COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 08937134

AJG DIRECT LIMITED FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 December 2018

AJG DIRECT LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 December 2018

	2018			2017
	Note	£	£	£
Current assets				
Debtors	5	1,264		3,854
Cash at bank and in hand		42,264		49,589
		43,528		53,443
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(40,121)		(51,518)
Net current assets			3,407	1,925
Total assets less current liabilities			3,407	1,925
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			1	1
Profit and loss account			3,406	1,924
Shareholders funds			3,407	1,925

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 April 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

P Gillett

Director

Company registration number: 08937134

AJG DIRECT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 56 Stamford Street, London, SE1 9LX.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The judgements (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to NiI (2017: 9).

5. Debtors

	2018	2017
	£	£
Other debtors	1,264	3,854
6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2018	2017
	£	£
Trade creditors	_	5,627
Corporation tax	2,355	3,732
Social security and other taxes	28,165	13,548
Other creditors	9,601	28,611
	40,121	51,518

7. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

No transactions with director were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under FRS102 section 1A.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.