

NBH HOLDCO LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements

31 December 2017



NBH HOLDCO LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2017

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NBH HOLDCO LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2017

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTOR

K G Ward

REGISTERED OFFICE

19 Jessops Riverside
800 Brightside Lane
Sheffield
S9 2RX

BANKERS

HSBC Bank plc
8 Canada Square
London
E14 5HQ

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP
400 Capability Green
Luton
LU1 3LU

STRATEGIC REPORT

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activity of the company is that of an investment holding company. The company expects to continue current activities. The functional currency is USD.

The profit on ordinary activities after taxation for the year was \$203,078,000 (2016: loss of \$331,882,000). During the year ending 31 December 2017, NBH Holdco Limited received a dividend of \$389,231,401 (2016: \$nil) from NBCMH Holdings Limited. During the year the company declared and paid a dividend of \$389,000,000 (2016: \$nil) to NBH Holding Luxembourg SARL.

The Danaher Group manages its Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) at a segmental and geographical level. As this is an investment company, there are no relevant KPIs in respect of this entity.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Risk management is integrated into the process of planning and performance management at a Group level and is monitored by Danaher Group through quarterly performance reviews. Company level risks have been considered and classified as credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and investment risk.

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument causes the company to suffer a financial loss by failing to discharge its obligations. Company policies are aimed at minimising such losses which are mitigated to a certain extent through the vast majority of all receivables being due from entities that are part of the Danaher group, which has significant resources. However, the company does continuously review its exposure to all debtors to ensure the carrying value is appropriate.

Interest rate risk is the risk that the company's interest exposure increases due to an adverse fluctuation in interest rates. The credit facilities in place have fixed rates of interest and are thus insulated against this risk. However, the amounts owed by group entities (receivables) are influenced by the UK base rate. The company reviews the interest rate charged periodically to ensure this risk is managed.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company encounters difficulty in meeting its obligations as they fall due. The company aims to mitigate liquidity risk by effectively managing cash generation and cash collection. Liquidity risk is further mitigated by the availability of subsidiary entities to distribute dividends as and when required and access to the Danaher UK cash pool arrangements which provides significant levels of funding for the UK group entities within the cash pool which will cover temporary liquidity restraints if the need should arise.

Investment risk is the risk that the value of the company's investments could be adversely affected by changes in the underlying business of the companies. The company actively monitors the performance and underlying value of its investment companies, which are also monitored by the Danaher group, and where any impairment indicators occur will consider whether an impairment is required.

On behalf of the Board



K G Ward

Director

Date: 3.1.18

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

The director presents his annual report and the audited financial statements for the year to 31 December 2017.

DIRECTOR

The director who served during the period was as follows:

K G Ward

GOING CONCERN

The company is in a sound financial position as indicated by the level of its net assets and significant profit in the year. Whilst the company is in a net current liabilities position, it is able to draw on distributions from its subsidiary undertakings to fund current and future obligations, given the significant capital base of its subsidiaries. It is also part of one of the three multi-currency Danaher UK group cash pool arrangements to cover any liquidity restraints. Within these cash pools, each company has entered into unlimited cross guarantees in respect of bank borrowings with fellow participating companies. Each company is also subject to an indemnity offered by Danaher Corporation for all participating companies (for the period during which they remain wholly owned subsidiaries of Danaher Corporation), such that any liability falling on the company as a result of the borrowings from the bank of any other party to the cash pool arrangement will be borne by Danaher Corporation in the event of default. Further, the majority of liabilities are due to group undertakings and, if required, any payments can be deferred with the approval of Danaher Corporation.

The directors therefore have reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the company continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The primary treasury objectives of the company are to identify and manage the financial risks that arise in relation to underlying business needs and to provide secure funding for the activities of the company. If appropriate, the company uses financial instruments to manage these risks.

The company finances its activities using inter-group funding, and using a group notional cash pooling facility to satisfy short term cash flow requirements. Other financial instruments are mainly inter-group receivables and those that arise directly from the operations of the company such as other debtors and creditors. No speculative trading in derivative financial instruments is undertaken.

