Registration number: 8784981

# Farm Veterinary Aviation Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

Max Accountants Ltd Suite 7, Unit 16A Oakham Enterprise Park Ashwell Road Oakham Rutland LE15 7TU

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# **Company Information**

**Director** Mr Mike Thorne

**Registered office** 12A Ayston Road

Uppingham Rutland LE15 9RL

Accountants Max Accountants Ltd

Suite 7, Unit 16A Oakham Enterprise Park

Ashwell Road Oakham Rutland LE15 7TU

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# (Registration number: 8784981) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	134,219	160,105
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	8,654	6,111
Cash at bank and in hand		10,531	5,416
		19,185	11,527
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(165,486)	(164,040)
Net current liabilities		(146,301)	(152,513)
Total assets less current liabilities		(12,082)	7,592
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>6</u>	(85,464)	(104,794)
Provisions for liabilities		(26,844)	(32,021)
Net liabilities		(124,390)	(129,223)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>?</u>	100	100
Profit and loss account		(124,490)	(129,323)
Total equity		(124,390)	(129,223)

For the financial year ending 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages  $\underline{4}$  to  $\underline{8}$  form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 8784981) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2018

Approved and authorised I	by the director on 8 August 2019
••••••••••	
Mr Mike Thorne	
Director	
	The notes on pages 4 to 8 form an integral part of these financial statements Page 3

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England.

The address of its registered office is: 12A Ayston Road Uppingham Rutland LE15 9RL

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 8 August 2019.

#### 2 Accounting policies

### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Plant and Machinery
Office Equipment

Depreciation method and rate 33% on cost and 10% on cost 33% on cost

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### 3 Taxation

Tax charged/(credited) in the income statement

	2018 £	2017 €
Current taxation UK corporation tax	5,991	2,275
Deferred taxation Arising from changes in tax rates and laws	(5,177)	(5,251)
Tax expense/(receipt) in the income statement	814	(2,976)

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

# 4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2018	322	258,479	258,801
At 31 December 2018	322	258,479	258,801
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2018	322	98,374	98,696
Charge for the year		25,886	25,886
At 31 December 2018	322	124,260	124,582
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2018		134,219	134,219
At 31 December 2017		160,105	160,105
5 Debtors	Note	2018 £	2017
	Note	T.	£
Trade debtors		4,150	353
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	e _	4,504	5,758
	=	8,654	6,111
6 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2018	2017
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>8</u>	19,330	19,330
Trade creditors		2,310	7,377
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the	;	125.105	106.074

Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

company has a participating interest

Taxation and social security

Other creditors

135,105

2,749

5,992

165,486

126,874

1,446

9,013

164,040

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

		Note	2018 £	2017 £
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		8	85,464	104,794
7 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
	2018		2017	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	100	100	100	100
8 Loans and borrowings				
O Loans and borrowings			2018	2017
Non-current loans and borrowings			£	£
Finance lease liabilities		_	85,464	104,794
			2018	2017
			£	£
Current loans and borrowings			40.00	
Finance lease liabilities	_		19,330	19,330
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This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.