SE24 Ltd £0 (2021 £8,557)
- SSM Recycling Ltd £240 (2021 £160)
- OKR Holdings Ltd £1,372,445

Included in the Other Creditors are the following amounts owed to the following companies, all of which are under the control of Director Mr T Pratt. No repayment terms are set and no interest is to be charged.

- Urban & Provincial Ltd £25,800 (2021 £25,800)
- OKR Regeneration Ltd £1,330,000 (2021 £57,555)

Included in the Other Creditors is an amount of £1,317,384 (2021 - £1,597,448) loaned from Lancing Pension Scheme, which is for the benefit of the director and staff, of which some are close family members of the director. The loans bear interest of 5% per annum, are repayable over 5 years and during the year £79,872 interest has been accrued.

23. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The controlling party is T W Pratt.

Consolidated Trading and Profit and Loss Account FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

•	2022		2021 as restated	
	£	£	£	£
Sales		15,736,508		13,014,393
Cost of sales				
Opening stock	101,424		34,573	
Purchases	12,721,761		10,355,165	
Subcontractors	13,284		-	
	12,836,469		10,389,738	
Closing stock	(189,990)		(101,424)	
		12,646,479		10,288,314
GROSS PROFIT		3,090,029		2,726,079
Other income				
Corporation Tax Interest	15		-	
Commission Received	80,374		53,260	
Government grants	-		104,128	
Other interest received	51,794	132,183	_	157,388
		132,103		137,388
		3,222,212		2,883,467
Expenditure				
Rent & Rates	203,513		147,045	
Insurance	29,646		13,728	
Light and heat	8,799		10,883	
Safety & security Amortisation of intangible fixed assets	61,144		62,947	
Goodwill	777,859		777,859	
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	245,679		246,771	
Profit/loss on sale of tangible fixed assets	19,149		(24,660)	
Directors' salaries	10,004		10,004	
Directors' social security	149		166	
Directors' pensions paid	188		188	
Wages Pensions	843,822 29,442		742,937	
Consultancy	10,344		26,111 13,092	
Telephone	11,378		9,026	
Printing, Postage, Stationery & Advertising	21,314		28,238	
Motor expenses & travel	454,861		302,105	
Hire of equipment	3,227		5,288	
Subscriptions	3,871		3,941	
Training	1,191		3,695	
Repairs and renewals	243,318		130,460	
Laundry & cleaning Protective clothing	26,147 15,756		17,353 7,407	
Lease of motor vehicle &	15,750		7,407	
equipment	8,144		13,537	
Sundry expenses	-		1,429	
Accountancy	17,100		15,930	
Computer consumables	15,044		35,121	
Comical forward	2.061.000	2 222 212	2 (00 (01	2 992 467
Carried forward	3,061,089	3,222,212	2,600,601	2,883,467

This page does not form part of the statutory financial statements

Consolidated Trading and Profit and Loss Account FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

	2022		2021 as restated	
	£	£	£	£
Brought forward	3,061,089	3,222,212	2,600,601	2,883,467
Legal & Professional	6,925	, ,	4,979	
Auditors' remuneration	14,600		19,800	
Donations	5,115		5,438	
Commission & fees paid.	108,526		78,552	
Entertaining	40,513		16,446	
Subsistence & accommodation	30,248		25,293	
Staff Welfare	10,954		11,435	
		3,277,970	•	2,762,544
		(55,758)		120,923
Finance costs				
Bank charges	25,347		18,790	
Other loan interest	123,657		84,812	
Hire purchase interest	25,848		21,960	
		174,852		125,562
NET LOSS		(230,610)		(4,639)