Company Registration No. 08790301 (England and Wales)
GELDER JOINERY LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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## **BALANCE SHEET**

#### AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

		201	2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Intangible assets	3		14,740		29,480	
Tangible assets	4		54,953		32,852	
Current assets						
Stocks		70,646		83,793		
Debtors	5	93,975		114,798		
Cash at bank and in hand		68,287		49,859		
		232,908		248,450		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(129,692)		(163,930)		
year	•					
Net current assets			103,216		84,520	
Total assets less current liabilities			172,909		146,852	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more	_		(15.005)			
than one year	7		(15,827)		(15,827)	
Not appete			457.000		424.005	
Net assets			157,082 ———		131,025	
Capital and reserves	8		120.001		100.001	
Called up share capital Profit and loss reserves	0		120,001		120,001	
Floir and loss leserves			37,081		11,024	
Total equity			157,082		131,025	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 September 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

# **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

## AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 7 February 2018 and are signed on its behalf by:

B Gelder

Director

Company Registration No. 08790301

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Gelder Joinery Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 264 Banbury Road, Oxford, OX2 7DY.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2017 are the first financial statements of Gelder Joinery Limited prepared in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 October 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

### 1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 5 years.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment25% Reducing BalanceFixtures and fittings25% Reducing BalanceMotor vehicles25% Reducing Balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

#### 1.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### 1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

#### 1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

#### 1.10 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

## 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 15 (2016 - 13).

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

3	Intangible fixed assets	Goodwill
		£
	Cost At 1 October 2016 and 30 September 2017	73,700
	Amortisation and impairment	
	At 1 October 2016	44,220
	Amortisation charged for the year	14,740
	At 30 September 2017	58,960
	Carrying amount	
	At 30 September 2017	14,740
	At 30 September 2016	29,480
		<del></del>
4	Tangible fixed assets	Plant and machinery etc
		£
	Cost	
	At 1 October 2016	49,967
	Additions	30,958
	At 30 September 2017	80,925
	Depreciation and impairment	
	At 1 October 2016	17,115
	Depreciation charged in the year	8,857
	At 30 September 2017	25,972
	Carrying amount	
	At 30 September 2017	54,953
	At 30 September 2016	32,852
5	Debtors	2017 2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£ £
	Trade debtors	91,229 114,798
	Other debtors	2,746
		93,975 114,798

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	,	2017	2016
		£	£
	Trade creditors	43,794	18,087
	Corporation tax	4,544	8,098
	Other taxation and social security	46,673	44,566
	Other creditors	34,681	93,179
		129,692	163,930
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Other creditors	15,827	15,827
8	Called up share capital		
		2017	2016
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	60,001 Ordinary A Shares of £1 each	60,001	60,001
	60,000 Ordinary B Shares of £1 each	60,000	60,000
		120,001	120,001

## 9 Related party transactions

During the year remuneration of £40,000 (2016: £40,000) was paid to directors.

At the year end the company owed directors £15,827 (2016: £25,827).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.