

Company registration number: 9160650

Cartrefi Carrog Cyf

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 September 2019

Contents

Directors and other information

Accountants report

Statement of financial position

Notes to the financial statements

Cartrefi Carrog Cyf

Directors and other information

Directors	DR Morris EG Morris
Company number	9160650
Registered office	Preswylfa Dryslwyn Carmarthenshire SA32 8SF
Business address	Glancarrog Llanrhystyd Ceredigion SY23 5AL
Accountants	Davies Lewis Baker Ltd 31 Bridge Street Aberystwyth Ceredigion SY23 3EJ

Cartrefi Carrog Cyf

Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Cartrefi Carrog Cyf Year ended 30 September 2019

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Cartrefi Carrog Cyf for the year ended 30 September 2019 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <https://www.accaglobal.com/gb/en/about-us/regulation/rulebook.html>.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of Cartrefi Carrog Cyf, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Cartrefi Carrog Cyf and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of Cartrefi Carrog Cyf as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at http://www.accaglobal.com/content/dam/ACCA_Global/Technical/fact/technical-factsheet-163.pdf. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Cartrefi Carrog Cyf and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Cartrefi Carrog Cyf has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Cartrefi Carrog Cyf. You consider that Cartrefi Carrog Cyf is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Cartrefi Carrog Cyf. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Davies Lewis Baker Ltd

Chartered Certified Accountants

31 Bridge Street

Aberystwyth

Ceredigion

SY23 3EJ

30 September 2020

Statement of financial position

30 September 2019

	Note	2019 £	£	2018 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4	874		1,093	
		<u> </u>	874	<u> </u>	1,093
Current assets					
Stocks		335,296		527,902	
Debtors	5	5,665		16,850	
Cash at bank and in hand		81,771		10,329	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
		422,732		555,081	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(359,207)		(567,337)	
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Net current assets/(liabilities)			63,525		(12,256)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total assets less current liabilities			64,399		(11,163)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Net assets/(liabilities)			64,399		(11,163)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			64,397		(11,165)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Shareholders funds/(deficit)			64,399		(11,163)
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>

For the year ending 30 September 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 September 2020 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

EG Morris

Director

Company registration number: 9160650

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Wales. The address of the registered office is Preswylfa, Dryslwyn, Carmarthenshire, SA32 8SF.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and is subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 12.5 % straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Tangible assets

	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 October 2018 and 30 September 2019	1,750	1,750
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Depreciation		
At 1 October 2018	657	657
Charge for the year	219	219
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 September 2019	876	876
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Carrying amount		
At 30 September 2019	874	874
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 September 2018	1,093	1,093
	<hr/>	<hr/>

5. Debtors

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	232	-
Other debtors	5,433	16,850
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	5,665	16,850
	<hr/>	<hr/>

6. Cash and cash equivalents

	2019 £	2018 £
Cash at bank and in hand	81,771	10,329
	<hr/>	<hr/>

National Westminster Bank Plc holds a charge over £ 7,205 (2018: £ 7,205) of the cash held by the company, as security against a guarantee entered into by the company (see note 8).

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	26,186	35,999
Corporation tax	14,926	-
Social security and other taxes	1,109	551
Other creditors	316,986	530,787
	<u>359,207</u>	<u>567,337</u>

8. Guarantees

The company has entered into a guarantee for £7,205 (2018: £7,205) which is not included in the balance sheet. The guarantee is secured by a charge over its bank deposit account of the same amount (see note 6).

9. Related party transactions

The company is financed by loans from its directors, who also own all the share capital of the company. The loans are provided interest free and with no fixed terms of repayment. At 30 September 2019 the balance of these loans was £ 147,195 owed to EG Morris (30 September 2018: £ 147,195) and £ 165,738 owed to DR Morris (30 September 2018: £ 381,057).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.