Company Number 09080531

# **ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited**

**Annual Report and Financial Statements - 31 December 2019** 



ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited Strategic report 31 December 2019

## STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their Annual Report and the audited financial statements of ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2019.

## **BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

The Company is a private limited company, incorporated in England and Wales, and is a wholly owned subsidiary within the TP ICAP plc group (the "Group").

The Company acts as a holding company within the Group, earned dividends of £631,898,000 and impaired its investments by £473,132,000 and a loan owed by a Group related company by £1,583,000 during the current year. The Company made various additions to its portfolio of subsidiary and associate undertakings totalling £120,577,000 and disposed of various holdings amounting to £699,066,000 as detailed in Notes 11 and 12. The directors consider that the year end financial position was satisfactory and do not anticipate any changes to the principal activities.

#### **RESULTS**

The results of the Company are set out in the Statement of profit and loss on page 10.

The Profit after income tax for the financial year of £121,853,000 (2018: £12,854,000) has been transferred to Retained profits.

The Net assets of the Company are £485,369,000 (2018: £475,767,000).

## ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited Strategic report 31 December 2019

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The key risks in the Company's day to day operations can be categorised as Market, Credit, Operational, Liquidity, Capital management, Strategic and business risk.

Market risk is the vulnerability of the Company to movements in the value of financial instruments. The risk in such situations is restricted to movements in foreign exchange and interest rates.

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company in the event of non-performance by a client or counterpart with respect to its contractual obligations to the Company.

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people, systems or external events. Operational risk covers a wide and diverse range of risk types. The overall objective of the Company's operational risk management is not to avoid all potential risks but to proactively identify and assess risks and risk situations and manage them in an efficient and informed manner.

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company, in periods of corporate or market volatility, will not have access to an appropriate level of cash or funding to enable it to finance ongoing operations or any reasonable unanticipated events on cost effective terms. Cash and cash equivalent balances are held with the principal objective of capital security and availability and with a secondary objective of generating return. Funding requirements and cash and cash equivalent exposures are monitored by Group Finance and Operations.

Capital management risk is the risk of failure to maintain adequate levels of capital. The board undertakes an informed assessment of whether the Company holds sufficient capital in the context of the business objectives taking into account the nature of its business model, its risk profile, its risk management framework and its appropriate resources held during the year.

Strategic and business risk is the risk that the Company's ability to do business might be damaged through its failure to adapt to changing market dynamics and customer requirements.

Ensuring that we were prepared for all Brexit eventualities has been a critical focus for TP ICAP.

While the UK left the EU on the 31 January 2020 we are yet to know what the terms of leaving are and how that will impact our business. However, we continue to expect the UK to remain a major centre for financial, energy and commodities markets.

Management have the day-to-day responsibility for ensuring that the Company operates in accordance with the Enterprise Risk Management Framework. The Group has approved policies and procedures to manage key risks. Further details of the Enterprise Risk Management Framework are outlined in the TP ICAP plc Group Annual Report, which does not form part of this report.

Subsequent to year end, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a pandemic, which continues to spread throughout the world. As at the date of this report, the outbreak of a novel COVID-19 virus is resulting in governments around the world, including the United Kingdom, being at various stages of managing restrictions regarding the movement of people, leading to widespread disruption and significant market volatility. This has impacted the global financial markets severely. In response, the Group, including the Company, has activated its Business Continuity Planning strategies, which include the introduction of measures to allow a significant proportion of our employees to work remotely, to safeguard their wellbeing and to continue Company operations and support of our clients. The full extent of how these conditions will impact the Company is not yet known as there is uncertainty around the duration and severity. Therefore, while we expect this matter to impact our business, results of operations, and financial position, the related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The Company has a positive net asset value available to help preserve its financial flexibility.

## ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited Strategic report 31 December 2019

#### **SECTION 172(1) STATEMENT**

The directors provide this statement describing how they have had regard to the matters set out in Section 172(1) of the Companies Act 2006, when performing their duty to promote the success of the Company. Further details on key actions in this regard are also contained in the Group Corporate Governance Report. This statement also provides details of how the directors have engaged with and had regard to the interests of our key stakeholders.

#### Our stakeholders

The Company believes that engagement with our shareholders and wider stakeholder groups plays a vital role throughout the business. During 2019 we increased our focus on engagement with stakeholders as well as increasing our attention on environment, social and governance ("ESG") matters. During the year the Company strengthened its risk and governance framework with the adoption of a UK Regulated Entity Governance Framework which forms part of the Group's Governance Framework. The structure and format of Company and Committee papers have been reviewed and, as a result, changes were implemented to ensure that Section 172(1) considerations are considered in Board discussion and decision making.

#### Shareholders

The directors believe that engagement with our shareholders is of key importance to the business. During the year, the directors considered to pay dividends as appropriate to its shareholders, taking into account the impact of a distribution on the long-term prospects of the business. Further information on the tailored engagement approach, which is adopted towards the Group's shareholders, is carried out at Group level, details of which are included in the Group's Annual Report which does not form part of this report.

#### **Environment and Community**

The directors are aware of society's increasing focus on ESG and is committed to striving to operate in a sustainable and responsible way whilst delivering value for our stakeholders. During the year the Group Board monitored the Group-wide "A Voice for All" corporate responsibility strategy, launched in 2018 which focusses on all our stakeholders including employees, clients, society and the wider environment within which we operate. Further details of the Group's key community initiatives and reporting on greenhouse gas emissions can be found in the Strategic report and Directors' report within the Group's Annual Report which does not form part of this report.

#### KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

The Company's return on assets, calculated as net profit divided by net assets, is 25.1% (2018: 2.7%). This is in line with management expectations.

The directors of TP ICAP plc manage the Group's operations on a regional basis. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that further analysis using key performance indicators for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business of the Company. The key performance indicators of the Group, which includes the Company, are discussed in the Group's Annual Report, which does not form part of this report.

This report has been approved by the board of directors and signed by order of the board.

R Stewart Director

19 November 2020

ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited Directors' report 31 December 2019

#### **DIRECTORS REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019**

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the Company are to act as a holding company within the Group. It is anticipated that the Company will continue its present business activities for the foreseeable future.

The Company is incorporated in the United Kingdom and domiciled in England and Wales. The Company is a private company limited by shares. The registered office is Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, England, EC2M 3TQ.

#### **BUSINESS REVIEW AND FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

Details of business review and future developments can be found in the Strategic Report on page 1.

#### PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

Details of principal risks and uncertainties can be found in the Strategic Report on page 2.

## **GOING CONCERN**

The directors have considered the Companies business review and the risks and uncertainties, including those related to Brexit and the COVID-19 pandemic, as set out in the strategic report. The directors have also considered that the company is in a net current liability position amounting to £747,354,000 as a result of amounts due to other group companies that have no maturity date and are classified as on demand liabilities. The directors do not anticipate that these liabilities will be called in the near term, however they note that the group companies that provided the loans have been identified as entities that will be closed down under the Group's legal entity rationalisation program. In the event that these companies are closed down, the directors expect to settle the liabilities via dividends in specie, and confirm that the company has sufficient resources to pay these dividends.

