## **Worldpay Group Limited**

Annual report and financial statements Registered company number 08762327 31 December 2019

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## Company information

**Directors** M Mayo

KT Thompson AM Vasileff

Secretary Worldpay Governance Limited

Country of registration England and Wales

Company number 08762327

Registered office The Walbrook Building

25 Walbrook London EC4N 8AF

## Strategic report

The Directors of Worldpay Group Limited ("the Company") present their Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2019.

### Change of control

On 31 July 2019, the Company became a wholly owned subsidiary of Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. ("the Group") following a merger with that company.

## Section 172(1) statement

The Directors are fully aware of their duty under s172(1) of the Companies Act 2006 to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its members as a whole. This statement describes how the Directors have taken account of the matters set out in section 172(1) (a) to (f) of the Companies Act 2006, when performing their duty to promote the success of the Company.

- the likely consequences of any decision in the long-term
   The Directors take a long-term view in reaching key decisions, with a strategy designed to ensure that our business remains successful in a rapidly changing market, creating sustainable value for all our stakeholders.
- the need to foster the Company's business relationships with suppliers, customers and others
  When making decisions, the Directors look to act in the interests of stakeholders as a whole and to ensure all stakeholders are fairly treated. The Company's stakeholder engagement activities help to inform the Directors' decisions.
- the impact of the Company's operations on the community and the environment

  The Company is committed to helping ensure that our planet is a sustainable home for current and future generations. The Company's strategy is to build a sustainable business and includes focusing on energy and emissions reduction, energy efficiency and proper waste management.
- the desirability of the Company maintaining a reputation for high standards of business conduct

  The Company promotes high legal, ethical and corporate standards in our own business. This commitment is
  underpinned by our corporate policies which seek to ensure transparency in our employment and supply chains.
- the need to act fairly between members of the Company
  As a wholly-owned subsidiary of Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., the Directors of the Company always give fair and due consideration to all proposals to ensure the sole member is treated fairly whilst acting with the required autonomy.

### **Business review**

## Dividends

Dividends of £229.9m were paid during the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: £1,565.8m). There have been no dividends approved since 31 December 2019 to the date of approval of these financial statements.

## Key performance indicators (KPIs)

The Company is part of a group that monitors performance at a level defined by the principal market segments in which the Group operates. KPIs are measured on the performance of such market segments rather than at a legal entity level.

Following receipt of inter-company dividends of £283.3m (2018: £1,138.0m), profit after tax for the year was £244.4m (2018: profit £1,044.1m) and net assets of £1,579.9m (2018: £1,572.8m).

## **Future developments**

The Directors of the Company are satisfied with the Company's performance in the year which is presented in the profit and loss account on page 10. The future objectives continue to be the growth and development of the business and the Directors consider it well positioned to take advantage of opportunities for further growth in the future.

## Principal risks and uncertainties

## Risk management

The Company seeks to minimise its exposure to external financial risks and is party to the Group Enterprise Risk Management Framework (ERMF) which drives the Group approach to risk management. The framework sits alongside the Strategic Plan and sets out the activities, tools and techniques used to ensure that all material risks are identified and that a consistent approach is integrated into business management and decision making across the Group.

## Strategic report (continued)

## Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

### Risk management (continued)

Whilst the Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for the management and governance of risk in the Company, the Company expects every employee to be responsible for the management of risk. To facilitate this, the Company operates within 'three lines of defence' model which clearly identifies accountabilities and responsibilities for risk as follows:

- Business line management has primary responsibility for the management of risk;
- Risk and compliance functions assist management in developing their approach to fulfil their responsibilities and provide oversight of our first line activities; and
- The Internal Audit function checks that the risk management process and the risk management and internal control framework are effective and efficient.

Below is a list of the principal risks which Below is a list of the principal risks which Worldpay have identified. Further details can be found in Fidelity National Information Services, Inc.'s 10K document which can be obtained from 601 Riverside Avenue, Jacksonville, Florida 32204, USA.

### Principal risks

### Industry

Potential key risk: FIS Merchant Solutions' ("Worldpay") acquiring business model is dependent on licences/sponsors and the continuing support from the payment franchises such as Visa and Mastercard. Any infringement by Worldpay of the franchise rules and regulations, or the inability to correctly implement mandatory changes, could result in the loss of the card franchise support. This could result in unanticipated consequences such as the loss of licences or sponsors or the inability to obtain new ones, financial penalties or reputational damage.

## Risk appetite

Worldpay will always seek to remain current and adhere to all franchise rules unless prevented from doing so by its system infrastructure. Where this is the case, Worldpay will apply for specific waivers pending full compliance.

### Potential impacts

- Failure to meet franchise requirements for products and services may lead to reputational damage and to financial penalties from the payment franchises
- As a last resort, payment franchises may revoke Worldpay's franchise licence in existing markets or not grant new licences in prospective markets
- Failure to operate franchise licences to required specifications may lead to lower acceptance rates and therefore potential reputational damage and customer impact

### Legal

Potential key risk: Worldpay fails to adhere to legal requirements leading to financial and/or reputational damage.

### Risk appetite

Worldpay will comply with the spirit and letter of the laws that apply to us. In areas of uncertainty or ambiguity, we will have a robust justification and clear rationale for the choices we make and will be prepared to defend our choices with the relevant authorities and, if necessary, publicly in the media.

## Potential impacts

- Failure may result in Worldpay or its customers breaching laws, resulting in reputational damage, loss of customers and financial penalties
- Worldpay may be used to facilitate financial crime.

### Compliance and regulatory

Potential key risk: Worldpay breaches regulation due to inadequate/insufficient design, resourcing or implementation of a risk-based compliance programme, resulting in regulatory fines/financial loss and reputational damage.

### Risk appetite

Worldpay has no appetite to knowingly breach the spirit and letter of the laws and regulations that apply to it.

## Strategic report (continued)

## Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

### Compliance and regulatory (continued)

### Potential impacts

- Failure may result in Worldpay or its customers breaching regulations, resulting in reputational damage, loss of customers and financial penalties
- Non-compliance may result in loss of business licence.

### Settlement

Potential key risk: Failure to settle with merchants due to lack of available funds as a result of card scheme or systemic bank failure, or funds not processed correctly, resulting in financial loss (compensation) and severe reputational damage.

### Risk appetite

Worldpay endeavours to settle to all customers within the agreed terms and will maintain sufficient liquidity, or have ready access to additional liquidity funding if required

### Potential impacts

- Failure or delay to customer payments
- Severe reputational damage and/or financial loss.

#### Credit

Potential key risk: Potential loss outside of agreed appetite arising from the failure of a merchant, card franchise, partner bank or alternative payments provider to meets its obligations in accordance with agreed terms.

### Risk appetite

Worldpay budgets for credit loss on an annual basis, however our risk appetite seeks to optimise a high level of return whilst achieving appropriate risk versus reward performance in line with Worldpay's growth strategy.

### Potential impacts

- Increase in credit exposure leading to increase in financial loss
- Rejection of applications leading to decrease in profitability
- Merchant fails to provide goods or services to their customers leading to an increase in chargebacks that cannot be passed on to a failed merchant, resulting in financial loss.

### Data security

Potential key risk: Significant financial loss and reputational damage due to data breach of highly confidential data or technology disruption caused by internal/external attack on Worldpay or its third-party suppliers/merchants.

