# Company Registration Number: 08813223 (England and Wales)

Unaudited abridged accounts for the year ended 31 March 2021

Period of accounts

Start date: 01 April 2020

End date: 31 March 2021

## Contents of the Financial Statements for the Period Ended 31 March 2021

Balance sheet

Notes

### **Balance** sheet

### As at 31 March 2021

	Notes	2021	2020
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets:	3	14,809	15,223
Total fixed assets:	_	14,809	15,223
Current assets			
Debtors:	4	9,493	9,088
Cash at bank and in hand:		448,587	483,588
Total current assets:		458,080	492,676
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year:	5	(22,271)	(71,181)
Net current assets (liabilities):		435,809	421,495
Total assets less current liabilities:		450,618	436,718
Provision for liabilities:		(2,985)	(2,892)
Total net assets (liabilities):		447,633	433,826
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital:		100	100
Share premium account:		9,900	9,900
Profit and loss account:		437,633	423,826
Shareholders funds:	_	447,633	433,826

The notes form part of these financial statements

#### **Balance sheet statements**

For the year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The members have agreed to the preparation of abridged accounts for this accounting period in accordance with Section 444(2A).

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The directors have chosen to not file a copy of the company's profit & loss account.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 20 May 2021 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Name: J Graham Status: Director

The notes form part of these financial statements

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

#### for the Period Ended 31 March 2021

#### 1. Accounting policies

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Section 1A (Small Entities) of Financial Reporting Standard 102

#### **Turnover policy**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the commission receivable.

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation policy

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:Computer equipment 33% reducing balancePlant and machinery 25% reducing balanceFixtures, fittings, tools and equipment 25% reducing balance

#### Intangible fixed assets and amortisation policy

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

#### Other accounting policies

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured atamortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for badand doubtful debts. Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method. Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account. A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion intax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to thereversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted. Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical costare translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use andobligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum leasepayments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest onthe remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term andits useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term. Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### for the Period Ended 31 March 2021

### 2. Employees

	2021	2020
Average number of employees during the period	9	8

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### for the Period Ended 31 March 2021

### 3. Tangible Assets

	Total
Cost	£
At 01 April 2020	40,694
Additions	6,616
Disposals	(1,299)
At 31 March 2021	46,011
Depreciation	
At 01 April 2020	25,471
Charge for year	6,160
On disposals	(429)
At 31 March 2021	31,202
Net book value	
At 31 March 2021	14,809
At 31 March 2020	15,223

### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### for the Period Ended 31 March 2021

### 4. Debtors

	2021	2020
	£	£
Debtors due after more than one year:	9,493	9,088

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

for the Period Ended 31 March 2021

**5. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year note** 2021 2020 £ £Taxation and social security costs 18,587 34,302Other creditors 3,684 36,879 22,271 71,181

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