In comparison to the prior period financial statements, the role of this Company within the TPICAP Group has been revised and it is no longer the intention of the directors to transfer the holdings to a fellow subsidiary. Having considered the Company's forecasts including the liquidity and capital, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, being at least the twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Accordingly, the going concern basis has been used in preparing these financial statements.

#### DIVIDENDS

During the year ended 31 December 2019 the directors declared and paid dividends on the ordinary shares of £127,751,000 (2018: £652,526,000). The following dividends were paid post year end:

On 26 Mach 2020, ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited declared and paid a dividend of £6,420,000 to TP ICAP plc.

On 30 March 2020, ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited declared and paid a dividend of £4,480,000 to TP ICAP plc.

#### **DIRECTORS**

The following persons were directors of the Company during the financial year and up to the date of this report, unless otherwise stated:

P Price

R Stewart

## **DIRECTOR'S INDEMNITIES**

The Company's ultimate parent, TP ICAP plc, has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which remain in force at the date of this report.

#### **SECTION 172(1) STATEMENT**

The Company has prepared a statement in compliance with Section 172(1) of the Companies Act 2006. Details of this statement can be found in the Strategic Report on page 3.

## **ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY**

TP ICAP recognises it has a responsibility to help protect the environment and respond to the global climate crisis. This means minimising the environmental impact of our operations.

Responsibility for environmental matters rests with the Board, and is included in its terms of reference. The Chief Executive Officer is the Board member responsible for corporate social responsibility across the Group. These policies and practices are outlined in the Group's Annual Report, which does not form part of this report.

ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited Directors' report 31 December 2019

#### POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS

There were no political contributions made by the Company during the financial year (2018: £Nil).

#### DISABLED EMPLOYEES

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled, every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the Company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical to that of other employees.

#### **EMPLOYEE CONSULTATION**

The Company is committed to attracting, retaining, developing and advancing the most qualified persons without regard to their race, ethnicity, religion or belief, gender, age, sexual orientation or disability. This commitment is underpinned by policies on equal opportunities, harassment and discrimination, to which all employees are required to adhere.

The Company participates in the Group's policies and practices relating to current and prospective employees. These policies and practices are outlined in the Group's Annual Report which does not form part of this report.

#### POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 27 February 2020, ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited sold 100% of the shares in ICAP Europe Limited to Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited for consideration of £386,367,000 left outstanding as a debt payable by the Purchaser to the Seller.

On 26 March 2020, the directors declared and paid dividends of £6,420,000.

On 30 March 2020, the directors declared and paid dividends of £4,480,000.

On 3 April 2020, ICAP Latin American Holdings BV approved an interim dividend to be paid to ICAP Holdings (Latin America) Limited of EUR 6,916,889.49, to be settled by way of assignment of ICAP Latin America Holdings BV's receivables from ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited.

On 1 May 2020, Astley & Pearce BV approved an interim dividend to be paid to Astley & Pearce International BV of EUR 22,471,995.78, to be settled by way of assignment of Astley & Pearce BV's receivables from ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited.

On 6 May 2020, the Company approved the incorporation and setup of a new joint venture to obtain a license to operate a domestic electronic trading platform in Indonesia for domestic IDR spot FX, NDFs and money market products.

## On 22 July 2020, the Company approved:

- (a) the assignment by ICAP Management Services Limited of its loan receivables from the Company in the amount of £48,364,083.55 with Loan Note references PC27 and TP00010 and the Revolving Credit Facility (the "RCF") with reference H00003, to ICAP Holdings Limited (the "Recipient"), (together the "Assignment"); and
- (b) that the Recipient's claim against the Company for such amount be formalized by the execution of a Deed of Assignment and new Loan Agreements in the amount of £48,364,083.55 with Loan Note references PC27-1 and TP00010-1 and RCF agreement with reference H00003-1.

On 24 July 2020, the Company as sole member of ICAP Holdings Limited (the "Assignor"), approved the declaration of a distribution by the Assignor in favor of the Company comprising of £307,746,219as a dividend in specie to be received by the Company consisting of the assignment of the intercompany receivable due under the loan agreement with reference COS0002, owed by TP ICAP plc ("Borrower 1") to the Assignor and that the Company's claim against Borrower 1 for such amount be formalised by the execution of a Deed of Assignment and a new Loan Agreement with Loan Note reference COS0002-1.

On 24 July 2020, the Company as sole member of the Assignor, the declaration of a distribution by the Assignor in favor of the Company comprising of £251,578,653 as a dividend in specie to be received by the Company consisting of the assignment of the intercompany receivables due under the loan agreements with references H00034, PC15, PC16, COS0003/1, PC11/1, H00003/1, PC27/1 and TP00010/1 owed by the Company to the Assignor, with the assignment to be formalized by the execution of a Deed of Assignment and that following the assignment the loans agreements with the references H00034, PC15, PC16, COS0003/1, PC11/1, H00003/1, PC27/1 and TP00010/1 be extinguished upon receipt by the Company.

On 2 November 2020, ICAP Global Broking Holding Limited purchased Investments from Prebon Yamane International Limited for a consideration for £1,673,990.

ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited Directors' report 31 December 2019

## POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS (continued)

On 6 November 2020, ICAP Global Broking Holding Limited purchased the following subsidiaries from Tullett Prebon Investments Holdings Limited for a consideration for £17,707,838. The price consisted the following:

- 57.5% of PVM Oil Associates Pte Limited for £4,404,569.
- 80% of PVM Oil Futures Pte Limited for £448,750.
- 100% of Tullett Prebon (Hong Kong) Limited for £12,854,519.

On 5 November 2020, ICAP Global Broking Holding Limited purchased the following subsidiaries from Tullett Prebon Investments Holdings Limited for a consideration for £13,625,367. The price consisted the following:

- 100% of Prebon Yamane International Limited for £1,673,990.
- 100% of Prebon Limited for £11,951,377.

On 12 November 2020, ICAP Global Broking Holding Limited sold the entirety of the share capital held by the Company in ICAP Holdings Limited, the entirety of the share capital held by the Company in ICAP Information Services Limited; and 8,756 ordinary £0.01 shares held by the Company in Zodiac Seven Limited to Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited for a consideration of £44,769,630. This price consisted the following:

- 100% of share capital held by ICAP Holdings Limited for £44,353,001.
- 100% of share capital held by ICAP Information Services Limited for £1.
- 8,756 ordinary £0.01 shares held by Zodiac Seven Limited for £416,628.

On 17 November 2020, the Company sold its investment in ICAP Energy AS to Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited for a consideration of £1,712,403.