### Risk appetite

Worldpay has no tolerance for the loss of confidentiality, integrity or availability of customer or other highly confidential information. Worldpay will comply with the spirit and letter of the laws that apply to it including all new regulations (e.g. GDPR).

### Potential impacts

- The loss of confidentiality, integrity or availability of customer or other sensitive information could result in regulatory or legal sanctions and/or significant reputational damage
- Increased costs for remediation and reduced ability to deliver strategic objectives
- Additional costs by way of compensation, litigation, fines, loss of sponsorship and loss of productivity as resources are redirected to manage incidents.

### Technology

Potential key risk: Inability to provide merchant services due to unforeseen technology downtime, resulting in loss of revenue and reputational damage.

## Risk appetite

Worldpay is not willing to accept risks which compromise our ability to process merchant transactions.

## Strategic report (continued)

### Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

### Technology (continued)

### Potential impacts

- Any disruption to the availability of Worldpay's global platform or network could result in interruption of service to customers, loss of business and revenue and significant additional costs by way of contractual damages and operating expenses
- Increased costs for remediation and reduced ability to deliver strategic objectives.

## Scale of change

Potential key risk: Risk of loss of profit, opportunity, reputation or disruption to business activities as a result of our inability to manage the magnitude of change being undertaken.

### Risk appetite

Worldpay has no appetite for the failure to deliver high-priority projects on time, to budget and to expected quality.

### Potential impacts

- Failure to deliver high-priority projects impacting customer and/or reputation
- Disruption to normal business activities
- Development of single points of failure
- Increased attrition rates amongst colleagues.

### Third parties

Potential key risk: Third parties fail to carry out core business activities, resulting in financial loss, regulatory impact and reputational damage.

## Risk appetite

Worldpay is willing to accept the risk of working with third parties for core business activities, however it would never knowingly breach regulatory standards.

## Potential impacts

- Suppliers critical to Worldpay's success are unable to meet the capability and service levels required
- Non-compliance with legal or regulatory requirements relating to supplier management
- Inconsistent and/or undesirable approach to the sourcing and management of key suppliers resulting in poor relationships and poor levels of service.

## People

Potential key risk: Worldpay fails to sufficiently recruit, retain and develop its people leading to poor colleague engagement and the inability to create a high-performing culture.

### Risk appetite

We seek to create a great place to work, powered by great people. We balance the costs and risk to ensure that our colleagues are motivated and engaged and have the capability to deliver our strategy.

### Potential impacts

- Colleague capability does not meet the needs of the organisation
- Poor culture leading to ineffective performance and inappropriate behaviours
- Low colleague engagement leading to increased attrition
- Unable to retain key people.

### Competitive landscape

Potential key risk: Worldpay loses its relative competitive position.

## Risk appetite

We have no appetite for allowing Worldpay's relative competitive position to be eroded or undermined. In this regard we will ensure that we monitor, assess and respond appropriately to Regulatory, Technological, Competitor, Customer and Security changes.

## Strategic report (continued)

Principal risks and uncertainties (continued)

Competitive landscape (continued)

Potential impacts

- New players disintermediate Worldpay
- Loss of customers because competitors innovate and develop new enhanced products
- Pricing and margin pressure.

## UK membership of the European Union

Risks and uncertainties associated with the UK withdrawal from the European Union (Brexit) are considered in the Directors' report.

On behalf of the Board

-DocuSigned by:

Kathleen Thompson

C40CAEE4DE8B42F. Kathleen T. Thompson

Director

December 21, 2020 | 12:38

December 2020

## Directors' report

The Directors of Worldpay Group Limited ("the Company") present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019. The business review and principal risks and uncertainties which are required by law to be included in this report have been included instead in the Strategic report.

### **Directors & Secretary**

The Directors and Secretary who held office during the period and to the date of signing of these financial statements were as follows:

Directors

N Greene (Resigned 15 March 2019)

BA Jacobs (Appointed 15 March 2019, Resigned 22 January 2020)

JM Warner (Resigned 22 January 2020)
M Mayo (Appointed 22 January 2020)
KT Thompson (Appointed 22 January 2020)
AM Vasileff (Appointed 22 January 2020)

Secretary

Worldpay Governance Ltd

### Dividends

Dividends of £229.9m were paid during the year ended 31 December 2019 (2018: £1,565.8m). There have been no dividends approved since 31 December 2019 to the date of approval of these financial statements.

### Future developments

Details of the future developments of the business are set out in the Strategic Report.

### Change of control

On 31 July 2019, the ultimate parent undertaking, Worldpay, Inc., became a wholly owned subsidiary of Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. ("the Group") following a merger with that company.

### UK membership of the European Union

Following the UK's departure from the European Union (EU) in January 2020, we have continued to analyse what this could mean for our business. A possible effect on Worldpay continues to be macro-economic disruption, which may impact a proportion of the merchants we serve in the UK and Europe, and therefore our transactional flows. As a significant proportion of the UK regulation Worldpay originates from EU directives, so the exit may also change the framework applicable to our UK operations. However, given the global nature of our business and our experience working across multiple regulatory regimes, our expectation remains that the UK's exit from the EU will not have a material effect on our business overall. Worldpay continues to offer best in class standards to its customers to ensure their needs are met.

In March 2019 EU customers served by our UK regulated business were referred to our Dutch entity and have from that date been served by that Dutch entity. The prudent approach taken by the business was in anticipation that the EU did not provide a reciprocal agreement with respect to payment processing upon the effective date the UK leaves the EU. We continue to monitor developments in the ongoing transition period ending 31 December 2020.

### Disabled employees

Applications for employment by disabled persons are always fully considered, bearing in mind the abilities of the applicant concerned. In the event of members of staff becoming disabled every effort is made to ensure that their employment with the Company continues and that appropriate training is arranged. It is the policy of the Company that the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons should, as far as possible, be identical to that of other employees.

## Political contributions

The Company made no political donations during the year.

## **Directors' report** (Continued)

## Going concern

The Directors have prepared forecasts for the Group by business unit, covering a period of more than 12 months from the date of signing of these financial statements. On the basis of their assessment of the Company's financial position, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operational existence for a minimum period of 12 months from the date of signing and therefore the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

### Directors' indemnities

The Company has made qualifying third-party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the period and remain in force at the date of this report.

### Subsequent Event

The coronavirus (Covid-19) has had no significant impact on the company's operations and activities subsequent to the end of the year. At this time, the company is still assessing the nature or extent of any impacts and/or the time over which the company will be impacted. It is possible that the company may be materially affected, as the impacts and remedies for the current situation are outside the company's control and are far reaching in both the United Kingdom and globally.

### Auditor

For the year ended 31 December 2019, the company was entitled to the exemption from an audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

By order of the Board

teathleen thompson

C40CAEE4DE8842F

Kathleen T. Thompson

Director

Registered office: The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF, United Kingdom

December 21, 2020 | 12:38

December 2020

# Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK accounting standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework.

