Company Registration No. 09050473 (England and Wales)
ELITE LAW SOLICITORS LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2022

		2022	2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Intangible assets	3		4,000		16,000	
Tangible assets	4		31,318		11,727	
			35,318		27,727	
Current assets						
Debtors	5	1,087,791		842,231		
Cash at bank and in hand		340,889		192,995		
		1,428,680		1.035,226		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(560,588)		(481,143)		
Net current assets			868,092		554,083	
Total assets less current liabilities			903,410		581,810	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(225,214)		(434,845)	
Provisions for liabilities			(5,950)		(2,228)	
Net assets			672,246		144,737	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	8		900		900	
Profit and loss reserves			671,346		143,837	
Total equity			672,246		144,737	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 28 February 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 28 FEBRUARY 2022

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on	30 May	2022 and are	signed on it	s behalf
hv:				

S Howey J Mistri
Director Director

Company Registration No. 09050473

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Elite Law Solicitors Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Equity House, 57 Hill Avenue, Amersham, Buckinghamshire, HP6 5BX.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is five years.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment 20% written down value Computer equipment 25% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and eash equivalents are basic financial assets and include eash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

1.10 Employee benefits

(Communa)

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

		2022 Number	2021 Number
	T		
	Total	32	25
3	Intangible fixed assets		
			Goodwill £
	Cost		*
	At 1 March 2021 and 28 February 2022		510,000
	Amortisation and impairment		
	At 1 March 2021		494,000
	Amortisation charged for the year		12,000
	At 28 February 2022		506,000
	Carrying amount		
	At 28 February 2022		4.000
	At 28 February 2021		16.000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

4	Tangible fixed assets	ı	Plant and machinery etc
			£
	Cost		
	At I March 2021		23,056
	Additions		26,156
	Disposals		(830)
	At 28 February 2022		48,382
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 March 2021		11,329
	Depreciation charged in the year		6.348
	Eliminated in respect of disposals		(613)
	At 28 February 2022		17,064
	Carrying amount		
	At 28 February 2022		31.318
	At 28 February 2021		11,727
5	Debtors		
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2022 £	2021 £
	Trade debtors	599,190	472,564
	Other debtors	488,601	369,667
		1,087,791	842,231
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Bank loans	79,966	41,666
	Trade creditors	24,546	16,835
	Taxation and social security	348,956	304,351
	Other creditors	107,120	118,291
		560,588	481,143
	Security has been provided for the bank loans.		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 28 FEBRUARY 2022

7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more th	an one year			
	_	-		2022	2021
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			225,214	305,736
	Other creditors			-	129,109
				225,214	434,845
	Security has been provided for the bank loans.				
8	Called up share capital				
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	610	610	610	610
	Ordinary B shares of £1 each	290	290	290	290
		900	900	900	900

The ordinary shares have full dividend, voting and capital distribution rights. The ordinary B shares have restricted rights.

9 Operating lease commitments

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2022	2021
£	£
229,000	93,700

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