Registered number: 08796158

JOHN BUXTON SERVICES LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 30 APRIL 2018 TO 31 MARCH 2019

Bradburn & Co Accountants Ltd

Victoria House 2a Victoria Mount Prenton CH43 5TH

John Buxton Services Ltd Unaudited Financial Statements For the Period 30 April 2018 to 31 March 2019

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John Buxton Services Ltd Statement of Financial Position As at 31 March 2019

Registered number: 08796158

		Period to 31 March 2019		29 April 2018	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		706		1,059
				_	
			706		1,059
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	4	232,125		264,248	
Cash at bank and in hand		73,393	_	21,532	
		305,518		285,780	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within					
One Year	5	(228,713)		(206,249)	
			-		
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			76,805		79,531
				_	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			77,511		80,590
LIABILITIES				_	
NET ASSETS			77,511		80,590
				=	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	6		100		100
Income Statement			77,411		80,490
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			77,511	_	80,590
				=	

John Buxton Services Ltd Statement of Financial Position (continued) As at 31 March 2019

For the period ending 31 March 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

27/08/2019

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Income Statement.

On behalf of the board	
Mr John Buxton	

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

John Buxton Services Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period 30 April 2018 to 31 March 2019

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures & Fittings

25% reducing balance

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

John Buxton Services Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the Period 30 April 2018 to 31 March 2019

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was	Average number of	employees.	includina	directors.	during the	year was as follows:
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	Period to 31 March 2019	29 April 2018
Office and administration	1	1
Sales, marketing and distribution	1	1
		2

3. Tangible Assets

	Fixtures & Fittings
	£
Cost	
As at 30 April 2018	3,100
As at 31 March 2019	3,100
Depreciation	
As at 30 April 2018	2,041
Provided during the period	353
As at 31 March 2019	2,394
Net Book Value	
As at 31 March 2019	706
As at 30 April 2018	1,059

4. **Debtors**

	Period to 31 March 2019	29 April 2018
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	5,700	13,439
Prepayments and accrued income	-	184
Other debtors	226,425	250,625
	232,125	264,248

John Buxton Services Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the Period 30 April 2018 to 31 March 2019

5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	Period to 31 March 2019	29 April 2018
	£	£
Corporation tax	13,435	8,424
VAT	3,760	3,399
Accruals and deferred income	820	800
Directors' loan accounts	210,698	193,626
	228,713	206,249
6. Share Capital		
	Period to 31	29 April
	March 2019	2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

7. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees

Dividends paid to directors

	Period to 31 March 2019	29 April 2018
	£	£
Mrs Jacqueline Buxton	30,000	25,000
Mr John Buxton	30,000	15,000

8. Ultimate Controlling Party

The company's ultimate controlling party is Mr & Mrs J Buxton by virtue of their ownership of 100% of the issued share capital in the company.

9. General Information

John Buxton Services Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 08796158. The registered office is 8 Huby Park, Huby, Leeds, LS17 0EE.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.