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- assess the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern; and
- use the going concern basis of accounting unless they either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

# Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Notes	2019 £m	2018 £m
Administrative expenses		(36.0)	(81.4)
Operating loss	2	(36.0)	(81.4)
Income from shares in Group undertakings Interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	6 7	283.3 23.0 (30.0)	1,138.0 5.4 (20.2)
Profit before taxation		240.3	1,041.8
Taxation	8	4.1	2.3
Profit for the year		244.4	1,044.1

All results relate to continuing operations and represent the Company's comprehensive income for the year. Accordingly, a separate statement of other comprehensive income has not been presented.

The accompanying notes on pages 13 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements.

## **Balance sheet** at 31 December 2019

	Notes	2019	2019	2018 £m	2018 £m
Non-current assets		£m	£m	LIII	Lill
Investments	10	2,088.2		2,084.6	
Deferred tax assets	14	6.9		2,084.0	
Deferred tax assets	17	0.9		2.7	
		<del></del>			
			2,095.1		2,087.3
Current assets					
Debtors	11	405.1		195.9	
Other assets	12	3.1		18.4	
Cash at bank and in hand		7.4		5.8	
Cash at bank and in hand - held in relation to					
CVR holders	5	399.3		371.2	
		814.9		591.3	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(653.2)		(629.6)	
Provisions for liabilities CVR liabilities	5	(676.9)		(476.2)	
Net current liabilities			(515.2)		(514.5)
Net current nationales			(515.2)		(314.5)
Net assets			1,579.9		1,572.8
Capital and reserves					
Share capital	15		62.6		62.6
Share premium			-		-
Own shares			(0.8)		-
Capital contribution reserve			31.4		31.4
Profit and loss account			1,486.7		1,478.8
Shareholders' funds			1,579.9		1,572.8

The accompanying notes on pages 13 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For the year ending 31 December 2019 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and signed on its behalf by:

C40CAEE4DE8B42F Kathleen T. Thompson

Director

Company number: 08762327

Kathleen Thompson

December 21, 2020 | 12:38

December 2020

# Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 December 2019

	Share capital	Share premium	Own shares	Additional paid in capital	Capital contribution reserve	Profit & loss account	Total equity
	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m	£m
At 1 January 2018	60.0	883.8	(30.4)	-	31.4	762.4	1,707.2
Issue of share capital	2.6	366.8	-	_	-	-	369.4
Capital reduction	-	(1,250.6)	-	-	-	1,250.6	-
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	1,044.1	1,044.1
Distribution of own shares	-	-	0.3	-	-	(0.3)	-
Conversion to Worldpay, Inc. shares	-	-	5.8	_	-	-	5.8
Transferred to/(from) other assets	-	-	24.3	-	-	(12.2)	12.1
Share based payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Dividends paid (note 9)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,565.8)	(1,565.8)
At 31 December 2018	62.6	-			31.4	1,478.8	1,572.8
Profit for the year	-	_	_	_	J	244.4	244.4
Conversion to Worldpay, Inc. shares	_	_	_	_	_	2-111	211.1
Transferred to/(from) other assets	_	_	_	_	_	(6.6)	(6.6)
Share based payments	_	_	_	_	_	(0.0)	(0.0)
Dividends paid (note 9)	_	_	_	_	_	(229.9)	(229.9)
Own shares	-	-	(0.8)	-	-	(227.7)	(0.8)
At 31 December 2019	62.6	-	(0.8)		31.4	1,486.7	1,579.9

The accompanying notes on pages 13 to 24 form an integral part of these financial statements.

### Notes to the financial statements

### 1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

Worldpay Group Limited ("the Company") is a private company limited by shares and incorporated, domiciled and registered in England and Wales.

The address of the registered office is given on page 1. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Strategic report.

These financial statements are presented in pounds Sterling which is the company's functional currency. All information is given to the nearest thousand pounds.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework and under the historical cost basis.

In preparing these financial statements, the Company has applied the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs"), but makes amendments where necessary in order to comply with the Companies Act 2006 and has set out below where advantage of the FRS 101 disclosure exemptions has been taken.

- · A Cash Flow Statement and related notes;
- · Comparative period reconciliations for share capital, tangible fixed assets, intangible assets;
- Disclosures in respect of transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries;
- · Disclosures in respect of capital management;
- The effects of new but not yet effective IFRSs; and
- Disclosures in respect of the compensation of Key Management Personnel.

The Company's immediate parent company is Worldpay International Ltd. Until the merger with Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. ("the Group") on 31 July 2019, the ultimate parent undertaking was Worldpay, Inc., who included the Company in its consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements of the Group are available to the public and may be obtained from 601 Riverside Avenue, Jacksonville, Florida 32204, USA.

As the consolidated financial statements of the Group include the equivalent disclosures, the Company has also taken the exemptions under FRS 101 available in respect of the following disclosures:

- IFRS 2 Share Based Payments in respect of group settled share based payments;
- Certain disclosures required by IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* in respect of the impairment of goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets; and
- Certain disclosures required by IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement and the disclosures required by IFRS 7 Financial Instrument Disclosures.

## Going concern

The Directors have prepared forecasts for the Group by business unit, covering a period of more than 12 months from the date of signing of these financial statements. On the basis of their assessment of the Company's financial position, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to continue in operational existence for a minimum period of 12 months from the date of signing and therefore the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The reported results of the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2019 are sensitive to the accounting policies, assumptions and estimates that underlie the preparation of its financial statements.

The judgements and assumptions involved in the Company's accounting policies that are considered by the Directors to be the most important to the portrayal of its financial condition are discussed below.

The use of estimates, assumptions or models that differ from those adopted by the Company would affect its reported results

## Notes (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

Critical judgements in applying the Company's accounting policies

- Fair value of Preference shares and related Contingent Value Rights (CVRs)

The Visa Europe asset was recognised in the Company's balance sheet at 31 December 2015 as a fair value through profit and loss financial asset. On disposal on 21 June 2016, it has been derecognised from the Company's balance sheet with the net gain on disposal recognised in interest receivable and similar income in the Company's profit and loss account.

The preference shares received on disposal of the interest in Visa Europe has been recognised as a financial asset within debtors under the Financial assets – Visa Inc. preference shares category. It has been recognised at fair value initially and has been classified as fair value through profit and loss. Subsequent movements on the fair value of the preferred shares and movements on the CVR liability are recognised in the Company's profit and loss account.

The value of the Visa Inc. preference shares is based on the expected conversion ratio, which will be adjusted by Visa Inc. based on the potential losses from Visa Europe interchange litigation under the Litigation Management Deed (LMD). Any excess of potential losses from Visa Europe interchange litigation under a Loss Sharing Agreement (LSA) has been included in provisions within current liabilities.

When measuring the fair values of the Financial asset – Visa Inc. preference shares as well as the LSA liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. In order to fair value the LSA liability as at 31 December 2019, the Directors have considered a range of potential outcomes, including the likely value of the potential level of Visa Europe liabilities that the Company may be liable for, and calculated a weighted average.

The CVR liability has been classified as a financial liability at amortised cost based on a re-estimation of future cash flows, with any changes being recognised in CVR finance costs in the profit and loss account.

Further details on the key assumptions made in valuing the consideration received and the CVR and LSA liabilities, together with sensitivity analysis, are provided in note 5.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

- Trade receivable impairment provisions

A trade receivable is impaired when there is objective evidence that, due to events since the trade receivable was created, the Company cannot recover the original expected cash flows from the trade receivable. Trade receivable impairment provisions can be either bad debt provisions or merchant potential liability provisions.