Details of the risks and uncertainties on the use of financial instruments are set out in the Strategic Report and notes to the financial statements.

THIRD PARTY INDEMNITIES

Danaher Corporation has provided to all directors limited indemnities in respect of the cost of defending claims against them and third party liabilities. These are all third party indemnity provisions for the purpose of the Companies Act 2006 and are all currently in force.

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when the Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditors are unaware.
- having made enquiries of the company's auditor, the director has taken all the steps that he/she is obliged to take as a director in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

On behalf of the Board



K G Ward

Director

Date: 31/7/18

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 'Reduced Disclosure Framework'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NBH HOLDCO LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of NBH Holdco Limited for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 15, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NBH HOLDCO LIMITED

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

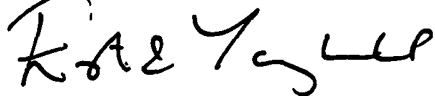
Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF
NBH HOLDCO LIMITED**

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Fraser Bull (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor
Luton

31 July 2018

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
For the period ended 31 December 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	\$000	\$000
Operating income / (expense)		(7)	(6)
OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS)	3	(7)	(6)
Income from investments	4	389,231	-
Impairment of investment		(185,426)	(326,336)
Interest receivable and similar income	5	249	1,106
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(969)	(6,646)
PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		203,078	(331,882)
Tax (charge) / credit on profit / (loss) on ordinary activities	7	-	-
PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION, AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		<u>203,078</u>	<u>(331,882)</u>

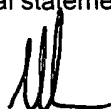
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement of comprehensive income.

All activities derive from continuing operations.

NBH HOLDCO LIMITED**Registered number 09194026****BALANCE SHEET****At 31 December 2017**

	Note	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
FIXED ASSETS			
Investments	8	<u>1,692,508</u>	<u>1,877,934</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors			
- due within one year	9	-	-
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	10	<u>(34,507)</u>	<u>(34,011)</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS / (LIABILITIES)		<u>(34,507)</u>	<u>(34,011)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>1,658,001</u>	<u>1,843,923</u>
NET ASSETS / (LIABILITIES)		<u>1,658,001</u>	<u>1,843,923</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	11	897,464	1,897,464
Profit and loss account		<u>760,537</u>	<u>(53,541)</u>
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>1,658,001</u>	<u>1,843,923</u>

These financial statements were approved by the Director on 31 July 2018.



K G Ward

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet.

NBH HOLDCO LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
For the period ended 31 December 2017

	Note	Ordinary share capital £000	Profit and loss account £000	Total Shareholders funds £000
At 1 January 2016		624,174	278,341	902,515
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	(331,882)	(331,882)
Shares issued		1,273,290	-	1,273,290
Share issue costs		-	-	-
Equity dividends paid		-	-	-
At 31 December 2016		1,897,464	(53,541)	1,843,923
Profit and total comprehensive income for the year		-	203,078	203,078
Shares issued		-	-	-
Share issue costs		-	-	-
Capital reduction	11	(1,000,000)	1,000,000	-
Equity dividends paid		-	(389,000)	(389,000)
At 31 December 2017		<u>897,464</u>	<u>760,537</u>	<u>1,658,001</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement of changes in equity.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement of changes in equity.

NBH HOLDCO LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

Period ended 31 December 2017

1. AUTHORISATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH FRS101

The financial statements of NBH Holdco Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2016 were authorised for issue by the sole director on July 2018 and the balance sheet was signed by the sole director, Keith Ward. NBH Holdco Limited is incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales. These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The Company's financial statements are presented in US Dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000) except when otherwise indicated.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under s400 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare group accounts as it is a wholly owned subsidiary of Danaher Corporation.

The results of NBH Holdco Limited are included in the consolidated financial statements of Danaher Corporation which are available from 2200 Pennsylvania Avenue Suite 800 West, Washington DC 20037, USA.

The principal accounting policies adopted by the Company are set out in note 2.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION

The accounting policies which follow set out those policies which apply in preparing the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2017.

