REGISTERED NUMBER: 09174105 (England and Wales)

CO. HOUSE FILING VERSION

PRAHI HOTEL COLLECTION LIMITED

PREVIOUSLY KNOWN AS HOTEL COLLECTION HOTEL NO. 7 LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR AND

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017



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PRAHI HOTEL COLLECTION LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

DIRECTOR:

A Ahmed

REGISTERED OFFICE:

75/129 Carlisle Street

Sheffield

South Yorkshire

S4 7LJ

REGISTERED NUMBER:

09174105 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS:

Smith Craven

Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditors Sidings House Sidings Court Lakeside Doncaster South Yorkshire DN4 5NU

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The director presents his strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2017.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The main activity of the Prahi Hotel Collection ("the Company") is the operation of its main asset, The Shrigley Hall Hotel in the United Kingdom, as part of the Hotel Collection brand.

The strategy of the Company is to operate the hotel profitably whilst maintaining good customer satisfaction ratings and hiring and managing employees effectively.

Key Financial Performance Indicators

	<u>Year Ended</u> 31/12/17 £000	<u>Year Ended</u> 31/12/16 £000	
Turnover	6,115	5,834	
Gross Profit	5,200	4,989	
Gross Profit percentage	85.04%	85.5%	
Net Profit before Tax	5,762	(280)	
Net assets	1,168	(4,653)	

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company is directly exposed to the risks associated with the hotel industry such as any downturn in the general operating conditions in the UK provincial hotel industry and new hotel openings close to its existing location.

The Company is also exposed to risks regarding property valuations in periods of market instability. This instability means that professional valuers and the Director are not able to value properties with the same degree of certainty as would be the case in a more stable market with a good level of transactional evidence to support valuations.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade debtors. The amounts presented in the balance sheet are net of any allowances for doubtful debts. The Company seeks to mitigate credit risk through credit checking and, where customers pay on departure, Company policy is to obtain a pre-authorised credit card for payment. In certain circumstances customers pay all or part of their stay in advance.

The Company's exposure to liquidity and cash flow risk is mitigated by the trade debtors procedures described above and by negotiating commercial payment terms with suppliers. The Company aims to mitigate liquidity risk by managing cash generation and uses through its operations.

On 24 July 2017 the company was sold to Prahi (2017) Limited. As part of the sale agreement, £5,665,511 of the inter-company loan was written off, returning the Company to a positive net assets position.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The director is confident for the future as the budgets for the forthcoming year look optimistic and the Company has a new management team in place who are looking to build on the results of previous years.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

A Ahmed - Director

Date: 10 July 2018

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2017.

CHANGE OF NAME

The company passed a special resolution on 24 July 2017 changing its name from Hotel Collection Hotel No. 7 Limited to Prahi Hotel Collection Limited.

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2017.

DIRECTORS

The directors who have held office during the period from 1 January 2017 to the date of this report are as follows:

R E Gray - appointed 2 March 2017 - resigned 24 July 2017 G D Hearn - resigned 24 July 2017 T Jones - appointed 2 March 2017 - resigned 24 July 2017 A Ahmed - appointed 24 July 2017

APPROVAL OF REDUCED DISCLOSURES

The Company, as a qualifying entity, has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions in FRS102 Reduced Disclosure Framework as listed in note 2 to these financial statements. The parent company's parent company has been notified in writing about the intention to take advantage of the disclosure exemptions and no objections have been received.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

AUDITORS

The auditors, Smith Craven, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

A Ahmed - Director

Date: 10 JULY 2018.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF PRAHI HOTEL COLLECTION LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Prahi Hotel Collection Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2017 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2017 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the director has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The director is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Director have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF PRAHI HOTEL COLLECTION LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Director.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of director

As explained more fully in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities set out on page three, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Andrew Cribb FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Smith Craven Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditors
Sidings House
Sidings Court
Lakeside
Doncaster
South Yorkshire
DN4 5NU

Date: 10 JULY 2018

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Notes	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
TURNOVER	3	6,115	5,834
Cost of sales		915	844
GROSS PROFIT		5,200	4,990
Administrative expenses	•	4,979	5,054
		. 221	(64)
Gain/loss on revaluation of tangible assets		132	-
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	5	353	(64)
Amounts written off loans	6	(5,666)	
	,	6,019	(64)
Interest payable and similar expenses	7	257	216
PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION	N	5,762	(280)
Tax on profit/(loss)	8	(59)	401
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIA YEAR	AL .	5,821	(681)

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

Notes	2017 £'000	2016 £'000
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE YEAR	5,821	(681)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
Revaluation of fixed assets	132	•
Revaluation shown in profit and loss a/c	(132)	
Income tax relating to components of other	,	
comprehensive income	-	· _
		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	•	
FOR THE YEAR, NET OF INCOME TAX	_	-
•	·	
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	•	
FOR THE YEAR	5,821	(681)
		· <u>-</u>

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2017

	·· ·	-	 .	
Notes	2017	£1000		£'000
Notes	£ 000	. £ 000	£ 000	£ 000
9		9,891		9,499
10	70	• •	58	
11	322		328	
	536		503	
	928		889	
		•		
12	9,532	•.	15,041	
• .		(8,604)		(14,152)
	•	1,287	,	(4,653)
13		119		<u> </u>
		1,168		(4,653)
		-		•
15		1,168		(4,653)
				(4,653)
-	10 11 12	Notes £'000 9 10 70 11 322 536 928 12 9,532	Notes £'000 £'000 9 9,891 10 70 11 322 536 928 12 9,532 (8,604) 1,287	Notes £'000 £'000 £'000 9 9,891 10 70 58 11 322 328 536 503 928 889 12 9,532 15,041 (8,604) 1,287 13 119 1,168

The financial statements were approved by the director on 10 July and were signed by:

A Ahmed - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

	Called up share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2016		(3,972)	(3,972)
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	- -	(681)	(681)
Balance at 31 December 2016	·, <u>-</u>	(4,653)	(4,653)
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	 <u>-</u>	5,821	5,821
Balance at 31 December 2017	 	1,168	1,168

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Prahi Hotel Collection Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

Financial Reporting Standard 102 - reduced disclosure exemptions

The company has taken advantage of the following disclosure exemptions in preparing these financial statements, as permitted by FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland":

- the requirements of Section 7 Statement of Cash Flows;
- the requirement of Section 33 Related Party Disclosures paragraph 33.7.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Freehold property

2% on cost

Plant and machinery

5% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to the profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. TURNOVER

4.