A bad debt provision represents the difference between the carrying value of the trade receivable and the present value of estimated future cash flows.

A merchant potential liability provision is required when a merchant goes into liquidation or bankruptcy and the Company is exposed to potential chargebacks. Judgement is necessary to assess the likelihood that a pending claim will succeed, or a liability will arise and to quantify the possible range of any financial settlement.

Accounting developments

New standards and interpretations not yet adopted

There are no standards that are not yet effective and that would be expected to have a material impact on the Company in the current or future reporting periods and on foreseeable future transactions.

Key accounting policies are set out below

## 1.1 Foreign exchange

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period, foreign currency items on the balance sheet are translated as follows:

- Non-monetary items, including equity, held at historic cost are not retranslated.
- Non-monetary items held at fair value are translated at the rate ruling on the date the fair value was determined.
- Monetary items are retranslated at the rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from the retranslation of foreign currency transactions are recognised in the profit and loss account. Amounts arising from financing balances, whether intra-Group or external, are stated within finance costs whereas those arising from trading are included in operating profit.

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

### 1.2 Employee benefits

Expenses related to services rendered by employees are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered. This includes wages and salaries, social security contributions, pension contributions, bonuses and termination benefits.

Where payments of amounts due are outstanding at the end of the reporting period, an accrual is recognised. Where payments have been made in advance prior to the end of the reporting period, a prepayment is recognised.

The Company participates in the Group's defined contribution pension scheme. The amounts charged to the profit and loss account in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits are the contributions payable in the period. Differences between contributions payable in the period and contributions actually paid are shown as either accruals or prepayments on the balance sheet.

Equity-settled share-based payments are measured at fair value at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based upon estimation of the number of shares which will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. Fair value is measured by reference to the market value of the Group's shares, adjusted as necessary for the terms and conditions of the award, or an appropriate option pricing model, depending on the nature of the award.

Cash-settled share-based payments are measured at fair value at the date of grant. The fair value determined at the grant date of the cash-settled share-based payments is expensed on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based upon estimation of the number of shares which will eventually vest and a corresponding liability will be recognised for that settlement. Fair value is measured by reference to the market value of the Group's shares, adjusted as necessary for the terms and conditions of the award, or an appropriate option pricing model, depending on the nature of the award.

### 1.3 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax and deferred tax for the period.

### Current tax

The current tax charge is based on taxable profit for the period. Taxable profit differs from profit before tax as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

## Deferred tax

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

## 1.4 Investments in subsidiary undertakings

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less any provisions for impairment.

Depreciation begins when an asset is ready for use and ceases on the disposal of the asset, classification as held for sale or the end of its useful life, whichever is the sooner.

The gain or loss on disposal is the difference between the net proceeds received and the carrying amount of the asset.

## Notes (continued)

### 1 Accounting policies (continued)

## 1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of cash and demand deposits with banks, together with short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

## 1.6 Trading assets and liabilities

### Debtors

Debtors are initially recognised at fair value in the period to which they relate. They are subsequently held at amortised cost, less any provision for bad or doubtful debts. Provisions for bad or doubtful debts are presented net with the related receivable on the balance sheet. Trade receivables primarily include amounts due from merchants for services provided to process transactions between the cardholder and an acquiring bank.

### Creditors

Creditors are recognised initially at fair value in the period to which they relate. They are subsequently held at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. They are derecognised when payment has been made.

#### 1.7 Provisions

The Company recognises a provision for a present obligation resulting from a past event when it is probable that it will be required to transfer economic benefits to settle the obligation, and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### 1.8 Financial instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Company are treated as equity only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions:

- They include no contractual obligations upon the Company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the Company; and
- Where the instrument will or may be settled in the Company's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the Company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the Company's exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the legal form of the Company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

## 1.9 Capital contribution reserve

During the IPO process, £38.1m was received from the former parent companies to fund various share award schemes the Group granted.

### 1.10 Own shares held in Employee Benefit Trust (EBT)

Prior to the acquisition by Worldpay, Inc., consideration for any ordinary shares of the Company held by the EBT was deducted from equity attributable to the owners of the Company until the shares were cancelled or reissued. As part of the acquisition, the ordinary shares of the Company were converted to Worldpay, Inc. shares (subsequently converted to FIS shares) and were reclassified as other assets, within current assets.

The EBT purchased the Group's shares in order to hedge the cash outflow upon the exercise of a share option or a share award. No shares were purchased by the EBT in 2019 (2018: nil).

### 2 Expenses and auditor's remuneration

Operating loss for the year is stated after charging:	2019 £m	2018 £m
Legal and professional fees	-	36.8

For the year ending 31 December 2019 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies, consequently there was no auditor's remuneration.

## 3 Employee numbers and costs

The average number of employees (including Directors) during the period was:	2019	2018
Staff	7	18
	2019	2018
Their aggregate remuneration comprised:	£m	£m
Wages and salaries (including redundancy costs)	1.4	14.6
Social security costs	2.3	3.5
Pension costs	0.1	0.9
Share based payments	20.7	22.0
	24.5	41.0

### 4 Directors' remuneration

The Directors of the Company do not receive specific remuneration for services to this Company nor is it possible to accurately apportion the total remuneration paid to the Directors of the Worldpay Group among the companies of the Group.

The aggregate remuneration paid to Directors who served during the period was £4.1 m (2018: £40.7m). The highest paid director received £2,552,000 (2018: £16,531,000).

## 5 Visa Europe

## Disposal of Visa Europe shares

On 21 June 2016, the Company disposed of its interest in Visa Europe to Visa Inc. and received a mixture of cash and non-cash consideration valued at €1,051.3m. The consideration is made up of €589.7m up-front cash, €405.4m of Series B preferred shares in Visa Inc. and €56.2m deferred cash which will be paid in three years. €547.5m of the up-front cash consideration and all of the preferred shares may be reduced by any final settlement of potential liabilities relating to ongoing interchange-related litigation involving Visa Europe. On disposal of the Visa Europe shares, the Company along with the other former members of Visa Europe, entered into a Litigation Management Deed (LMD). Under this arrangement, potential losses from Visa Europe interchange litigation will be set against the preferred shares, through adjusting the ratio of conversion to ordinary shares. A Loss Sharing Agreement (LSA) entered into by Worldpay, along with the ten other largest UK members of Visa Europe, provides a second level of protection to Visa Inc., capped at the €547.5m of up-front cash consideration.

## Contingent Value Rights (CVRs)

The holder of the CVR (a separate class of share capital in the Company) is entitled to 90% of the net post-tax proceeds of the disposal in accordance with the terms of the CVR (subject to the Company's right of retention), with Worldpay retaining 10% of the net proceeds. The settlement of the CVR liability could take up to 12 years dependant on the settlement of the claims under the LSA.

The CVR is non-voting and is not convertible into ordinary shares. Given the nature of the CVR, it is classified as a financial liability recognised initially at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost, with the gain or loss recognised in 'Finance costs – CVR liabilities' in the Company's profit and loss account.

5 Visa Europe (continued)

### Accounting treatment

Consideration from disposal of Visa Europe shares

All balances have been revalued to period end rates in the Company's balance sheet as at 31 December 2019.

