PRI Enterprises Limited Directors' report and financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2021

Company Information

Directors F M Blair

F P Reynolds M Skancke

Company secretary Bristows Secretarial Limited

Registered number 08763071

Registered office 5th Floor

25 Camperdown Street

London E1 8DZ

Independent auditor Buzzacott LLP

130 Wood Street

London EC2V 6DL

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Directors' report

For the year ended 31 March 2021

The directors present their report and the financial statements of PRI Enterprises Limited ('the company') for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Impact of COVID-19

The directors have considered the impact of the current COVID-19 pandemic on the company's operations, with a particular focus on its effect on the company's clients, suppliers and employees.

The directors do not consider this to be cause for material uncertainty in respect of the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The company has adapted well, successfully employing contingency plans, and the directors consider that the company has sufficient financial resources to continue for the foreseeable future.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company for the year under review is the provision of online learning services.

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

F M Blair F P Reynolds M Skancke

Directors' report (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2021

Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- · so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Small companies exemptions

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

M Skancke

Director

Date: 7 September 2021



Independent auditor's report to the members of PRI Enterprises Limited

For the year ended 31 March 2021

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of PRI Enterprises Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2021, which comprise the Statement of income and retained earnings, the Statement of financial position and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.



Independent auditor's report to the members of PRI Enterprises Limited (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2021

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic report.



Independent auditor's report to the members of PRI Enterprises Limited (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2021

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

As part of designing our audit, we determined materiality and assessed the risk of material misstatement in the financial statements, arising from irregularities, including fraud, error and non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

We designed and performed audit procedures responsive to those risks. In particular, we looked at where the directors made subjective judgements such as making assumptions on significant accounting estimates.

These procedures included, but were not limited to, obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, considering the effectiveness of the control environment and making enquiries of management.

We also addressed the risk of management override of internal controls, performing procedures including testing journals and evaluating whether there was evidence of a risk of material misstatement due to fraud. We identified and assessed the design effectiveness of controls management has in place, challenged assumptions and judgements made by management, investigated any large variances from the prior year and carried out randomised substantive testing.

As a result of our procedures, we did not identify any key audit matters relating to irregularities, we ensured that the financial statement disclosures agreed to underlying supporting documents and made enquiries of management as to any actual or potential litigation or claims. The primary responsibility for the prevention and detection of irregularities including fraud rests with both those charged with governance and management. There remained a risk of non-detection of irregularities, as these may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal controls.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditor's report.

Buzzacott

Independent auditor's report to the members of PRI Enterprises Limited (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2021

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Katherine White (Senior statutory auditor) for and on behalf of **Buzzacott LLP** Statutory Auditor 130 Wood Street London EC2V 6DL

7 September 2021

Statement of income and retained earnings

For the year ended 31 March 2021

	2021 £	2020 £
Turnover	1,213,019	751,970
Administrative expenses	(653,709)	(499,711)
Profit before tax	559,310	252,259
Tax on profit	(106,269)	(45,711)
Profit after tax	453,041	206,548
Retained earnings at the beginning of the year	98,115	(108,433)
Profit for the year	453,041	206,548
Retained earnings at the end of the year	551,156	98,115

Statement of financial position

As at 31 March 2021

	Note		2021 £		2020 £
Intangible assets	4				
Current assets			-		-
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	56,063		57,220	
Cash at bank and in hand		927,400		265,323	
		983,463	_	322,543	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(432,306)		(224,427)	
Net current assets			551,157		98,116
Total assets less current liabilities			551,157		98,116
Net assets			551,157		98,116
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			551,156		98,115
			551,157		98,116

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

M Skancke

Director

Date: 7 September 2021

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of these financial statements.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

1. General information

PRI Enterprises Limited is a private company limited by shares and is registered in England and Wales. Its company registration number is 08763071. The registered office and principal place of activity is 25 Camperdown Street, London, E1 8DZ.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' ('FRS 102') and the Companies Act 2006. The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The company has sufficient liquid resources to continue as a going concern for the foreseeable future and the directors believe the company will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

The directors have considered the impact of the current COVID-19 pandemic on the company's operations, with a particular focus on its effect on the company's clients, suppliers and employees.

The directors do not consider this to be cause for material uncertainty in respect of the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The company has adapted well, successfully employing contingency plans, and the directors consider that the company has sufficient financial resources to continue for the foreseeable future.

2.3 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of online learning services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Turnover is recognised when the online learning service is made available for the customer to download.

2.4 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. Amortisation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of intangible fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives of 4 years.

2.5 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.8 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss.

2.9 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

For the year ended 31 March 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was 4 (2020: 4).

4. Intangible assets

	Intellectual property rights
	£
Cost	
Additions	39,006
At 31 March 2021	39,006
Amortisation	
Charge for the year on owned assets	39,006
At 31 March 2021	39,006
Net book value	
At 31 March 2021	
At 31 March 2020	

For the year ended 31 March 2021

5. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	44,904	44,645
Other debtors	11,159	12,575
	56,063	57,220
6. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	10,779	2,140
Amounts owed to group undertakings	225,478	155,824
Corporation tax	106,269	45, 711
Other taxation and social security	5,266	-
Other creditors	84,514	20,752
	432,306	224,427

7. Pension commitments

The company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund.

The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £31,107 (2020: £22,359).

There were no amounts payable to the scheme at 31 March 2021 (2020: fnil).

8. Inclusion in consolidated financial statements

The smallest group of undertakings for which group accounts are prepared that include the company is headed by PRI Association. PRI Association's registered office is 25 Camperdown Street, London, E1 8DZ.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.