Company Registration No. 08833021 (England and Wales)	
LANCACE DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED	
LANGAGE DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED  UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020	
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# **BALANCE SHEET**

#### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2020

		2020		2020 2019		2020		
	Notes	£	£	£	£			
Fixed assets								
Investments	2		0.01		0.01			
Current assets								
Debtors	3	0.01		0.01				
Net current assets			0.01		0.01			
Total assets less current liabilities			0.02		0.02			
			_		_			
Capital and reserves								
Called up share capital	4		0.02		0.02			
					_			

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 September 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

S J Pickup

Director

Company Registration No. 08833021

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Langage Developments Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 26 Ellerbeck Court, Stokesley Business Park, Stokesley, North Yorkshire, United Kingdom, TS9 5PT.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Profit and loss account

The company has not traded during the year or the preceding financial period. During this time, the company received no income and incurred no expenditure and therefore no Profit and loss account is presented in these financial statements.

#### 1.3 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### 1.4 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.5 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

_			_	
2	Fixed	asset	investment	S

		2020 £	2019 £
	Shares in group undertakings	0.01	0.01
		<b>—</b>	
3	Debtors		
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2020 £	2019 £
	Other debtors	0.01	0.01
	As at 31st December 2020 Mr K Clarke, a director of the company, owed £0.01 (20	19:£0.01) to Langage	

As at 31st December 2020 Mr K Clarke, a director of the company, owed £0.01 (2019:£0.01) to Langage Developments Limited.

### 4 Called up share capital

	2020	2019
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and not fully paid		
2 Ordinary share of 1p each	0.02	0.02

<sup>1</sup> Ordinary Share is fully paid, and 1 Ordinary Share is unpaid.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2020

# 5 Parent company

This company is a subsidiary of Carlton Energy Limited by virtue of it holding all share capital.

The ultimate controlling entity is Carlton Energy Limited.

The registered office of Carlton Energy Limited is 26 Ellerbeck Court, Stokesley Business Park, Stokesley, Middlesbrough, TS9 5PT.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.