6.

The turnover and profit (2016 - loss) before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the company.

2017

2016

Wages and salaries	£'000 2,573	£'000 2,384
The average number of employees during the year was as follows:	2017	2016
		196

. *		,		
			2017	2016
Directors' remuneration	•	٠.,		
			=======	

5. OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)

Amounts written off loans

The operating profit (2016 - operating loss) is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2017	2016
•	£'000	£'000
Hire of plant and machinery	49	39
Depreciation - owned assets	175	176
Depreciation - assets on hire purchase contracts	3	-
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	-	(14)
Auditors' remuneration	14	10
		
AMOUNTS WRITTEN OFF LOANS		
	2017	2016

£'000

£'000

(5,666)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

7.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES			
•			2017	2016
			£'000	£'000
	Loan interest		256	216
	Hire purchase		1	· -
			257	216
	•			
0	TAXATION			
8.	TAXATION			
	Analysis of the tax (credit)/charge		•	
	The tax (credit)/charge on the profit for the year was as follows:			
	The tax (credit) enarge on the profit for the year was as follows.		2017	2016
			£'000	£'000
	Current tax:		30 000	2000
	UK corporation tax		(59)	_
	CAL VOLPOILUION IIII	*	(62)	
	Deferred tax		·	401
			·	
	Tax on profit/(loss)		(59)	401
		*		
	•			
	Tax effects relating to effects of other comprehensive income	*		
	•		•	
			2017	
	•	Gross	Tax	Net
		£'000	£'000	£'000
	Revaluation of fixed assets	132	-	132
	Revaluation shown in profit and loss a/c	(132)	-	(132)
,	•			
		-		-
			=	===
_				
9.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	~	D1 ()	
		Freehold	Plant and	7D 4 1
		property	machinery	Totals
	COST OR VALUATION	£'000	£'000	£'000
	COST OR VALUATION	11,719	1.026	12,755
	At 1 January 2017 Additions	11,/19	1,036 318	438
	Revaluations	132	310	132
	Revaluations	132		132
	At 31 December 2017	11,971	1,354	13,325
	At 31 December 2017			
	DEPRECIATION	•		
	At 1 January 2017	2,927	329	3,256
	Charge for year	22	156	178
	Chargo for your			
	At 31 December 2017	2,949	485	3,434
				
	NET BOOK VALUE			
	At 31 December 2017	9,022	869	9,891
			====	
	At 31 December 2016	8,792	707	9,499
•				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS - continued

10.

11.

A full independent valuation of the property was carried out by Cushman & Wakefield on 17 March 2017. This valuation indicated a market value of £9,700,000 for the property as a fully equipped operational entity.

Cost or valuation at 31 December 2017 is represented by:

Valuation in 2017 Cost		Freehold property £'000 132 11,839	Plant and machinery £'000	Totals £'000 132 13,193
		11,971	1,354	13,325
		===		
Fixed assets, included in the above, wh	nich are held under hi	re purchase contracts	are as follows:	Plant and
			•	machiner
COST OR VALUATION Additions				189
At 31 December 2017	,			189
DEPRECIATION Charge for year	·	·		3
At 31 December 2017				3
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2017				186
STOCKS				-
Stocks			2017 £'000 70	2016 £'000 58
DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING	DUE WITHIN ONE	EYEAR		
Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income	•	·	2017 £'000 171 151	2016 £'000 279 49
			322	328

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

12.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2017	2016
	Hiro murchoso contracts (see note 14)	£'000 30	£'000
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 14) Trade creditors	491	35
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	8,186	12,281
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Amounts owed to associates	0,100	2,173
	Social security and other taxes	76	2,175
	VAT	95	121
	Other creditors	326	27
	Accruals and deferred income	328	404
		0.533	15.041
		9,532	15,041
3.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
· .	YEAR	A04.	2016
		2017	2016
	TT' 1 and a section of a form made 140	£'000	£'000
	Hire purchase contracts (see note 14)	119	
4.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments fall due as follows:		
		Hire purcha	se contracts
		2017	2016
	Net obligations repayable:	£'000	£'000
	Within one year	30	_
	Between one and five years	119	_
	between one and nive years		
		149	-
		Non on	naallahla
			ncellable
		2017	ng leases 2016
		£'000	£'000
	Within one year	35	35
	Between one and five years	6	41
			
	•	41	76
			
5.	RESERVES		
			Retained
			earnings
			£'000
	4.1.1		14 750
	At 1 January 2017		(4,653)
	Profit for the year		5,821
	At 31 December 2017		1,168
	At 31 December 2017		1,100

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

16. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company's issued share capital is wholly owned by Prahi (2017) Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The ultimate parent company and controlling party is Prahi Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. Consolidated group accounts of Prahi Limited can be obtained from Sidings House, Sidings Court, Lakeside, Doncaster, South Yorkshire, DN4 5NU.

17. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.