Subsequent to year end, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a pandemic, which continues to spread throughout the world. As at the date of this report, the outbreak of a novel COVID-19 virus is resulting in governments around the world, including the United Kingdom, being at various stages of managing restrictions regarding the movement of people, leading to widespread disruption and significant market volatility. This has impacted the global financial markets severely. In response, the Group, including the Company, has activated its Business Continuity Planning strategies, which include the introduction of measures to allow a significant proportion of our employees to work remotely, to safeguard their wellbeing and to continue Company operations and support of our clients. The full extent of how these conditions will impact the Company is not yet known as there is uncertainty around the duration and severity. Therefore, while we expect this matter to impact our business, results of operations, and financial position, the related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The Company has a positive net asset value and cash reserves available to help preserve its financial flexibility.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

The Company's incumbent auditor, Deloitte LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and, in the absence of an Annual General Meeting, are deemed reappointed in the next financial year.

## PROVISION OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITOR

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information needed by the auditor in connection with preparing its report, of which the auditor is unaware. Having made enquiries of fellow directors and the Company's auditor, each director has taken all the steps that they are obliged to take as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of section 418 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is authorised for issue by the board of directors.

Approved by the board and signed on its behalf by:

R Stewart Director

19 November 2020

Company No: 09080531

## ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited Directors' responsibilities statement 31 December 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework". Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the profit or loss of the Company for that year.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently:
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" has been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors confirm they have complied with all the above requirements in preparing the financial statements.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

## ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited Independent auditor's report to the members of ICAP Global Broking Limited 31 December 2019

#### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements of ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited (the "Company"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the year ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework"; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of profit or loss;
- · the balance sheet;
- the statement of changes in equity; and
- the related notes 1 to 22.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

## Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

## **ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited** Independent auditor's report to the members of ICAP Global Broking Limited 31 December 2019

## Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

## Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Directors' report.

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Giles Lang FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor

luces Ley

London, United Kingdom

19 November 2020

## ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited Statement of profit or loss For the year ended 31 December 2019

	Note	Year ended 31 Dec 2019 £'000	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Revenue Other operating income / (expense)	3	5,695	(8,541)
Expenses Administrative expenses Movement in provision for receivables	4 _	(94)	(33) 522
Operating profit / (loss)		5,601	(8,052)
Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar expenses Dividends received Impairment of investments Impairment of loan owed by Group related company	6 7 8 15 9	1,554 (50,470) 631,898 (473,132) (1,583)	4,533 (47,230) 74,172 (20,185)
Profit before income tax		113,868	3,238
Income tax	10 _	7,985	9,616
Profit after income tax for the year	=	121,853	12,854

The Profit after income tax for the current and prior year is derived solely from continuing operations.

There were no items of other comprehensive income in the current or prior year other than the profit for the current year or prior year and, accordingly, no Statement of other comprehensive income is presented.

## ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited Balance sheet As at 31 December 2019

	Note	As at 31 Dec 2019 £'000	As at 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Investment in subsidiaries	11	1,232,305	-
Investment in associate	12	417	-
Deferred tax asset	10	1	
Total non-current assets	-	1,232,723	-
Current assets			
Debtors	13	43,149	24,286
Cash and cash equivalents	14	352	594
Tax receivable	10	6,886	21,519
		50,387	46,399
Investment in subsidiaries and associate	15	· _	2,284,343
Deferred tax asset			114
Total current assets	_	50,387	2,330,856
Total assets	-	1,283,110	2,330,856
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Creditors	16	797,741	1,855,089
Total current liabilities		797,741	1,855,089
Total liabilities	-	797,741	1,855,089
Net assets	:	485,369	475,767
Equity			
Issued capital	17	_	-
Share premium	18	31,984	16,484
Retained profits		453,385	459,283
•	-		
Total equity	:	485,369	475,767

The financial statements on pages 10 to 25 were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 19 November 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

R Stewart Director

19 November 2020

## ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited Statement of changes in equity For the year ended 31 December 2019

	Issued capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Other reserves £'000	Retained profits £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1 January 2018	2	3,076	553,373	542,390	1,098,841
Profit after income tax for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	12,854	12,854
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	12,854	12,854
Bonus shares issued (Note 17) Reduction of issued capital (Notes 17 and 18) Share issued (Notes 17 and 18) Deferred tax Dividends paid (Note 19)	553,373 (553,375) - - -	(3,076) 16,484 -	(553,373) - - - -	556,451 - 114 (652,526)	16,484 114 (652,526)
Balance at 31 December 2018	<u> </u>	16,484		459,283	475,767
	Issued capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Other reserves £'000	Retained profits £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1 January 2019	-	16,484	-	459,283	475,767
Profit after income tax for the year Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	121,853	121,853
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	121,853	121,853
Shares issued (Notes 17 and 18) Dividends paid (Note 19)	-	15,500	<u>-</u>	(127,751)	15,500 (127,751)
Balance at 31 December 2019	<del>-</del>	31,984		453,385	485,369

## Note 1. General information and principal accounting policies

#### General information

The Company is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, England, EC2M 3TQ.

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Going concern

The directors have considered the Companies business review and the risks and uncertainties, including those related to Brexit and the COVID-19 pandemic, as set out in the strategic report. The directors have also considered that the company is in a net current liability position amounting to £747,354,000 as a result of amounts due to other group companies that have no maturity date and are classified as on demand liabilities. The directors do not anticipate that these liabilities will be called in the near term, however they note that the group companies that provided the loans have been identified as entities that will be closed down under the Group's legal entity rationalisation program. In the event that these companies are closed down, the directors expect to settle the liabilities via dividends in specie, and confirm that the company has sufficient resources to pay these dividends.

In comparison to the prior period financial statements, the role of this Company within the TPICAP Group has been revised and it is no longer the intention of the directors to transfer the holdings to a fellow subsidiary. Having considered the Company's forecasts including the liquidity and capital, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, being at least the twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. Accordingly, the going concern basis has been used in preparing these financial statements.

## Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework" and the Companies Act 2006. As permitted, the Company has taken advantage of disclosure exemptions, including: Statement of cash flows, disclosure of new accounting standards not yet mandatory, presentation of comparative information for tangible and intangible fixed assets, key management compensation, related party transactions between wholly owned group companies and share-based payments. Where relevant, equivalent disclosures have been given in the Group financial statements of TP ICAP plc. Items which are of a non-recurring nature and material, when considering both size and nature, are disclosed separately to give a clearer presentation of the Company's results.

The Company has exercised its entitlement not to produce consolidated financial statements since consolidated financial statements have been prepared by the ultimate parent company TP ICAP plc.

The financial statements are prepared in Pound sterling, which is the functional currency of the Company.

### Historical cost convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by financial instruments recognised at fair value.

## Interest receivable and similar income

Interest revenue is recognised as interest and accrues using the applicable effective interest method. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset and allocating the interest income over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the net carrying amount of the financial asset.

## Interest payable and similar expenses

Interest expenditure is recognised as interest and accrues using the applicable effective interest method. Finance costs directly attributable to Tangible assets are capitalised as part of the asset. This is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial liability and allocating the interest expense over the relevant period using the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial liability to the net carrying amount of the financial liability. All other finance costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

## Dividends received

Dividend income is recognised upon declaration or when it becomes receivable.