The preference shares received on disposal of the interest in Visa Europe has been recognised as a financial asset in debtors. It has been recognised at fair value initially and has been classified as fair value through profit and loss. Subsequent movements on the fair value of the preferred shares are recognised in interest receivable and similar income and the movement on the CVR liability is recognised in interest payable and similar charges in the Company's profit and loss account. The value of the Visa Inc. preference shares is based on the expected conversion ratio which will be adjusted by Visa Inc. based on the potential losses from Visa Europe interchange litigation under the LMD. Any excess of potential losses from Visa Europe interchange litigation under the LSA has been included in provisions.

When measuring the fair values of the financial asset – Visa Inc. preference shares as well as the LSA liability, the Company uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Visa Inc. preference shares are classified as Level 3 as the valuation is dependent upon both the value of Visa Inc. ordinary shares, which have a quoted price, and the conversion ratio which will be adjusted for potential losses from Visa Europe interchange litigation under the LMD, for which there are no identical transactions with regularly available market prices. The LSA liability is classified as Level 3 due to the lack of identical transactions with regularly available market prices.

In order to fair value the Visa Inc. preference shares and the LSA liability as at 31 December 2019, the Directors have considered all new information available to them since the 2017 Annual report and financial statements was published including public announcements and disclosures made by Visa Inc. The Visa Inc. 10K for the year ended 30 September 2018 stated that they do not expect the total damages sought in the outstanding claims that have been issued to be less than one billion Euros. The Directors have considered a range of potential outcomes, including the likely value of the potential level of losses from Visa Europe interchange litigation that the Company may be liable for, and calculated a weighted average and have concluded that the estimates and assumptions applied to the LMD and LSA should remain consistent with the prior year.

It is reasonably possible that, if the Visa Europe interchange litigation progresses within the next financial year and more information becomes available about the likely value of the potential losses, changes in assumptions determining the fair value could require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the Visa Inc. preference shares and the LSA liability. The uncertainties inherent in the determination of the fair value of the Visa Inc. preference shares and the LSA liability will not be resolved until the obligations under the LMD and LSA are extinguished which is dependent upon final resolution of all related claims.

## CVR liability

The CVR liability has been classified as a financial liability recognised initially at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost based on a re-estimation of future cash-flows, with any changes being recognised in interest payable and similar charges in the profit and loss account.

## 5 Visa Europe (continued)

## Conclusion

Based on the above, the following has been recognised in the Company's financial statements:

eld in relation to CVR holders 399.3 371.2 ompanies 365.4 194.9
ompanies <b>365.4</b> 194.9
abilities (676.9) (476.2)
<b>87.8</b> 89.9
<b>2019</b> 2018
<b>22.2</b> 5.0
charges
<b>(20.0)</b> (16.2)
2.2 (11.2)
-
2.2 (11.2)
## Em

## Sensitivity analysis

At the reporting date a 5% swing in the valuation of the LSA, one of the significant unobservable inputs, holding other inputs constant, would result in a change in the valuation of the disposal of £22.4m and an impact on profit after tax of £2.2m (after adjusting for the change in the intra-Group debt due to the underlying CVR liability of £20.2m in a fellow Group company).

## 6 Interest receivable and similar income

Therest receivable and similar medice	2019 £m	2018 £m
Interest receivable from other Group companies Foreign exchange gain on Visa Europe transaction (note 5)	0.8 22.2	0.4 5.0
	23.0	5.4
7 Interest payable and similar charges	2019 £m	2018 £m
Interest payable to other Group companies Foreign exchange losses CVR finance costs (note 5)	7.3 2.7 20.0	2.6 1.4 16.2
	30.0	20.2

## Notes (continued)

0	OT
8	Taxation

Recognised in the profit and loss account		
	2019 £m	2018 £m
Current tax	Lin	ئىلىد ئاللى
UK corporation tax charge for the year	-	-
Total current tax charge	<del></del>	
Deferred tax		
Credit for the year	(4.6)	(1.3)
Adjustments in respect of prior periods Effect of change in tax rates	0.5	(1.0)
Total deferred tax credit	(4.1)	(2.3)
Tax on profit/(loss)	(4.1)	(2.3)
Reconciliation of effective tax rate		<u></u>
	2019	2018
	£m	£m
Profit/(loss)	240.3	1,041.8
Tax charge using the UK corporation tax rate of 19.00% (2018: 19.00%)	45.7	197.9
Non-taxable income	(57.6)	(216.2)
Non-deductible expenses Deferred tax adjustment in respect of prior periods	(6.1)	10.4 (1.0)
Group relief surrendered from other Group companies for nil consideration	13.4	6.6
Effect of change in tax rates	0.5	-
Total tax credit for the year	(4.1)	(2.3)
Total tax credit for the year	(4.1)	(2.3

## Factors affecting future tax charges

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 19% to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016, and the deferred tax asset as at 31 December 2019 has been calculated on this rate. In the 11 March 2020 budget, it was announced that the UK tax rate will remain at the current 19% and not reduce to 17% from 1 April 2020. If this rate change had been substantively enacted at the current balance sheet date, there would not have been a material effect on the company's future tax charge.

## 9 Dividends

The following dividends were paid:

2019 £m	2018 £m
229.9	1,565.8
229.9	1,565.8
	£m 229.9

### Investments

Investments in Group undertakings £m Cost and net book value 2,084.6 At 1 January 2019 Additions 3.6 2,088.2 At 31 December 2019

In September 2019, the Company acquired an investment in Worldpay Technology Bucharest SRL.

Legal entity rationalisation

As part of the Worldpay Group-wide legal entity rationalisation exercise begun in previous years, the Company dissolved its interests in two of its direct subsidiaries, Enviado Transacciones SL (incorporated in Spain) and Envoy Services OU (incorporated in Estonia).

The Company had the following investments in Group undertakings at the balance sheet date:

Company name	Country of Incorporation /registration	Registered place of business	Ordinary shares held
Worldpay Governance Ltd <sup>4</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
Worldpay (UK) Ltd <sup>3</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
Worldpay Ltd <sup>3</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
Worldpay AP Ltd <sup>3</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
Payment Trust Ltd <sup>3</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
Ship Holdco Ltd <sup>1</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
Ship Midco Ltd <sup>1</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
Worldpay Finance plc <sup>2</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
Worldpay eCommerce Ltd <sup>1</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
YESpay International Ltd <sup>3</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
Tayvin 346 Ltd <sup>1</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
Yes-Secure.com Ltd <sup>5</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
Worldpay Latin America Ltd <sup>7</sup>	England and Wales	The Walbrook Building, 25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AF	100%
Worldpay Argentina SRL <sup>3</sup>	Argentina	c/o Bourel & Paris Laplace, Suipacha 1380, 2 <sup>nd</sup> floor, (1011) City of Buenos Aires, Argentina	100%
Worldpay Pty Ltd <sup>3</sup>	Australia	c/o TMF Corporate Services (Aust) Pty Ltd, Level 16, 201 Elizabeth Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia	100%
Envoy Services Pty Ltd 5	Australia	c/o TMF Corporate Services (Aust) Pty Ltd, Level 16, 201 Elizabeth Street, Sydney, NSW 2000, Australia	100%
Worldpay Holdings Brasil Participacoes Ltda <sup>1</sup>	Brazil	Rua Fidêncio Ramos, 302, Conjunto 114, Torre B, Bairro Vila Olímpia, 04551-010, São Paulo, Brazil	100%
Worldpay do Brasil Processamento de Pagamentos Ltda <sup>3</sup>	Brazil	Rua Fidêncio Ramos, 302, Conjunto 114, Torre B, Bairro Vila Olímpia, 04551-010, São Paulo, Brazil	100%

