Company registration number 09050473 (England and Wales)	
ELITE LAW SOLICITORS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2023 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2023

		2023	•	2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		-		4,000
Tangible assets	4		51,637		31,318
			51,637		35,318
Current assets					
Debtors	5	1,200,403		1,087,791	
Cash at bank and in hand		428,069		340,889	
		1,628.472		1,428,680	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(680,720)		(560,588)	
Net current assets			947,752		868,092
Total assets less current liabilities			999,389		903,410
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(134,612)		(225,214)
Provisions for liabilities			(12,909)		(5,950)
Net assets			851,868		672,246
Capital and reserves			000		000
Called up share capital	8		900		900
Profit and loss reserves			850,968		671,346
Total equity			851,868		672,246

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 28 February 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2023

The	financial statements were an	proved by the board of direct	ore and authorised for issue	on 15 hine 2023 and	lare cianed on its behalf by

S Howey
Director
Director

J Scozzi
Director

Company Registration No. 09050473

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2023

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Elite Law Solicitors Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Equity House, 57 Hill Avenue, Amersham, Buckinghamshire, IIP6 5BX.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amertised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is five years

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% written down value Computer equipment 25% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2023

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2023

2	Employees
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	The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the co	ompany during the year was:	
		2023	2022
		Number	Number
	Total	43	32
3	Intangible fixed assets		
			Goodwill £
	Cost		
	At 1 March 2022 and 28 February 2023		510,000
	Amortisation and impairment		
	At I March 2022		506,000
	Amortisation charged for the year		4,000
	At 28 February 2023		510,000
	Carrying amount		
	At 28 February 2023		-
	At 28 February 2022		4,000
4	Tangible fixed assets		Plant and machinery etc
			£
	Cost		
	At I March 2022		48,382
	Additions		30,990
	At 28 February 2023		79,372
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 March 2022		17,064
	Depreciation charged in the year		10,671
	At 28 February 2023		27,735
	Carrying amount		
	At 28 February 2023		51,637
	At 28 February 2022		31,318

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2023

2022	2023			Debtors	
£022	£			Amounts falling due within one year:	
599,190	737,899			Trade debtors	
488,601	462,504			Other debtors	
1,087,791	1,200,403				
				Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	
2022	2023				
£	£				
79,966	76,089			Bank loans	
24,546	31,944			Trade creditors	
348,956	328,843			Taxation and social security	
107,120	243,844			Other creditors	
560,588	680,720				
				Security has been provided for the bank loans.	
				Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	
2022	2023				
£	£				
225,214	134,612			Bank loans and overdrafts	
				Security has been provided for the bank loans.	
				Called up share capital	
2022	2023	2022	2023	Chirt up innie tupimi	
£	£	Number	Number	Ordinary share capital	
				Issued and fully paid	
610	610	610	610	Ordinary shares of £1 each	
290	290	290	290	Ordinary B shares of £1 each	

The ordinary shares and ordinary B shares have full dividend, voting and capital distribution rights.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2023

9 Operating lease commitments

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2023 2022 £ £

615,754 229,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.