#### Note 1. General information and principal accounting policies (continued)

#### Tax

Tax on the profit or loss for the financial year comprises both current and deferred tax as well as any adjustment in respect of prior years. Tax is charged or credited to the Statement of profit or loss, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the current and deferred tax is also recorded within equity. Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted, or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

Calculations of current and deferred tax liability are based on ongoing discussions with the relevant tax authorities, management's assessment of legal and professional advice, case law and other relevant guidance. Where the expected tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the current and deferred tax amounts in the year in which a reassessment of the liability is made.

#### **Deferred Tax**

Deferred tax is recognised using the liability method, in respect of all temporary differences between the carrying value of assets and liabilities for reporting purposes and the tax bases of the assets and liabilities. Deferred tax is calculated at the rate of tax expected to apply when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised.

#### Dividends paid

Dividends are recognised as deductions from Retained profits in the period in which they are paid.

#### Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the rates of exchange prevailing on the date of each transaction. At each balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are retranslated at rates prevailing on the balance sheet date. Exchange differences are taken to the Statement of profit or loss. Non-monetary assets and liabilities carried at fair value denominated in foreign currency are translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined.

## Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprises of cash in hand, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments which are subject to insignificant risk of change in value and are readily convertible into a known amount of cash within less than three months.

#### **Debtors**

Debtors are recognised at amortised cost less provision for impairment. All provisions are recorded within Administrative expenses in the Statement of profit or loss.

## Creditors

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year where the invoice is unpaid. Due to their short-term nature, they are measured at amortised cost and are not discounted. The amounts are unsecured and usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

## Investment in subsidiaries

Investments comprise equity shareholdings. These investments are recorded at historic cost less provision for any impairment in their values. A subsidiary is an entity over which the Company has control. Control exists where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefit from its activities.

#### Investment in associates

Investments comprise equity shareholdings. These investments are recorded at historical cost less provision for any impairment in their values. An associate is an entity in which the Company has an interest and, in the opinion of the directors, can exercise significant influence, but not control, over its operating and financial policies. An interest exists where an investment is held on a long-term basis for the purpose of securing a contribution to the Company's activities. Significant influence will generally exist where the Company holds more than 20% and less than 50% of the shareholders' voting rights.

## Note 1. General information and principal accounting policies (continued)

## Impairment of subsidiaries and associates

An impairment review is undertaken at each balance sheet date or when events or changes in circumstances indicate that an impairment loss may have occurred. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. For non-financial assets, Fair value is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming they act in their economic best interests. Valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, are used, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

## Financial instruments

The Company has applied IFRS 9 in valuing its financial instruments. The Company had no hedging relationships as at this date or during the current reporting year. Classification of financial assets is based both on the business model within which the asset is held and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the asset. There exist three principal classification categories for financial assets that are debt instruments:

- (i) fair value through other comprehensive income 'FVOCI';
- (ii) fair value through profit or loss 'FVTPL'; and
- (iii) amortised cost.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in Other Comprehensive Income ("OCI"). This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

Equity investments in scope of IFRS 9 are measured at fair value with gains and losses recognised in the Statement of profit or loss unless an irrevocable election has been made to recognise gains or losses in OCI. Under IFRS 9, derivatives embedded in financial assets are not bifurcated but instead the whole hybrid contract is assessed for classification.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as an asset measured at FVTPL, if in doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost only if the following conditions are met: (i) it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and (ii) the contractual terms of the financial asset represent contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

## Impairment of financial assets

IFRS 9 applies the Expected Credit Loss ("ECL") model to financial assets measured at amortised cost and debt investments at FVOCI, but not to investments in equity instruments.

The financial assets at amortised cost consist of Trade and other debtors, Cash and cash equivalents and other Intercompany debtors. ECL of Trade and other debtors and Cash and cash equivalents is calculated using simplified method (lifetime ECL) while Intercompany debtors adopt the general approach (12 month ECL).

Under IFRS 9, loss allowances are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: that result from expected default events within 12 months of the reporting date; and
- lifetime ECLs: that result from all default events anticipated during the expected life of a financial instrument.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The only exception is Cash and cash equivalents and Intercompany positions for which credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition, which is measured as 12-month ECLs. The Company has elected to measure loss allowances for Debtors at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment and including forward-looking information. The Company assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

## Note 1. General information and principal accounting policies (continued)

The Company considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Company in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

## Measurement of Expected Credit Loss ("ECL")

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls, representing the difference between the cash flows due to the Company in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

#### Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit impaired. A financial asset is credit impaired when one or more events have occurred that have a detrimental impact on estimated future cash flows of the financial asset.

#### Intercompany current accounts

Intercompany current accounts are shown in accordance with the netting agreement, which allows netting of bilateral intercompany balances within entities that are party to the netting agreement.

#### Intercompany loan

Intercompany loans are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Where there is an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date, the loans or borrowings are classified as non-current.

#### **Bank loans and Overdrafts**

Bank loans and overdrafts are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### **Issued** capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

## New and revised IFRS in issue and mandatorily effective during the year

Management have reviewed the new and revised IFRS in issue and mandatorily effective during the year. These standards have not had a material impact on the financial statements of the Group in the period of initial application.

## New and revised IFRS in issue but not yet effective

Management have reviewed the new and revised IFRS in issue but not yet effective and anticipates these standards will have no material impact on the financial statements of the Company in the period of initial application.

## Note 2. Key accounting judgements and sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts in the financial statements. Management continually evaluates its judgements, estimates and assumptions in relation to assets, liabilities, contingent liabilities, revenue and expenses. Management bases its judgements, estimates and assumptions on historical experience and on other various factors, including expectations of future events that management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances. There are no critical accounting judgements, estimates, and assumptions and there are no sources of estimation uncertainty that are likely to affect the current or future financial years other than noted below:

As at 31 December 2019 the only such estimates are related to the impairment review of investments (Notes 11 and 12). When considering the investments value in use, net asset values as well as cashflow projections which extend forward to a terminal value and which take account of the approved budget for the coming year have been used. The Company applies a suitable discount factor to the future cash flows based on its weighted average costs of capital at 11.4% (2018: 12.5%), applying rates consistent to all Group related companies. Growth rates are conservatively applied and do not exceed the expected growth in the local economy after the fifth year (Notes 11 and 12).

## Note 3. Other operating income / (expense)

This represents exchange differences arising on transactions in foreign currencies during the year and on the translation at the balance sheet date of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies.

## Note 4. Administrative expenses

	Year ended 31 Dec 2019 £'000	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Professional fees Other administrative costs Expected credit loss	15 (23) 102	33
	94	33

Expected credit loss was disclosed on the face of the Statement of profit or loss in the prior year. In the current year, expected credit loss is disclosed within Administrative expenses.

Fees paid to the Company's auditor, Deloitte LLP, and its associates for services other than the statutory audit of the Company are not disclosed in the Company's financial statements since the consolidated financial statements of its parent, TP ICAP plc, include these fees on a consolidated basis.

Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements were £9,797 (2018: £4,120).

#### Note 5. Directors remuneration

The directors did not receive any remuneration for their services to the Company during the year. (2018: £Nil).