## 10 Investments (continued)

Company name Envoy Services Bulgaria Lid 5 Bulgaria Envoy Services Bulgaria Lid 5 Bulgaria Canadian Envoy Technology Services Lid 5 Canadian Envoy Technology Services Lid 5 Canada Worldpay Canada Corporation 6 Canada Worldpay Canada Corporation 6 Co Lid 7 Worldpay Marketing Consulting (Shanghai) Co Lid 7 Envoy Services Denmark APS 5 Denmark Worldpay SARL 7 France Worldpay (HK) Lid 3 Biblit Payments KK 3 Biblit Spain SL 3 Biblit			Country of Incorporation		Ordinary shares
Plaza, 2nd Floor, 22 San Stefano str., Sofia, 1504, Bulgaria?  Canadian Envoy Technology Services Lid 5 Canada  Worldpay Canada Corporation 6 Canada  Worldpay Canada Corporation 6 Canada  Worldpay Marketing Consulting (Shanghai) China Co Lid 7  Worldpay Marketing Consulting (Shanghai) China Co Lid 7  Worldpay Marketing Consulting (Shanghai) China Co Lid 7  Worldpay SARL 7  France Worldpay (RK) Lid 3 Hong Kong Worldpay India Private Lid 6 India Bibit Payments KK 5 Japan Worldpay India Private Lid 6 India Bibit Payments KK 5 Japan Worldpay KK 3 Japan Worldpay KK 3 Japan Worldpay Jensey Lid 1 Jensey Worldpay Jensey Lid 1 Luxembourg Ship Luxco 2 SARL 1 Luxembourg Worldpay Naz) Luxco 3 SARL 1 Luxembourg Worldpay Worldpay Bucharest SRL 6 Romania Worldpay Pet Lid 3 Singapore Envoy Services South Africa (Pty) Lid 5 South Africa Bibit Spain SL 5 Spain  Nature of business Holding company servicing Group debt Payments service provider Corporates excretary of UK subsidiaries Non-trading company Technology testing and support Debtors  Plaza, 2nd Floor, 22 San Stefano str., Sofia, 1504, Bullatine, 20 and 34 Rev Jean Byroll line, 204–275 Fell Avenue, North World Rayroll line, 204–275 Fell Avenue, 100 Bullating 2, San and Sh Haiqu Road Shanghai, 1520 1203, China Co Envoy Services Denmark APS 7  Penmark  Prance France F	Con	npany name		Registered place of business	held
Bulgaria2  co TMF Canada Payroll Inc., 204-275 Felt Avenue, North Vancouver, BC, VTP 3RS, Canada  Worldpay Canada Corporation 6  Canada  Worldpay Marketing Consulting (Shanghai) Co Lud 7  Envoy Services Denmark APS 7  Denmark Worldpay SARL 7  Worldpay SARL 7  Worldpay (IKI) Lud 3  Bibit Payments KK 5  Japan Worldpay KK 3  Worldpay Jersey Ltd 1  Worldpay Jersey Ltd 1  Worldpay Jersey Ltd 1  Worldpay Jersey Ltd 1  Worldpay Worldpay Worldpay (NC) Lud 3  Worldpay (NC) Lu	Enve	by Services Bulgaria Ltd 5	Bulgaria	c/o Vistra Corporate Services EOOD, San Stefano	100%
North Vanceuver, BC, VTP 3RS, Canada Worldpay Canada Corporation 6 Canada I134 Granda Allec Duest, Suite 600, Ville de Québec, QC, G1S 1FS, Canada 10/F, Building 2, 36 and 38 Haiqu Road Sinaghai, JS201203, China Co Ltd 2 Erivoy Services Denmark APS 5 Denmark Worldpay SARL 7 France Worldpay (HK) Ltd 3 Hong Kong Worldpay India Private Ltd 6 India Bibit Payments KK 5 Japan Worldpay KK 3 Japan Worldpay KK 3 Japan Worldpay Jersey Ltd 1 Worldpay Jersey Ltd 1 Worldpay Jersey Ltd 1 Worldpay (NZ) Luc 3 New Zealand Worldpay (NZ) Luc 3 Worldpay (NZ) Luc 3 Worldpay (NZ) Luc 3 Worldpay (NZ) Luc 4 New Zealand Worldpay Pte Ltd 4 Singapore Envoy Services South Africa (Pty) Ltd 5 Spain Bibit Spain SL 5 Spain  Notter of business Holding company Holding company Holding company Holding company Technology testing and support Business development and customer support services  Nother debtors  Nother debtors  Nother debtors  Nother debtors  Nother debtors  North Vanceuwer, BC, VTP 3RS, Canada 100 Co. G1S 1FS. Canada 100 Co. G1S 1FS. Canada 100 Fibit Paudench Alle Outsell Co. As 6 and 38 Haiqu Road 100 Singhal, JS201203, China Co. Beiercholm, Gribskovvej 2, 2100 Kebenhavn Ø, Co. Beiercholm, Gribskovej 2, 2100 Kebenhavn Ø, C					
Worldpay Canada Corporation 6 Canada 1134 Grande Allee Ouest, Suite 600, Ville de Québec, QC, G15 IES, Canada OC, G15 IES, Can	Cana	adian Envoy Technology Services Ltd 5	Canada		100%
Moridpay Marketing Consulting (Shanghai)   China   100F, Building 2, 36 and 38 Haigu Road   100   Co Ltd   Co	Wor	ldpay Canada Corporation 6	Canada	1134 Grande Allee Ouest, Suite 600, Ville de Québec,	100%
Envoy Services Denmark APS 5    Denmark			China	10/F, Building 2, 36 and 38 Haiqu Road	100%
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Bibit Payments KK <sup>5</sup> Bibit Dawco 2 SARL <sup>1</sup> Luxembourg  Worldpay Jersey Ltd <sup>1</sup> Ship Luxco 3 SARL <sup>1</sup> Luxembourg  Worldpay Norldpay Norldpay Norldpay (NZ) Ltd <sup>3</sup> Worldpay (NZ) Ltd <sup>3</sup> Worldpay (NZ) Ltd <sup>3</sup> Worldpay Ptc Ltd <sup>3</sup> Singapore  Envoy Services South Africa (Pty) Ltd <sup>5</sup> Spain  Bibit Spain SL <sup>5</sup> Holding company  Holding company  Payments service provider  Corporate secretary of UK subsidiaries  Non-trading company  Technology testing and support  Business development and customer support services  1 Debtors  1 10048, India  JA Building 12F, 1-3-1 Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku  1007  Tokyo, Japan  JR Building 12F, 1-3-1 Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku  1007  Tokyo, Japan  JR Clay Layembourg  4 Rue Jean-Pierre Probst, L-2352, Luxembourg  1007  4 Rue Jean-Pierre Probst, L-2352, Luxembourg  1007  4 Rue Jean-Pierre Probst, L-2352, Luxembourg  1007  4 Rue Jean-Pierre Probst, L-2352, Luxembourg  1008  Cor TMF Group, Level 12, 55 Shortland Street,  After James Ade Least Age and Street,  Ale Least Age Least Age and Street,  Ale Least Age Least Age and Street,  Ale Least Age and Flerre Probsts, L-2352, Luxembourg  1007  Business South Africa (Pty) Ltd <sup>3</sup> South Africa  Singapore  Ship Luxeo 2 SARL <sup>1</sup> Rue Jean-Pierre Probst, L-2352, Luxembourg  1008  Ale Rue Jean-Pierre Probst, L-2352, Luxembourg  1009  De Entree 248, 1101 EE, Amsterdam, Netherlands  1009  Timisoara Blvd. District 6 Bucharest, Romania  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1,  1009  1018  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1,  1009  1018  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1,  1009  1018  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1,  1009  1018  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1,  1009  1018  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1,  1009  1018  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1,  1009  1018  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1,  1009  1018  1019  102					
Worldpay KK <sup>3</sup> Japan  Worldpay Jersey Ltd <sup>1</sup> Worldpay Jersey Ltd <sup>1</sup> Worldpay Jersey Ltd <sup>1</sup> Worldpay Jersey Ltd <sup>1</sup> Ship Luxco 2 SARL <sup>1</sup> Luxembourg  Ship Luxco 3 SARL <sup>1</sup> Luxembourg  Worldpay BV <sup>3</sup> Worldpay Worldpay Worldpay (NZ) Ltd <sup>3</sup> Worldpay (NZ) Ltd <sup>3</sup> New Zealand  Worldpay Technology Bucharest SRL <sup>6</sup> Romania  Worldpay Pte Ltd <sup>3</sup> Singapore  Envoy Services South Africa (Pty) Ltd <sup>5</sup> Spain  Nature of business  Holding company  Holding company  Mature of business  Holding company  Holding company  Tokyo, Japan  JA Building 12F, 1-3-1 Otemachi, Chiyoda-ku  100'  A Rue Jean-Pierre Probst, L-2352, Luxembourg  A Rue Jean-Pierre Probst, L-2352, Luxembourg  New Zealand  Floors 3 & 4, AFI Park 4 & 5 offices building, 4A  Timisoara Bild District 6 Bucharest, Romania  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore  Nature of business  Holding company  Holding company  Holding company servicing Group debt  Payments service provider  Corporate secretary of UK subsidiaries  Non-trading company  Technology testing and support  Business development and customer support services  Pobletors  Debtors  Tokyo, Japan  IFC I, Level I, Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, JE2 3BX  100'  A Rue Jean-Pierre Probst, L-2352, Luxembourg  De Entree 248, 1101 EE, Amsterdam, Netherlands  100'  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore  9 Use Technology testing and support 1, 100'  Pobletors  Pobletors  Pobletors  Tokyo, Japan  If Cl. Level I, Esplanade, St Helier, Jersey, Je2 3BX  Rue Jean-Pierre Probst, L-2352, Luxembourg  100'  Rue Jean-Pierre Probst, L-2352, Luxembourg  100'  New Zealand  Flore Jean-Pierre Probst, L-2352, Luxembourg  100'  Nature Sp		• •		110048, India	100%