The Company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions under FRS 101:

- (a) the requirements of IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*, (b) the requirements of paragraphs 91-99 of IFRS 13 *Fair Value Measurement*,
- (c) the requirement in paragraph 38 of IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements' to present comparative information in respect of paragraph 79(a)(iv) of IAS 1;
- (d) the requirements of paragraphs 10(d), 10(f), 38A, 38B, 38C, 38D, 111, and 134-136 of IAS 1 *Presentation of Financial Statements*;
- (e) the requirements of IAS 7 *Statement of Cash Flows*;
- (f) the requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors*;
- (g) the requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures*;
- (h) the requirements in IAS 24 *Related Party Disclosures* to disclose related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is a party to the transaction is wholly owned by such a member ; and
- (i) the requirements of paragraphs 130(f)(ii)-130(f)(iii) of IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*

2.2 CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICY AND DISCLOSURES

There are no changes to IFRS effective in 2017 which have a material impact on NBH Holdco Limited.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED
Period ended 31 December 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

2.3 JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the period. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates.

The following judgements, including estimates, have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:

Impairment of investments

Where there are indicators of impairment management performs impairment tests based on fair value less cost to sell or value in use. Such tests will include estimates such as forecast profits, market valuations and discount rates. Changes in these estimates can have a significant impact on the impairment test assessment outcome.

2.4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the Statement of comprehensive income.

Taxation

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax is recognised on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements, with the following exceptions:

- deferred income tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carried forward tax credits or tax losses can be utilised; and
- where the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply when the related asset is realised or liability is settled, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

The carrying amount of deferred income tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date. Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset, only if a legally enforcement right exists to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities, the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority and that authority permits the company to make a single net payment.

Income tax is charged or credited to other comprehensive income if it relates to items that are charged or credited to other comprehensive income. Similarly, income tax is charged or credited directly to equity if it relates to items that are credited or charged directly to equity. Otherwise income tax is recognised in the income statement.

Investments

Investments are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED
Period ended 31 December 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

2.4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - CONTINUED

Investment impairment

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses on continuing operations are recognised in the income statement in those expense categories consistent with the function of the impaired asset.

For assets where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or cash generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, not to exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment losses been recognised for the asset or cash generating unit in prior years. A reversal of impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Financial instruments

i) Financial assets

The Company's financial assets include cash and other receivables.

Non-derivative financial assets are classified as either 'available for sale' financial assets or 'loans and receivables'. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

Loans and receivables – Other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as receivables. Receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents comprise balances on bank accounts, cash in transit and cash floats held in the business.

Finance income is accounted for on an accruals basis and credited to the Income Statement when receivable.

The Company derecognises a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire; or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cashflows of the investment have been impacted. The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets

ii) Financial liabilities

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other liabilities.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. All financial liabilities are classified as 'other financial liabilities' and are initially measured at fair value net of transaction costs. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED
Period ended 31 December 2017
3. OPERATING PROFIT / (LOSS)

Operating profit / (loss) is stated after charging / (crediting):

	2017	2016
	\$000	\$000
Auditors' remuneration		
- audit	4	4
Exchange differences	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

The Director of this company is employed by a fellow group company, Launchchange Operations Limited (previously employed by TGA Industries Limited, formerly Danaher UK Industries Limited). The Director provides services to this company and a number of other group companies. The salary of the Director is paid by Launchchange Operations Limited, and the proportion of the Director's salary relating to services provided to this company was \$2,500 (2016: \$2,500). Further details of the Director's emoluments are provided in the accounts of Launchchange Operations Limited.

The company has no employees other than the director.