### Note 6. Interest receivable and similar income

	Year ended 31 Dec 2019 £'000	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Group related company loans Bank deposit	1,552	4,531 2
	1,554	4,533
Note 7. Interest payable and similar expenses		
	Year ended 31 Dec 2019 £'000	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Group related company loans Bank overdraft	50,470	47,217 13
	50,470	47,230

#### Note 8. Dividends received

	Year ended 31 Dec 2019 £'000	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Dividend income from Other investments Dividend income from Subsidiaries	631,898	36 74,136
	631,898	74,172

## Note 9. Impairment of loan owed by Group related company

During the current year, the Company impaired its loan with ICAP Energy Suisse SA by £1,583,000. ICAP Energy Suisse SA had a net liability position at the year end, and it was deemed that the loan was irrecoverable.

#### Note 10. Income tax

Analysis of charge for the year:

	Year ended 31 Dec 2019 £'000	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Current tax		
UK Corporation tax – current year	(8,211)	(9,642)
Adjustments in respect of prior years - current tax	98	-
Adjustments in respect of prior years - deferred tax	113	-
Overseas tax	15	26
Aggregate income tax	(7,985)	(9,616)
Numerical reconciliation of income tax and tax at the statutory rate		
Profit before income tax	113,868	3,238
Tax at the statutory tax rate of 19%	21,635	615
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	90,215	3,836
Non taxable dividends	(120,061)	(14,093)
Overseas tax	15	26
Adjustment in respect of prior years - current tax	98	-
Adjustment in respect of prior years - deferred tax	113	
Income tax	(7,985)	(9,616)
Effective tax rate	(6.9%)	(297.0%)

In the UK, legislation to reduce the corporation tax rate from 20% to 19% from 1 April 2017 and from 19% to 17% from 1 April 2020 has been enacted. UK deferred tax will therefore unwind at a rate of 19% for periods from 1 April 2017 to 31 March 2019 and at a rate of 17% thereafter. The deferred tax balances in these financial statements reflect the legislation that was in place as at 31 December 2019. The government has subsequently announced that the reduction to 17% will not go ahead which has now been substantively enacted. The effect of the reduction to 17% is not expected to be material.

## Note 10. Income tax (continued)

	As at 31 Dec 2019 £'000	As at 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Deferred tax asset  Deferred tax asset comprises temporary differences attributable to:		
Amounts recognised in equity: IFRS 9 Adjustment	1	114
Deferred tax asset	1	114
	As at 31 Dec 2019 £'000	As at 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Tax receivable	6,886	21,519
Note 11. Non-current assets - Investment in subsidiaries		
	As at 31 Dec 2019 £'000	As at 31 Dec 2018 £'000
As at beginning of the year Transfer from / (to) current assets Additions Disposals Impairment	2,283,493 120,371 (699,066) (472,493)	2,782,864 (2,782,864) - - -
As at end of year	1,232,305	<u> </u>

Investment in subsidiaries have been classified from Current assets to Non-current assets in the year ended 31 December 2019, following a decision to prepare the financial statements on a Going Concern basis.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Company increased its investment in Exco International Limited by £97,454,000, ICAP Securities Limited by £15,500,000, ICAP Securities (No.1) BV. by £5,705,000 and ICAP Energy AS by £1,712,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Company disposed its investment in ICAP Securities Limited by £381,384,000 and ICAP Global Broking Finance Limited by £317,682,000.

The directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets. The investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less impairment.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Company impaired its investment in Garban Group Holdings Limited by £313,398,000, ICAP America Investments Limited by £157,043,000 and ICAP Securities (No. 1) BV. by £663,000. The impairments were made, following the receipt of dividends from these subsidiaries such that the net assets of the subsidiaries decreased below the book value held by it in the Company. The Company also impaired its investment in iSwap Limited by £1,389,000 due to lower profitability.

Determining whether the carrying value of investment in subsidiaries is impaired requires an estimation of the recoverable amount of each subsidiary. The recoverable amount is the higher of value in use ('VIU') or its Net realisable value ('NRV'). Value in use requires estimation of future cash flows expected to arise, the selection of suitable discount rates and the estimation of future growth rates. Future projections are based on the most recent projections considered by the Board which are used to project future pre-tax cash flows for the next five years. After this period a steady state cash flow is used to derive a terminal value for each subsidiary. Net tangible assets is used as a proxy for NRV.

## Note 11. Non-current assets - Investment in subsidiaries (continued)

As at 31 December 2019, effective growth rate varied by location but amounted to a weighted rate of 0.41% per annum over a five year projected period, with effective weighted pre tax discount rate of 11.42%. During the year the carrying value of investments has been impaired by £471,104,000. Further impairment would be required if there are changes to applicable assumptions. A 0.5% increase in the discount rate and a reduction of 20% in the effective growth rates used would increase the impairment charge by £907,000.

Investment in subsidiaries had been classified from Non-current assets to Current assets in the year ended 31 December 2018, following a decision to prepare the financial statements on a basis other than Going Concern.

As at 31 December 2019, the Company held a principal investment in the issued ordinary share capital of the following companies:

		Country of	Issued ordinary shares directly
Company	Registered Address	incorporation	•
Altex-ATS Limited	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ	England & Wales	100.0%
ICAP Holdings Limited	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ	England & Wales	100.0%
ICAP Holdings (Asia Pacific) Limited	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ	England & Wales	100.0%
ICAP Europe Limited	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ	England & Wales	100.0%
iSwap Limited	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ	England & Wales	50.1%
Exco International Limited	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ	England & Wales	100.0%
Garban Group Holdings Limited	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ	England & Wales	100.0%
ICAP America Investments Limited	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ	England & Wales	100.0%
ICAP Information Services Limited	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ	England & Wales	100.0%
ICAP Energy AS	Storetveitvegen 96, 5072 Bergen	Norway	100.0%
ICAP Securities (NO1) BV	Coengebouw – Suite 8.02, Kabelweg 37, Amsterdam 1014 BA.	Netherlands	100.0%

Full details of the Company's undertakings are disclosed on pages 26 to 33.

#### Note 12. Non-current assets - Investment in associate

	As at 31 Dec 2019 £'000	As at 31 Dec 2018 £'000
As at beginning of year	-	850
Transfer from / (to) current assets	850	(850)
Additions	206	-
Impairment	(639) _	
As at end of year	417	<del></del>

## Note 12. Non-current assets - Investment in associate (continued)

Investment in associate has been classified from Current assets to Non-current assets in the year ended 31 December 2019, following a decision to prepare the financial statements on a Going Concern basis.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Company increased its investment in Zodiac Seven Limited by £206,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Company impaired its investment in Zodiac Seven Limited by £639,000. The impairment was due to a perceived reduction in the future profitability of the investment.

Investment in associate had been classified from Non-current assets to Current assets in the year ended 31 December 2018, following a decision to prepare the financial statements on a basis other than Going Concern.

As at 31 December 2019, the Company held a principal investment in the following company:

Company	Registered Address	Country of incorporation	Issued ordinary shares directly held
Zodiac Seven Limited	71-75 Shelton Street, Covent Garden, London WC2H 9JQ	England and Wales	41.3%

Full details of the Company's undertakings are disclosed on pages 26 to 33.