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Worldpay BV 3 Worldpay (NZ) Ltd 3 New Zealand Worldpay (NZ) Ltd 3 New Zealand Worldpay Technology Bucharest SRL 6 Worldpay Ptc Ltd 3 New Zealand Worldpay Ptc Ltd 3 Singapore Envoy Services South Africa (Pty) Ltd 5 South Africa Bibit Spain SL 5 Spain  Nature of business Holding company Holding company Short-rading company Technology testing and support Business development and customer support services  The bettors  Amounts owed from Group companies Other debtors  De Entree 248, 1101 EE, Amsterdam, Netherlands Co'n TMF Group, Level 12, 55 Shortland Street, Auckland 1010, New Zealand Auckland 1010, New Zealand Floors 3 & 4, AFI Park 4 & 5 offices building, 4A Timisoana Blvd. District 6 Bucharest, Romania Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 01096 The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore The Sharina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Sin	•		•		100%
Worldpay (NZ) Ltd <sup>3</sup> New Zealand Worldpay Technology Bucharest SRL <sup>6</sup> Romania  Floors 3 & 4, AFI Park 4 & 5 offices building, 4A Timisoara Blvd. District 6 Bucharest, Romania  Floors 3 & 4, AFI Park 4 & 5 offices building, 4A Timisoara Blvd. District 6 Bucharest, Romania  8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 100° 018960, Singapore Envoy Services South Africa (Pty) Ltd <sup>5</sup> South Africa Bibit Spain SL <sup>5</sup> Spain  Nature of business Holding company Holding company Payments service provider Corporate secretary of UK subsidiaries Non-trading company Echnology testing and support Business development and customer support services  Debtors  2019  Amounts owed from Group companies Other debtors  New Zealand Floors, 200 of Maric, Direct 6 Bucharest, Romania B Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 100° 018960, Singapore 8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 100° 018960, Singapore 9 Under John Bowwood and Mains Road, Claremont, Cape Town, 7708, South Africa Jorge Juan 30, 28001, Madrid, Spain  100°  Nature of business Floors, 200 on Main, Chr Bowwood and Mains Road, Claremont, Cape Town, 7708, South Africa Jorge Juan 30, 28001, Madrid, Spain  100°  Nature of business Floors, 200 on Main, Chr Bowwood and Mains Road, Claremont, Cape Town, 7708, South Africa Jorge Juan 30, 28001, Madrid, Spain  100°  Nature of business Floors, 200 on Main, Chr Bowwood and Mains Road, Claremont, Cape Town, 7708, South Africa Jorge Juan 30, 28001, Madrid, Spain  100°  Nature of business Floors, 200 on Main, Chr Bowwood and Mains Road, Claremont, Cape Town, 7708, South Africa Bibit Spain SL <sup>5</sup> Non-trading company Floors, 200 on Main, Chr Bowwood and Mains Road, Claremont, Cape Town, 7708, South Africa Bibit Spain SL <sup>5</sup> Non-trading company Floors, 200 on Main, Chr Bowwood and Mains Road, Claremont, Cape Town, 7708, South Africa Bibit Spain SL <sup>5</sup> Non-trading company Floors, 200 on Main, Chr Bowwood and Mains Road, Claremont, Cape Town, 7708, South Africa Bibit Spain SL <sup>5</sup> Non-trading company Floors, 200 on Main, Chr			Ç	, ,	100%
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Worldpay Technology Bucharest SRL 6 Romania Floors 3 & 4, AFI Park 4 & 5 offices building, 4A Timisora Blvd. District 6 Bucharest, Romania 8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore Envoy Services South Africa (Pty) Ltd 5 South Africa 3rd Floor, 200 on Main, Cnr Bowwood and Mains Road, Claremont, Cape Town, 7708, South Africa Jorge Juan 30, 28001, Madrid, Spain 1606 Nature of business  1 Holding company 2 Holding company servicing Group debt 3 Payments service provider 4 Corporate secretary of UK subsidiaries 5 Non-trading company 6 Technology testing and support 7 Business development and customer support services  11 Debtors  2019 2018 £m £m  Amounts owed from Group companies 405.0 194.9 Other debtors	Worl	ldpay (NZ) Ltd <sup>3</sup>	New Zealand		100%
Worldpay Pte Ltd <sup>3</sup> Singapore 8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1, 018960, Singapore Envoy Services South Africa (Pty) Ltd <sup>5</sup> South Africa 7rd Floor, 200 on Main, Cnr Bowwood and Mains Road, Claremont, Cape Town, 7708, South Africa 1906  Nature of business Holding company Holding company servicing Group debt Payments service provider Corporate secretary of UK subsidiaries Non-trading company Envoy Services development and customer support services  1 Debtors  2019 2018 £m £m  Amounts owed from Group companies Other debtors  405.0 194.9 Other debtors	Worl	dpay Technology Bucharest SRL 6	Romania	Floors 3 & 4, AFI Park 4 & 5 offices building, 4A	100%
Envoy Services South Africa (Pty) Ltd 5 South Africa 3rd Floor, 200 on Main, Cnr Bowwood and Mains Road, Claremont, Cape Town, 7708, South Africa Bibit Spain SL 5 Spain Jorge Juan 30, 28001, Madrid, Spain 1006  Nature of business  Holding company Holding company servicing Group debt Agricustry of UK subsidiaries Non-trading company Technology testing and support Business development and customer support services  Debtors  2019 £m £m Amounts owed from Group companies Other debtors  405.0 194.9 Other debtors	Worl	dpay Ptc Ltd 3	Singapore	8 Marina View, #31-01, Asia Square Tower 1,	100%
Bibit Spain SL 5 Spain Jorge Juan 30, 28001, Madrid, Spain 100°  Nature of business  Holding company  Holding company servicing Group debt  Payments service provider  Corporate secretary of UK subsidiaries  Non-trading company  Technology testing and support  Business development and customer support services  Debtors  2019 2018 £m £m  Amounts owed from Group companies  Other debtors  405.0 194.9  Other debtors	Envo	y Services South Africa (Pty) Ltd 5	South Africa	3rd Floor, 200 on Main, Cnr Bowwood and Mains	100%
Holding company Holding company servicing Group debt Payments service provider Corporate secretary of UK subsidiaries Non-trading company Technology testing and support Business development and customer support services  1 Debtors 2019 2018 £m £m Amounts owed from Group companies Other debtors 0.1 1.0	Bibit	Spain SL 5	Spain		190%
2 Holding company servicing Group debt 3 Payments service provider 4 Corporate secretary of UK subsidiaries 5 Non-trading company 6 Technology testing and support 7 Business development and customer support services  1 Debtors  2019 2018 £m £m  Amounts owed from Group companies  Other debtors  405.0 194.9  Other debtors					
3 Payments service provider 4 Corporate secretary of UK subsidiaries 5 Non-trading company 6 Technology testing and support 7 Business development and customer support services  11 Debtors  2019 2018 £m £m  Amounts owed from Group companies Other debtors  405.0 194.9 0.1 1.0		Ų , ,			
4 Corporate secretary of UK subsidiaries 5 Non-trading company 6 Technology testing and support 7 Business development and customer support services  11 Debtors  2019 £m £m  Amounts owed from Group companies Other debtors  405.0 194.9 0.1 1.0			ot		
5 Non-trading company 6 Technology testing and support 7 Business development and customer support services  11 Debtors  2019 2018 £m £m  Amounts owed from Group companies  Other debtors  405.0 194.9  1.0			•		
6 Technology testing and support 7 Business development and customer support services  11 Debtors  2019 2018 £m £m  Amounts owed from Group companies  405.0 194.9 Other debtors  0.1 1.0		Non-trading company			
7 Business development and customer support services  1 Debtors  2019 2018 £m £m  Amounts owed from Group companies  405.0 194.9 Other debtors  0.1 1.0					
2019   2018   fm   £m   £m			upport services		
Amounts owed from Group companies  Amounts owed from Group companies  Other debtors  405.0  194.9  1.0	1	Debtors			
Other debtors 0.1 1.0				——————————————————————————————————————	2018 £m
					194.9
<b>405.1</b> 195.9	Other	debtors		0.1	1.0
				405.1	195.9

