Prolific Academic Ltd

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

31 December 2020

Prolific Academic Ltd

Registered number: 08991598

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2020

	Notes		31/12/20		30/4/20
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		673		779
Tangible assets	4		36,104		14,349
			36,777	_	15,128
Current assets					
Debtors	5	253,621		345,887	
Cash at bank and in hand		8,509,001		4,400,866	
		8,762,622		4,746,753	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	6	(7,524,183)		(4,276,913)	
Net current assets			1,238,439		469,840
Net assets		<u>-</u>	1,275,216	- -	484,968
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Capital contributions reserve			25,702		22,692
Profit and loss account			1,249,414		462,176
Shareholders' funds		_ _	1,275,216	_ _	484,968

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

P Bradley

Director

Approved by the board on 20 September 2021

Prolific Academic Ltd

Notes to the Accounts

for the period from 1 May 2020 to 31 December 2020

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes the rendering of services. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years

Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Computer equipment over 3 years Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees 31/12/20 30/4/20 Number Number

Average number of	persons employ	ed by the company
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30

3 Intangible fixed assets

Cost

£

20

At 1 May 2020	792
At 31 December 2020	792
Amortisation	
At 1 May 2020	13
Provided during the period	106
At 31 December 2020	119
Net book value	
At 31 December 2020	673
At 30 April 2020	779

Intangible assets are being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

5

		Computer equipment
		£
Cost		
At 1 May 2020		22,556
Additions		29,645
Disposals		(1,358)
At 31 December 2020		50,843
Depreciation		
At 1 May 2020		8,207
Charge for the period		7,210
On disposals		(678)
At 31 December 2020		14,739
Net book value		
At 31 December 2020		36,104
At 30 April 2020		14,349
Debtors	31/12/20	30/4/20
	£	£
	2	2
Trade debtors	913	128,502
Deferred tax asset	51,710	62,029

	Other debtors	200,998	155,356
		253,621	345,887
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	31/12/20	30/4/20
		£	£
	Trade creditors	73,197	15,281
	Taxation and social security costs	333,281	76,564
	Other creditors	7,117,705	4,185,068
		7,524,183	4,276,913

7 Share Based Payment Transactions

The parent company operates an EMI qualifying share option scheme. The cost of issuing is recognised in the Company to represent the services received from its employees and this is recognised in lie with requirements of FRS 102 for equity-settled arrangments. As at the Balance Sheet Date, the company had granted 166,876 EMI qualifying share options to 11 employees with exercise prices as below:

70,000	Strike price	\$0.0001
78,403	Strike price	\$1.012
5,005	Strike price	\$0.05
22,505	Strike price	\$3.327

As at 31 December 2020 139,876 shares had vested. None of the remaining shares had been exercised. The shares initially vest after 12 months, and from then on they vest monthly over the following 36 months.

8 Controlling party

The company is a 100% subsidiary of Prolific Technologies Inc, 1209 Orange Street, Wilmington, County of New Castle, United States.

9 Other information

Prolific Academic Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

81 St. Clements St, The Wheelhouse

Angel Court First Floor

Oxford

Oxfordshire

OX4 1AW

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