## Note 13. Current assets - Debtors

	As at 31 Dec 2019 £'000	As at 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Other debtors	100	100
Loans owed by Group related companies Subordinated loan owed by Group related company Amounts owed by Group related companies Expected credit loss	18,789 1,600 22,884 (224) 43,049	21,008 1,600 1,701 (123) 24,186
Note 14. Current assets - Cash and cash equivalents	43,149  As at 31 Dec 2019	24,286  As at 31 Dec 2018
Cash at bank and in hand Expected credit loss	\$1 Dec 2019 £'000	£'000 595 (1)
	352	594

## Note 15. Current assets - Investment in subsidiaries and associate

	As at 31 Dec 2019 £'000	As at 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Investment in subsidiaries Investment in associate	<u>-</u>	2,283,493 850
		2,284,343
	As at 31 Dec 2019 £'000	As at 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Investment in associate As at beginning of the year Transfer (to) / from Non-current assets	850 (850)	850
As at the end of the year		850

Investment in associate has been classified from Current assets to Non-current assets in the year ended 31 December 2019, following a decision to prepare the financial statements on a Going Concern basis.

Investment in associate had been classified from Non-current assets to Current assets in the year ended 31 December 2018, following a decision to prepare the financial statements on a basis other than Going Concern.

	As at 31 Dec 2019 £'000	As at 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Investment in subsidiaries	Y	
As at beginning of the year	2,283,493	-
Transfer (to) / from Non-current assets	(2,283,493)	2,782,864
Additions	-	116,092
Disposals	-	(595,278)
Impairment		(20,185)
As at the end of the year		2,283,493

Investment in subsidiaries have been classified from Current assets to Non-current assets in the year ended 31 December 2019, following a decision to prepare the financial statements on a Going Concern basis.

Investment in subsidiaries had been classified from Non-current assets to Current assets in the year ended 31 December 2018, following a decision to prepare the financial statements on a basis other than Going Concern.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company increased its investment in ICAP Europe Limited by £3,180,000, ICAP Securities Limited by £13,304,000 and Exco International Limited by £99,608,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company declared a dividend in specie disposing of its entire holding of ICAP Global Broking Inc, to TP ICAP plc for £595,278,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company impaired its investment in Exco International Limited by £20,185,000. Investment in subsidiaries and Investment in associate have been classified from Non-current assets to Current assets in the year ended 31 December 2018, following a decision to prepare the financial statements on a basis other than Going Concern.

#### Note 16. Current liabilities - Creditors

			As at 31 Dec 2019 £'000	As at 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Loans owed to Group related companies Amounts owed to Group related companies		-	758,421 39,320	1,855,089
		=	797,741	1,855,089
Note 17. Equity - Issued capital				
	As at 31 Dec 2019 Shares	As at 31 Dec 2018 Shares	As at 31 Dec 2019 £'000	As at 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Allotted, issued and fully-paid ordinary shares of £1 each	4	2	<u></u>	· <u>-</u>

During the year ended 31 December 2019, the Company issued two shares to TP ICAP plc for consideration of £15,500,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company issued 553,372,846 bonus shares out of other reserves.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company reduced its share capital and share premium (by way of a solvency statement) from 553,374,849 shares of £1 each to 1 share (of £1) by cancelling 553,374,848 shares with a GBP value of £553,374,848 and reduced its share premium by £3,076,000. The surplus was transferred to Retained profits.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company issued one share for a total share premium of £16,484,000.

## Note 18. Equity - Share premium

The share premium includes the value of the proceeds above nominal on issue of the Company's share capital, comprising £1 ordinary shares.

During the year ended 31 December 2019, shares were issued that increased the share premium by £15,500,000.

During the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company issued one share for a total share premium of £16,484,000.

#### Note 19. Equity - Dividends

Dividends paid during the financial year were as follows:

	Year ended 31 Dec 2019 £'000	Year ended 31 Dec 2018 £'000
Dividend paid of £31,937,708 per ordinary share (2018: £326,263,247 per ordinary share)	127,751	652,526

## Note 20. Guarantees and contingent liabilities

There are no individual matters, which are considered to pose a significant risk of material adverse financial impact on the Company's results or net assets.

#### Note 21. Events after the reporting period

On 27 February 2020, ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited sold 100% of the shares in ICAP Europe Limited to Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited for consideration of £386,367,000 left outstanding as a debt payable by the Purchaser to the Seller.

On 26 March 2020, the directors declared and paid dividends of £6,420,000.

On 30 March 2020, the directors declared and paid dividends of £4,480,000.

On 3 April 2020, ICAP Latin American Holdings BV approved an interim dividend to be paid to ICAP Holdings (Latin America) Limited of EUR 6,916,889.49, to be settled by way of assignment of ICAP Latin America Holdings BV's receivables from ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited.

On 1 May 2020, Astley & Pearce BV approved an interim dividend to be paid to Astley & Pearce International BV of EUR 22,471,995.78, to be settled by way of assignment of Astley & Pearce BV's receivables from ICAP Global Broking Holdings Limited.

On 6 May 2020, the Company approved the incorporation and setup of a new joint venture to obtain a license to operate a domestic electronic trading platform in Indonesia for domestic IDR spot FX, NDFs and money market products.

On 22 July 2020, the Company approved:

(a) the assignment by ICAP Management Services Limited of its loan receivables from the Company in the amount of £48,364,083.55 with Loan Note references PC27 and TP00010 and the Revolving Credit Facility (the "RCF") with reference H00003, to ICAP Holdings Limited (the "Recipient"), (together the "Assignment"); and (b) that the Recipient's claim against the Company for such amount be formalized by the execution of a Deed of Assignment and new Loan Agreements in the amount of £48,364,083.55 with Loan Note references PC27-1 and TP00010-1 and RCF agreement with reference H00003-1.

On 24 July 2020, the Company as sole member of ICAP Holdings Limited (the "Assignor"), approved the declaration of a distribution by the Assignor in favor of the Company comprising of £307,746,219as a dividend in specie to be received by the Company consisting of the assignment of the intercompany receivable due under the loan agreement with reference COS0002, owed by TP ICAP plc ("Borrower 1") to the Assignor and that the Company's claim against Borrower 1 for such amount be formalised by the execution of a Deed of Assignment and a new Loan Agreement with Loan Note reference COS0002-1.

On 24 July 2020, the Company as sole member of the Assignor, the declaration of a distribution by the Assignor in favor of the Company comprising of £251,578,653 as a dividend in specie to be received by the Company consisting of the assignment of the intercompany receivables due under the loan agreements with references H00034, PC15, PC16, COS0003/1, PC11/1, H00003/1, PC27/1 and TP00010/1 owed by the Company to the Assignor, with the assignment to be formalized by the execution of a Deed of Assignment and that following the assignment the loans agreements with the references H00034, PC15, PC16, COS0003/1, PC11/1, H00003/1, PC27/1 and TP00010/1 be extinguished upon receipt by the Company.

On 2 November 2020, ICAP Global Broking Holding Limited purchased Investments from Prebon Yamane International Limited for a consideration for £1,673,990.

