

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 08780485

AG Internet Services Limited

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 March 2022

AG Internet Services Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	2,115,077	2,115,077
Current assets			
Debtors	6	22,000	22,000
Cash at bank and in hand		26,551	5,026
		48,551	27,026
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	163,043	327,817
Net current liabilities		114,492	300,791
Total assets less current liabilities		2,000,585	1,814,286
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	1,934,989	1,722,897
Net assets		65,596	91,389
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		200	200
Profit and loss account		65,396	91,189
Shareholders funds		65,596	91,389

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

AG Internet Services Limited

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 March 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 January 2023 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Gopinder Singh Chahal

Mr O S Chahal

Director

Director

Company registration number: 08780485

AG Internet Services Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 46 Syon Lane, Osterley, Middlesex, TW7 5NQ.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to Nil (2021: 3).

5. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £
Cost	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	2,115,077
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	—
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2022	2,115,077
At 31 March 2021	2,115,077

6. Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Other debtors	22,000	22,000

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Corporation tax	12,091	7,818
Other creditors	150,952	319,999
	163,043	327,817

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	34,986	42,000
Other creditors - M.S. Chahal & Sons (Wholesale) Limited	1,900,003	1,680,897
	1,934,989	1,722,897

9. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	Balance brought forward and outstanding	
	2022 £	2021 £
Mr Gopinder Singh Chahal	(142,829)	(114,475)
Mrs Jagroop Kaur Chahal	(136,160)	(136,160)
Mr O S Chahal	(88,363)	(66,363)
	(367,352)	(316,998)

10. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mr Gopinder Singh Chahal and Mrs Jagroop Kurd Chahal throughout the current and previous year. Mr G Chahal & Mrs J Chahal jointly hold 100% shareholding of the company. Mr G Chahal, Mrs J Chahal and Mr Opinderjit Singh Chahal are the managing directors. Included in the other creditor is a balance of £1,900,003.31 (2021: £1,680,897.13) payable to M.S. Chahal & Sons (Wholesale) Ltd where Mr Opinderjit Singh Chahal and his family members are the directors and shareholders. Included in the other debtors is a balance of £22,000.00 (2021: £22,000) receivable from M.S. Chahal & Sons (Holdings) Ltd where Mr Opinderjit Singh Chahal and his family members are the directors and shareholders.

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