IMP Install Ltd Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31st March 2018

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Statement of Financial Position

31st March 2018

Fixed assets	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Tangible assets	5	14,835	16,871
Current assets			
Debtors	6	190,662	168,545
Cash at bank and in hand		204,540	177,971
		395,202	346,516
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	94,537	133,959
Net current assets		300,665	212,557
Total assets less current liabilities	•	315,500	229,428
Net assets		315,500	229,428
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		200	200
Profit and loss account		315,300	229,228
Shareholders funds	·	315,500	229,428

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st March 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

31st March 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 12th December 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr I L James Director

Company registration number: 08956203

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31st March 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 9 Cheam Road, Ewell, Epsom, KT17 1SP, England.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31st March 2018

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible assets (continued)

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Motor Vehicles Equipment

25% straight line

- 25% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2017: 2).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31st March 2018

5.	Tangible assets			
	·	Motor vehicles	Equipment	Total
	Cost	£	£	£
	At 1st April 2017	33,065	716	33,781
	Additions	8,340	_	8,340
	At 31st March 2018	41,405	716	42,121
	Depreciation			
	At 1st April 2017	16,561	349	16,910
	Charge for the year	10,197	179	10,376
	At 31st March 2018	26,758	528	27,286
	Carrying amount			
	At 31st March 2018	14,647	188	14,835
	At 31st March 2017	16,504	367	16,871
6.	Debtors			
			2018	2017
			£	£
	Trade debtors		186,999	133,753
	Other debtors		3,663	34,792
	·		190,662	168,545
7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		,	
			2018	2017
			£	£
	Trade creditors	•	18,238	17,812
	Corporation tax		33,548	33,786
	Social security and other taxes Other creditors		41,128	33,014 49,347
	One ordinors		1,623	
			94,537	133,959

8. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

The directors made advances to the company during the year. The balance that the company owed to the director is £51.91 (2017: £43,851.91).

9. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr Ian James, Mr Peter Hayward and Mr Dean Jacobs throughout the current year. Mr Ian James is the managing director and majority shareholder. Dividends totalling £55,000 was paid during the year (2017: £45,000).