4. INCOME FROM INVESTMENTS

	2017	2016
	\$000	\$000
Dividends received	<u>389,231</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>389,231</u>	<u>-</u>

5. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	2017	2016
	\$000	\$000
Interest receivable from fellow group undertakings	-	279
Bank interest receivable	<u>249</u>	<u>827</u>
	<u>249</u>	<u>1,106</u>

6. INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

	2016	2016
	\$000	\$000
Interest payable to fellow group undertakings	-	3,921
Bank interest payable	<u>969</u>	<u>2,725</u>
	<u>969</u>	<u>6,646</u>

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

Period ended 31 December 2017

7. TAX ON PROFIT / (LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

(a) Tax charged to profit or loss in the statement of comprehensive income

	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
Current tax - UK		
UK corporation tax at the standard rate of 19.25% (2016: 20%)	-	-
	-	-
Deferred tax		
Charge / (credit) to the profit and loss account	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
Taxation charge / (credit) for the period	-	-

b) The differences between the total current tax shown above and the amount calculated by applying the rate of UK corporation tax to the profit before tax are as follows:

	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
Profit / (loss) before tax	203,078	(331,882)
Corporation tax at the standard rate of 19.25% (31 December 2016: 20%)	39,086	(66,377)
Effects of:		
(Income not taxable)/Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	35,688	65,268
Income from investments not taxable	(74,914)	-
Group relief	140	1,109
Total taxation charge/(credit) for the year	-	-

c) The Summer Finance Act 2015 included legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax to 19% effective from 1 April 2017. The Finance Act 2016 included legislation to reduce the main rate of corporation tax to 17% effective from 1 April 2020.

NBH HOLDCO LIMITED
NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED
Period ended 31 December 2017
8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Other investments	Subsidiary undertakings	Total
	\$000	\$000	\$000
Cost			
At 1 January 2017	21,457	2,182,813	2,204,270
Additions	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 December 2017	<u>21,457</u>	<u>2,182,813</u>	<u>2,204,270</u>
Impairment			
At 1 January 2017	-	(326,336)	(326,336)
Charge for the period	-	(185,426)	(185,426)
Disposals	-	-	-
At 31 December 2017	<u>-</u>	<u>(511,762)</u>	<u>(511,762)</u>
Carrying value			
At 31 December 2017	<u>21,457</u>	<u>1,671,051</u>	<u>1,692,508</u>
At 1 January 2017	<u>21,457</u>	<u>1,856,477</u>	<u>1,877,934</u>

Principal subsidiary undertakings

Details of investments where the company holds more than 20% of the nominal value of any class of share capital or where the investment represents more than 20% of the company's assets are as follows

Company name	Registered office	Class of shares held	Proportion of the nominal value of shares held (%)	Direct or Indirect holding
Alpha - Bio Tec. (Shanghai) Co. Ltd.	Unit 5-6, 14/F, No.5, 388 Daduhe Road, Shanghai, 200062, China	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Alpha-Bio Tec. Ltd	4 Hatnufa St., Petach Tikva, Israel, Israel	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
AlphaBio-Tec Dental Implants SA (PTY) LTD	Unit E105, Yellow Wood Place, Woodmead Business Park, 145 Western Services Road, Woodmead, 2157, South Africa	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED
Period ended 31 December 2017
8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS - CONTINUED***Principal subsidiary undertakings- Continued***

