Command Deviatoration No. 00047477 (Formion deviators)	
Company Registration No. 08917477 (England and Wales)	
BRISTOL 2015 LIMITED	
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 27 FEBRUARY 2017	
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

# **COMPANY INFORMATION**

Directors S G West

R A Barr B M Watts H M Browning

P C Achieng-Kindberg

J Stephenson
C Hassan
G R P Ferguson
G Orpen
K Ranger
A D Garrad
M Shepherd
E L Zeidler

Company number 08917477

Registered office The Conifers

Filton Road Hambrook Bristol BS16 1QG

Accountants Houghton Stone

The Conifers
Filton Road
Hambrook
Bristol
BS16 1QG

# CONTENTS

	Page	
Balance sheet	1	
Notes to the financial statements	2 - 4	

### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### AS AT 27 FEBRUARY 2017

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	3	_		153,215	
Cash at bank and in hand	4	2,875		180,243	
		2,875		333,458	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one	e				
year	5	(834)		(333,458)	
Net current assets			2,041		-
		:			
Reserves					
Income and expenditure account			2,041		-
•		;			

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the income and expenditure account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 27 February 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 24 November 2017 and are signed on its behalf by:

A D Garrad

Director

Company Registration No. 08917477

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 27 FEBRUARY 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Bristol 2015 Limited is a private company limited by guarantee incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is The Conifers, Filton Road, Hambrook, Bristol, BS16 1QG.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 27 February 2017 are the first financial statements of Bristol 2015 Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 March 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

#### 1.2 Going concern

The company ceased trading on 31 March 2016.

#### 1.3 Income and expenditure

Income and expenses are included in the financial statements as they become receivable or due.

Expenses include VAT where applicable as the company cannot reclaim it.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold improvements 20% reducing balance Computer equipment 33.3% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to surplus or deficit.

#### 1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 27 FEBRUARY 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 27 FEBRUARY 2017

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 0 (2016 - 0).

#### 3 Debtors

	2017	2016
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Trade debtors	-	120,000
Other debtors	-	33,215
	<del>-</del> _	153,215

#### 4 Cash at bank and in hand

The company bank balance is being held by a third party and payments are being made on the company's behalf after being authorised. The company has immediate access to these funds on request.

### 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade creditors	834	178,248
Other creditors	-	155,210
	834	333,458

#### 6 Members' liability

The company is limited by guarantee, not having a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding £1.

### 7 Reconciliations on adoption of FRS 102

No adjustments were necessary in respect of the transition from UK GAAP to FRS 102.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.