

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 08828894

**OGD Transport and Site Services Limited**

**Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements**

**31 December 2021**

# **OGD Transport and Site Services Limited**

## **Financial Statements**

**Year ended 31 December 2021**

---

<b>Contents</b>	<b>Page</b>	
Chartered certified accountants report to the director on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements		<b>1</b>
Statement of financial position	<b>2</b>	
Notes to the financial statements	<b>4</b>	

# **OGD Transport and Site Services Limited**

## **Chartered Certified Accountants Report to the Director on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of OGD Transport and Site Services Limited Year ended 31 December 2021**

---

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of OGD Transport and Site Services Limited for the year ended 31 December 2021, which comprise the statement of financial position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us. As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at [www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance](http://www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance). Our work has been undertaken in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF as detailed at [www.icaew.com/compilation](http://www.icaew.com/compilation).

SMITH & CO Chartered Certified Accountants

Unit G2 Tanfield Business Centre Stanley Co Durham DH9 9DB

15 March 2022

# OGD Transport and Site Services Limited

## Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	5	4,558	5,260
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	6	8,424	7,339
Cash at bank and in hand		1	8,562
		-----	-----
		8,425	15,901
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	7	1,583	8,123
		-----	-----
<b>Net current assets</b>		6,842	7,778
		-----	-----
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		11,400	13,038
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	8	11,385	13,000
		-----	-----
<b>Net assets</b>		15	38
		-----	-----
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Profit and loss account		15	38
		---	---
<b>Shareholders funds</b>		15	38
		---	---

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 December 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

# OGD Transport and Site Services Limited

## Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

**31 December 2021**

---

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 15 March 2022 ,  
and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R Holland

Director

Company registration number: 08828894

# OGD Transport and Site Services Limited

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2021

---

### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 18 Gray Terrace, Oxhill, Stanley, Co Durham, DH9 7LB.

### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

**Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings	-	25% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	-	25% reducing balance
Office Equipment	-	25 % reducing balance

**Impairment of fixed assets**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

#### Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset. Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2020: 2 ).

#### 5. Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 January 2021	—	16,498	300	16,798
Additions	313	—	503	816
	----	-----	----	-----
<b>At 31 December 2021</b>	313	16,498	803	17,614
	----	-----	----	-----
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 January 2021	—	11,278	260	11,538
Charge for the year	78	1,305	135	1,518
	----	-----	----	-----
<b>At 31 December 2021</b>	78	12,583	395	13,056
	----	-----	----	-----
<b>Carrying amount</b>				
<b>At 31 December 2021</b>	235	3,915	408	4,558
	----	-----	----	-----
At 31 December 2020	—	5,220	40	5,260
	----	-----	----	-----

#### 6. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	—	1,000
Other debtors	8,424	6,339
	-----	-----
	8,424	7,339
	-----	-----

#### 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	291	—
Corporation tax	615	2,743
Social security and other taxes	14	—
Credit card	51	54
Other creditors	612	5,326
	-----	-----
	1,583	8,123
	-----	-----



## 8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	11,385	13,000
	.....	.....

## 9. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2021			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr R Holland	6,339	2,085	8,424
	.....	.....	.....

  

2020			
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr R Holland	4,713	1,626	6,339
	.....	.....	.....

## 10. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr Holland throughout the current and previous year. Mr Holland is a director and majority shareholder. No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 8 for Smaller Entities

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.