Company name	Registered office	Class of shares held	Proportion of the nominal value of shares held (%)	Direct or Indirect holding
Biocad Medical, Inc	750 Boulevard Du Parc Technologique, G1P 4S3 Québec , Canada	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Medicim NV	Stationsstraat 102 , 2800 Mechelen, Belgium	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
NBCMH Holdings Limited	19 Jessops Riverside, 800 Brightside Lane, Sheffield, S9 2RX, United Kingdom	Ordinary shares	100	Direct
Nobel Biocare (Österreich) GmbH	Wagenseilgasse 14, 1120, Wien, Austria	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare AB	Västra Hamngatan 1, 411 17 Göteborg, Sweden	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare AG	Balz-Zimmermann-Strasse 7, CH-8302 Kloten, Switzerland	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Asia Ltd	14/F Cambridge House, Taikoo Place, 979 King's Road, Quarry , Quarry Bay, Hong Kong	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Belgium NV	Roekhout 17, 1702 Groot-Bijgaarden, Belgium	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Canada Inc	9133 Leslie Street, Unit 100 Richmond Hill, Ontario, Canada	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Danmark A/S	Milnervej 43, 3400 Hillerød, Denmark, Denmark	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Deutschland GmbH	Stolberger Strasse, 200, D-50933, Cologne, Germany	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Distribution Center BV	Kozakkenberg 4, Ind.Zone 7708, 5951 DL, BELFELD, Netherlands	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare France SAS	Les Mercuriales, Tour du Levant, 40, rue Jean Jaurès, 93170 BAGNOLET, France	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Ibérica SA	Josep Pla nº 2, Torre B2, 9ª planta, 08019 Barcelona, Spain	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Italiana S.r.l.	Head Office P.za della Repubblica, 10 - 20121 Milano - Italy, Italy	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Japan K.K.	13F Gotenyama Trust Tower 4-7-35, Kitashinagawa, Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo, 140-0001, Japan	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Magyarország Kft.	1113 Budapest, Bocskai út 134-146. , Hungary	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Nederland BV	De Molen 7, 3994 DA, HOUTEN, Netherlands	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Norge AS	Postboks 144, 1556 Son, Norway	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Polska Sp z o.o	al. Jana Pawła II 27, 00-867, Warszawa, Poland, Poland	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Portugal, S.A.	Edifício Tower Plaza, Rotunda Engº Edgar Cardoso, 23, Piso 15 4400-676 Vila Nova de Gaia, Portugal	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare ProCera Services Inc.	750 Boulevard Du Parc Technologique, G1P 4S3 Québec , Canada	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED
Period ended 31 December 2017
8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS – CONTINUED*Principal subsidiary undertakings- Continued*

Company name	Registered office	Class of shares held	Proportion of the nominal value of shares held (%)	Direct or Indirect holding
Nobel Biocare Services AG	Balz Zimmermann-Strasse 7, 8302 Kloten, Switzerland	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare Suomi Oy	Nahkelantie 160, Tuusula, 04301, Finland	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Nobel Biocare U.K. Limited	3 Furzeground Way, Stockley Park, Uxbridge, , Middlesex, UB11 1EZ, United Kingdom	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Norortho AS	Tærudgata 3, Lillestrøm 2004, Norway, Norway	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Scanorto A/S	Firskovvej 36, 2800 Kgs.Lyngby, Denmark, Denmark	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
Sweorto AB	S:t Johannesgatan 2, 4 tr, 211 46 Malmö, Sweden, Sweden	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect
UAB Nobel Biocare	A. Tumeno str. 4, 01109 Vilnius, Lithuania	Ordinary shares	100	Indirect

NBH HOLDCO LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

Period ended 31 December 2017

9. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
Amounts owed by other group undertakings	-	-
Other debtors	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

10. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2016 \$000	2016 \$000
Bank overdraft	34,502	34,006
Amounts owed to other group undertakings	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	5	5
	<u>34,507</u>	<u>34,011</u>

11. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2017 \$000	2016 \$000
Authorised, called up, allotted and fully paid		
667,609,445 ordinary shares of \$1.50 each (2016: 1,264,976,111)	897,464	1,897,464
	<u>897,464</u>	<u>1,897,464</u>

On 20 June 2017 NBH Holdco Limited reduced its share capital by \$1,000,000,000 to \$897,464,167.50.

12. GUARANTEES

Within each group cash pool arrangement an unlimited multi-lateral guarantee exists between the United Kingdom based subsidiaries of Danaher Corporation and HSBC Bank plc. At year end the maximum amount of the guarantee is £5,000,000 (2016: £5,000,000).

13. ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is NBH Holding Luxembourg Sarl, a company registered in Luxembourg. The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Danaher Corporation, a company incorporated in the USA.

The largest and smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is Danaher Corporation, a company incorporated in the USA. The consolidated financial statements of this group are available to the public and may be obtained from 2200 Pennsylvania Avenue, Suite 800 West, Washington DC 20037, USA.

14. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption under paragraph 8(k) of FRS 101 not to disclose transactions with fellow wholly owned subsidiaries.

NBH HOLDCO LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS - CONTINUED

Period ended 31 December 2017

15. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 27 June 2018 NBH Holding Luxembourg Sarl subscribed for 69,000,000 new ordinary shares with a nominal value of USD 1.50 each in NBH Holdco Limited for \$103,500,000 cash.