Amounts owed from Group companies are unsecured and repayable on demand.

12 Other assets	2019 £m	2018 £m
Other assets	3.1	18.4
	3.1	18.4

Prior to acquisition by FIS, Worldpay Group Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, had entered into a trust deed to constitute an offshore employee benefit trust ('EBT') which was used to purchase Worldpay shares for the benefit of legacy Worldpay employees, including satisfying outstanding awards made under its legacy employee share plans. As at 31 December 2019, 142,749 shares were held in the EBT all of which were distributed in satisfying employee share plans that matured in March 2020.

## 13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019 £m	2018 £m
Amounts owed to Group companies Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	648.4 4.3 0.5	622.5 2.9 4.2
	653.2	629.6

Amounts owed to Group companies are unsecured and repayable on demand.

## 14 Deferred tax assets

	Total £m
At 1 January 2019	2.7
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-
Credit to the profit & loss account	4.1
Rounding	0.1
At 31 December 2019	6.9

## 15 Share capital

Total Total No. £m

Allotted, called up and fully paid ordinary shares of  ${\mathfrak {E}}0.03$ 

At 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019

2,085,345,120 62.6

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company.

There are 1 million CVR shares in issue with a nominal value of £1,8475 each. These shares have the characteristics of a financial liability and are therefore not recognised within equity. They carry no voting rights unless with regard to matters relating to the winding up of the Company in which case the holders are entitled to one vote per share. These shares are redeemable.

## 16 Related parties

Transactions between the Company and other wholly owned members of the same Group have not been disclosed, in accordance with the provisions of FRS 101. There were no transactions with other related parties.

### 17 Ultimate parent company and controlling party

Worldpay International Limited is the Company's immediate parent company and until 31 July 2019, Worldpay, Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America, was the ultimate parent company and controlling party. On the 31 July 2019, Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., a US domiciled corporation, became the ultimate parent company and controlling party.

Fidelity National Information Services, Inc., a company incorporated in the United States of America, is the undertaking that heads the smallest and largest group of companies for which consolidated financial statements are prepared. The Directors consider Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. to be the ultimate controlling party and ultimate parent company.

Copies of the financial statements of Fidelity National Information Services, Inc. can be obtained from 601 Riverside Avenue, Jacksonville, Florida 32204, USA.

## 18 Subsequent events

Coronavirus Pandemic – Since the start of January 2020, the outbreak of Coronavirus COVID-19, which is a rapidly evolving situation, has adversely impacted global commercial activities. The rapid development and fluidity of this situation precludes any prediction as to its ultimate impact, which may have a continued adverse impact on economic and market conditions and trigger a period of global economic slowdown. The Directors consider that this event is a non-adjusting post balance sheet event and accordingly have made no adjustments to these financial statements as a result. Management is monitoring developments relating to COVID-19 and is coordinating its operational response based on existing business continuity plans and on guidance from global health organisations, relevant governments, and general pandemic response best practices.