

Registered number: 08838551

Acorn International Distribution Limited

Unaudited

Financial statements

Information for filing with the registrar

For the year ended 31 January 2020

Balance sheet
As at 31 January 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	1,488	3,425
Current assets			
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	5,756	5,875
Cash at bank and in hand		571,001	275,925
		<u>576,757</u>	<u>281,800</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(191,032)	(132,137)
Net current assets		<u>385,725</u>	<u>149,663</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>387,213</u>	<u>153,088</u>
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred tax	7	(189)	(498)
Net assets		<u><u>387,024</u></u>	<u><u>152,590</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	100	100
Profit and loss account		386,924	152,490
		<u><u>387,024</u></u>	<u><u>152,590</u></u>

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

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J D Simons

Director

Date: 29 April 2020

The notes on pages 2 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 January 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales, within the United Kingdom, registered number 08838551.

The address of its registered office is: A2 Yeoman Gate, Yeoman Way, Worthing, West Sussex BN13 3QZ.

The address of its principal place of business is: 17 Park Road, Barton Under Needwood, Staffordshire DE13 8DW.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 January 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of income and retained earnings on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.5 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

2.6 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Statement of income and retained earnings when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.7 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 January 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery	-	33%
Office equipment	-	33%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings.

2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.10 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.11 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

2.12 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 6 (2019 - 6).

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 January 2020

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 February 2019	2,798	6,541	9,339
At 31 January 2020	2,798	6,541	9,339
Depreciation			
At 1 February 2019	894	5,020	5,914
Charge for the year on owned assets	933	1,004	1,937
At 31 January 2020	1,827	6,024	7,851
Net book value			
At 31 January 2020	971	517	1,488
At 31 January 2019	1,904	1,521	3,425

5. Debtors

	2020 £	2019 £
Other debtors	-	870
Prepayments and accrued income	5,756	5,005
	<u>5,756</u>	<u>5,875</u>

6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Corporation tax	188,787	120,444
Other creditors	795	498
Accruals and deferred income	1,450	11,195
	<u>191,032</u>	<u>132,137</u>

Notes to the financial statements
For the year ended 31 January 2020

7. Deferred taxation

	2020 £
At beginning of year	(498)
Utilised in year	309
At end of year	(189)

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2020 £	2019 £
Accelerated capital allowances	(253)	(582)
Pension creditor	64	84
	<u>(189)</u>	<u>(498)</u>

8. Share capital

	2020 £	2019 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
50 (2019 - 50) Allotted, called up, and fully paid: A Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	50	50
50 (2019 - 50) Allotted, called up, and fully paid: B Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	50	50
	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

9. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £7,577 (2019 - £6,247). Contributions totalling £379 (2019 - £498) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.