On 6 November 2020, ICAP Global Broking Holding Limited purchased the following subsidiaries from Tullett Prebon Investments Holdings Limited for a consideration for £17,707,838. The price consisted the following:

- 57.5% of PVM Oil Associates Pte Limited for £4,404,569.
- 80% of PVM Oil Futures Pte Limited for £448,750.
- 100% of Tullett Prebon (Hong Kong) Limited for £12,854,519.

On 5 November 2020, ICAP Global Broking Holding Limited purchased the following subsidiaries from Tullett Prebon Investments Holdings Limited for a consideration for £13,625,367. The price consisted the following:

- 100% of Prebon Yamane International Limited for £1,673,990.
- 100% of Prebon Limited for £11,951,377.

On 12 November 2020, ICAP Global Broking Holding Limited sold the entirety of the share capital held by the Company in ICAP Holdings Limited, the entirety of the share capital held by the Company in ICAP Information Services Limited; and 8,756 ordinary £0.01 shares held by the Company in Zodiac Seven Limited to Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited for a consideration of £44,769,630. This price consisted the following:

- 100% of share capital held by ICAP Holdings Limited for £44,353,001.
- 100% of share capital held by ICAP Information Services Limited for £1.
- 8,756 ordinary £0.01 shares held by Zodiac Seven Limited for £416,628.

## Note 21. Events after the reporting period (continued)

On 17 November 2020, the Company sold its investment in ICAP Energy AS to Tullett Prebon Investment Holdings Limited for a consideration of £1,712,403.

Subsequent to year end, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a novel coronavirus (COVID-19) as a pandemic, which continues to spread throughout the world. As at the date of this report, the outbreak of a novel COVID-19 virus is resulting in governments around the world, including the United Kingdom, being at various stages of managing restrictions regarding the movement of people, leading to widespread disruption and significant market volatility. This has impacted the global financial markets severely. In response, the Group, including the Company, has activated its Business Continuity Planning strategies, which include the introduction of measures to allow a significant proportion of our employees to work remotely, to safeguard their wellbeing and to continue Company operations and support of our clients. The full extent of how these conditions will impact the Company is not yet known as there is uncertainty around the duration and severity. Therefore, while we expect this matter to impact our business, results of operations, and financial position, the related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The Company has a positive net asset value and cash reserves available to help preserve its financial flexibility.

## Note 22. Immediate and ultimate parent company

The Company's immediate parent is TP ICAP plc, which prepares consolidated financial statements.

The Company's ultimate parent and controlling party is TP ICAP plc, which is incorporated in England and Wales, and heads the largest and smallest group of companies of which the Company is a member. TP ICAP plc prepares consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS. Copies of TP ICAP plc financial statements are available from the registered office: Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, England, EC2M 3TQ.

## Direct and indirect subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

At 31 December 2019, the following companies were the Company's subsidiary undertakings, associates and joint ventures.

## Subsidiary undertakings

	Country of incorporation and	Issued ordinary shares Directly	,
Name	operation	Held	Registered office address
Altex-ATS Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP Holdings Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP Holdings (Asia Pacific) Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP Europe Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
iSwap Limited	England &Wales	50.1%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Exco International Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Garban Group Holdings Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP America Investments Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP Information Services Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England

Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares Indirectly Held	, Registered office address
Exco Overseas Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Astley & Pearce (International) B.V.	Netherlands	100%	Coengebouw – Suite 8.02, Kabelweg 37, Amsterdam, 1014 BA, Netherlands
Astley & Pearce B.V.	Netherlands	100%	Coengebouw – Suite 8.02, Kabelweg 37, Amsterdam, 1014 BA, Netherlands
Astley & Pearce Deutschland GmbH	Germany	100%	Stephanstrasse 14-16, 60313 Frankfurt am Main, Germany
Cleverpride Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP Colombia Holdings S.A.S.	Colombia	93.09%	Carrera 13 No. 97-76 - Office 501, Bogota, Colombia
ICAP (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	100%	Units 2902-2909, 29th Floor, The Center,99 Queen's Road, Central, Hong Kong
Catrex Limited	British Virgin Islands	100%	Vistra Corporate Services Centre, Wickhams Cay II, Road Town, Tortola, VG1110, British Virgin Islands
ICAP Australia Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	Level 27, 9 Castlereagh Street, Sydney, New South Wales, 2000, Australia
ICAP Brokers Pty Limited	Australia	100%	Level 27, 9 Castlereagh Street, Sydney, New South Wales, 2000, Australia
ICAP Futures (Australia) Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	Level 27, 9 Castlereagh Street, Sydney, New South Wales, 2000, Australia
ICAP do Brasil Participações Ltda	Brazil	100%	Avenida das Américas, 3.500, Ed. Londres, 2º andar, Barra da Tijuca, Rio de Janeiro-RJ, CEP22640-102 – Brasil
ICAP Holdings South Africa (Pty) Limite	d South Africa	66.33%	19 Impala Road, Block A GF, Chislehurston, Sandton, 2196, South Africa

Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares Indirectly held	/ Registered office address
Garban South Africa (Pty) Limited	South Africa	66.33%	19 Impala Road, Block A GF, Chislehurston, Sandton, 2196, South Africa
ICAP African Brokers Limited	Nigeria	66.33%	Plot 1679, 4th Floor, African Re-Insurance Building, Karimu Kotun Street, Victoria Island, Lagos State, Nigeria
ICAP Broking Services South Africa (Pty) Limited	South Africa	66.33%	19 Impala Road, Block A GF, Chislehurston, Sandton, 2196, South Africa
ICAP Securities South Africa (Proprietary) Limited	South Africa	66.33%	19 Impala Road, Block A GF, Chislehurston, Sandton, 2196, South Africa
ICAP del Ecuador S.A.	Ecuador	100%	Eloy Alfaro 2515 y Catalina Aldáz, Quito, Ecuador
ICAP Investments (Nederland) B.V.	Netherlands	100%	Coengebouw – Suite 8.02, Kabelweg 37, Amsterdam, 1014 BA, Netherlands
ICAP Holdings (Nederland) B.V	Netherlands	100%	Coengebouw – Suite 8.02, Kabelweg 37, Amsterdam, 1014 BA, Netherlands
Exco Bierbaum AP Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP Ltd. & Co. oHG	Germany	100%	Stephanstrasse 14-16, 60313 Frankfurt am Main, Germany
Intermoney AP & Co. Geld-und Eurodepotmakler OHG	Germany	74.67%	Stephanstrasse 14-16, 60313 Frankfurt am Main, Germany
Nextgen Holding Co., Ltd.	Thailand	99.8%	No. 55 Wave Place Building, 13th Floor, Wireless Road, Khwaeng Lumpini, Khet Patumwan, Bangkok, 10330, Thailand
Noranda Investments Pte Ltd	Singapore	100%	50 Raffles Place, #41-00, Singapore Land Tower, 048623, Singapore
ICAP Securities Co., Ltd.	Thailand	100%	No. 55 Wave Place Building, 13th Floor, Wireless Road, Khwaeng Lumpini, Khet Patumwan, Bangkok, 10330, Thailand

Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares Indirectly held	y Registered office address
Garban-Intercapital (2001) Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Garban-Intercapital US Investments (Holdings) Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Garban-Intercapital US Investments (No 1) Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP US Holdings No 1 Limited	Gibraltar & UK Branch	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP US Holdings No 2 Limited.	Gibraltar & UK Branch	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP US Holdings No.2 Limited - Luxembourg Branch	Luxembourg	100%	17 Boulevard du Prince Henri, L-1724 Luxembourg,
ICAP Luxembourg Holdings (No. 1) S.A.R.L.	Luxembourg	100%	17 Boulevard du Prince Henri, L-1724 Luxembourg,
ICAP Energy AS	Norway	100%	Storetveitvegen 96, 5072 Bergen, Norway
ICAP Luxembourg Holdings (No. 2) S.A.R.L	Luxembourg	100%	17 Boulevard du Prince Henri, L-1724 Luxembourg,
ICAP Securities (No. 2) B.V.	Netherlands	100%	Coengebouw – Suite 8.02, Kabelweg 37, Amsterdam, 1014 BA, Netherlands
ICAP UK Investments No. 2	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP Securities (No. 1) B.V.	Netherlands	100%	Coengebouw – Suite 8.02, Kabelweg 37, Amsterdam, 1014 BA, Netherlands
ICAP UK Investments No. 1	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Garban International	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate,
ICAP Totan Securities Co., Ltd.	Japan	60%	London, EC2M 3TQ, England 4-4-10, Nihonbashi Muromachi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103-0022 Japan

Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares Indirectly held	Registered office address
ICAP New Zealand Limited	New Zealand	100%	Level 12, 36 Customhouse Quay, Wellington, 6000, New Zealand
ICAP Securities Hong Kong Limited	Hong Kong	100%	Units 2902-2909, 29th Floor, The Center, 99 Queen's Road, Central, Hong Kong
PT ICAP Indonesia	Indonesia	99%	Menara Dea Tower II 12th Floor, Kawasan Mega Kuningan, Jl. Mega Kuningan Barat Kav. E4.3, Jakarta 12950, Indonesia
Exco Nominees Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP AP (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Thailand	100%	No. 55 Wave Place Building, 13th Floor, Wireless Road, Khwaeng Lumpini, Khet Patumwan, Bangkok, 10330,
Harlow (London) Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP Holdings (EMEA) Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP Energy Suisse SA	Switzerland	100%	rue des Battoirs 7, c/o PKF Geneva SA, 1205, Geneve, Switzerland
ICAP Holdings (Latin America) Limited	England &Wales	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
ICAP Latin American Holdings B.V.	Netherlands	100%	Coengebouw – Suite 8.02, Kabelweg 37, Amsterdam, 1014 BA, Netherlands
TP ICAP Holdings (Singapore) Pte Limited	Singapore	100%	50 Raffles Place, #41-00, Singapore Land Tower, 048623, Singapore
ICAP do Brasil Corretora de Títulos e Valores Mobiliários Ltda	Brazil	100%	Avenida das Américas, 3.500, Ed. Londres, 2º andar, Barra da Tijuca, Rio de Janeiro-RJ, CEP 22640-102 Brasil
TP ICAP Management Services (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	100%	Units 2902-2909, 29th Floor, The Center, 99 Queen's Road, Central, Hong Kong

Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares Indirect held	
ICAP Management Services Limited	England &Wales & Philippine Branch	100%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
iSwap Euro Limited	England &Wales	50.1%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
iSwap US Inc	US	50.1%	251 Little Falls Drive, Wilmington, Delaware, 19808, United States
iSwap Euro B.V	Netherlands	50.1%	Teleport Towers, 7th Floor, Kingsfordweg 151, Amsterdam, 1043 GR, Netherlands

Associates and joint ventures		Issued	
Name	Country of incorporation and operation	ordinary shares Directly Held	Registered office address
Zodiac Seven Limited	England	35%	71-75 Shelton Street, Covent Garden, London, WC2H 9JQ
Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares Indirectly held	y Registered office address
SET-ICAP Securities S.A.	Colombia	47.41%	Carrera 11 No. 93-46 – Oficina 403, Bogotá, Colombia
SIF ICAP Servicios, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	50%	Paseo de la Reforma No 255, Piso 7, Colonia Cuauhtemoc, 06500 D F Mexico
SIF ICAP Chile Holding Ltda	Chile	50%	Avenida Andres Bello 2711, Piso 8, Santiago, Chile
SIF ICAP CHILE SA.	Chile	40%	Avenida Andres Bello 2711, Piso 8, Santiago, Chile
SIF ICAP, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	50%	Paseo de la Reforma No 255, Piso 7, Colonia Cuauhtemoc, 06500 D F Mexico
Datos Técnicos, S.A.	Peru	25%	Pasaje Acuña 106 - Lima, Peru
ICAP Bio Organic S. de RL de CV	Mexico	50%	Paseo de la Reforma No 255, Piso 7, Colonia Cuauhtemoc, 06500 D F Mexico
Plataforma Mexicana De Carbono, S De RL De CV	/ Mexico	50%	Paseo de la Reforma No 255, Piso 7, Colonia Cuauhtemoc, 06500 D F Mexico
SIF Agro, S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	50%	Paseo de la Reforma No 255, Piso 7, Colonia Cuauhtemoc, 06500 D F Mexico
SIF ICAP Derivados S.A. de C.V.	Mexico	50%	Paseo de la Reforma No 255, Piso 7, Colonia Cuauhtemoc, 06500 D F Mexico
Corretaje e Información Monetaria y de Divisas, S.	A. Spain	21.47%	Torre Picasso, Pza Pablo Ruiz Picasso, s/n-Plantas 22 y 23, Madrid, Spain
Central Totan Securities Co., Ltd.	Japan	20%	4-4-10, Nihonbashi Muromachi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103-0022 Japan
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Name	Country of incorporation and operation	Issued ordinary shares Indirectl held	·
Totan ICAP Co., Ltd.	Japan	40%	7th Floor, Totan Muromachi Building, 4-4-10 Nihonbashi Muromachi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, 103-0022, Japan
Amanah Butler Malaysia Sdn Bhd	Malaysia	32.1%	802, 8th Floor, Block C, Kelana Square, 17 Jalan SS7/26, 47301 Petaling Jaya, Selangor Darul Ehsan, Malaysia
SET-ICAP FX S.A.	Colombia	47.94%	Carrera 11 No. 93-46 – Oficina 403, Bogotá, Colombia
ICAP (Middle East) W.L.L.	Bahrain	49%	PO Box 5488, 43rd Floor, 4301, West Tower, Bahrain Financial Harbour, Bahrain
Patshare Limited	England &Wales	50%	Floor 2, 155 Bishopsgate, London, EC2M 3TQ, England
Automated Confirmation Services Limited	England &Wales	30.30%	ISIS Building, Marsh Wall, London, E14 9SG, England
ICAP IL India Private Limited	India	40%	Office No. 6, 3rd Floor, C Wing, Laxmi Towers, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai, 400051, Maharashtra, India