

Registered number: 8756470

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019



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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is to act as a landscaping contractor.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £7,432 (2018 -loss £6,910).

No dividends have been paid or proposed (2018 - £NIL).

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the year were:

T K A A Al-Abdullah A Al-Attiyah R D S Archer M Ashraf Sir George Iacobescu CBE A J S Jordan

On 29 January 2020, subsequent to the year end, C T Bryant replaced R D S Archer as a director of the company and on 31 March 2020 B Vickers replaced A J S Jordan as a director of the company.

The company provides an indemnity to all directors (to the extent permitted by law) in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office. The company also has in place liability insurance covering the directors and officers of the company. Both the indemnity and insurance were in force during the year ended 31 December 2019 and at the time of the approval of this Directors' Report. Neither the indemnity nor the insurance provide cover in the event that the director is proven to have acted dishonestly or fraudulently.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

This report was approved by the board on 4 September 2020 and signed on its behalf.

Docusigned by:
Oliver Tiernay
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O J Tiernay Secretary

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BRAEBURN ESTATES (HUNGERFORD) LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements of Braeburn Estates (Hungerford) Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of financial position;
- the statement of changes in equity;
- the statement of cash flows; and
- the related notes 1 to 15.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and IFRSs as adopted by the European Union.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BRAEBURN ESTATES (HUNGERFORD) LIMITED

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF BRAEBURN ESTATES (HUNGERFORD) LIMITED

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

USE OF OUR REPORT

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Simon Letts (Senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP

Statutory Auditor London, United Kingdom

4 September 2020

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Revenue		370,177	164,000
Cost of sales		(95,312)	-
GROSS PROFIT	_	274,865	164,000
Administrative expenses		(283,676)	(171,332)
OPERATING LOSS	_	(8,811)	(7,332)
Interest receivable and similar income	6	1,260	420
LOSS BEFORE TAX	-	(7,551)	(6,912)
Tax on loss	7	119	2
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(7,432)	(6,910)
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	- :	(7,432)	(6,910)

BRAEBURN ESTATES (HUNGERFORD) LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 8756470

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Trade and other receivables	8	11,081,315	11,099,023
Cash at bank and in hand	9	480,543	181,333
		11,561,858	11,280,356
Trade and other payables	10	(11,507,582)	(11,218,648)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		54,276	61,708
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		54,276	61,708
NET ASSETS		54,276	61,708
EQUITY			
Called up share capital	12	1	1
Retained earnings		54,275	61,707
		54,276	61,708

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 4 September 2020.

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B Vickers

Director

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M Ashraf

Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Called up share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2019	1	61,707	61,708
Loss for the year	-	(7,432)	(7,432)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	•	(7,432)	(7,432)
AT 31 DECEMBER 2019	1	54,275	54,276

The notes on pages 10 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Called up share capital	Retained earinings	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 January 2018	, 1	68,617	68,618
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	•		
Loss for the year	- ·	(6,910)	(6,910)
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		(6,910)	(6,910)
AT 31 DECEMBER 2018	1	61,707	61,708

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	2019 £	2018 £
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	_	_
Loss for the financial year ADJUSTMENTS FOR:	(7,432)	(6,910)
Taxation charge	(119)	(2)
Increase in receivables	(34)	(515,001)
Increase in payables	288,933	425,455
Corporation tax received/(paid)	17,862	(34,097)
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	299,210	(130,555)
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	299,210	(130,555)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	181,333	311,888
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF YEAR	480,543	181,333
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF YEAR COMPRISE:		
Cash at bank and in hand	480,543	181,333
	480,543	181,333

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Braeburn Estates (Hungerford) Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in the UK under the Companies Act 2006 and registered in England and Wales at One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5AB.

The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors Report.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee interpretations as adopted by the EU and the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS.

The following new and revised accounting standards and interpretations have been adopted by the company in 2019. Their adoption has not had any significant impact on the amounts reported in these financial statements, but may impact the accounting for future transactions and arrangements:

IFRS 16 'Leases'

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements the following standards and interpretations which have not been applied in these financial statements, were in issue but not yet effective (and in some cases had not yet been adopted by EU):

Annual Improvements to IFRS, 2015-2017 cycle (various standards): Amendment to IAS 28 'Investments in associates' Amendment to IAS 19 'Employee benefits' IFRS 17 'Insurance contracts' IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over income tax treatments'

The directors anticipate that the adoption of these standards in future periods will not have a material impact on the financial statements of the company.

Replacement of LIBOR as an interest rate benchmark

It is anticipated that LIBOR will be replaced or discontinued after the end of 2021, as part of global financial regulators' project to reform interest rate benchmarks. The Company will therefore renegotiate and/or otherwise amend to accommodate such change in benchmarks, where related instruments mature after 2021.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the company's accounting policies (see Note 3).

The principal accounting policies are summarised below:

2.2 Going Concern

At the year end, the company is in a net asset position.

Having made the requisite enquiries and assessed the resources at the disposal of the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue its operation for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The impact of the Covid-19 virus is described in Note 14.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.3 Revenue

Revenue from usage of the site is recognised in the period to which it relates.

2.4 Financial instruments

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtor concerned.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances, deposits held with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 3 months or less, which are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other creditors are stated at cost.

2.5 Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates. The preparation of financial statements also requires use of judgements, apart from those involving estimation, that management makes in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies.

For the year ended 31 December 2019, there were no items which the directors believe are significant to the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

4. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

	2019	2018
	£	£
Fees for the audit of the company's annual financial statements	2,580	540

5. EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration (2018 - £NIL).

6. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

		2019 £	2018 £
Bank interest receivable	1	,260	420
	,1	,260	420
			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

7. TAXATION

	2019 £	2018 £
CORPORATION TAX		
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(119)	(2)
TAXATION ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	(119)	(2)
FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE YEAR		
The tax assessed for the year is different to the standard rate of corporation tax i - 19%). The differences are explained below:	n the UK of	19% (2018
	2019 £	2018 £
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(7,551)	(6,912)
Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018 -19%) EFFECTS OF:	(1,435)	(1,313)
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of prior periods	(119)	(2)
Unrelieved tax losses carried forward	1,435 ————	1,313
TOTAL TAX CREDIT FOR THE YEAR	(119)	(2)

FACTORS THAT MAY AFFECT FUTURE TAX CHARGES

Enacted in the Finance Act (No.2) 2015 is a reduction in the corporation tax rate to 17.0% on 1 April 2020.

Following the year end, in the 2020 Budget, HM Treasury have announced their intention not to cut corporation tax beyond 19%.

At 31 December 2019 there was an unprovided deferred tax asset of £467 (2018 - £1,175) in respect of tax losses carried forward of £2,748 (2018 - £6,912).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

8. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2019 £	2018 £
Other receivables	11,081,315	11,081,281
Tax recoverable	-	17,742
·	11,081,315	11,099,023
Amounts due from associated entities comprise:	·	
	2019 £	2018 £
Canary Wharf Limited	34	-
Braeburn Estates Developments (1) Limited	1,782,403	1,782,403
Braeburn Estates Developments (2) Limited	1,733,231	1,733,231
Braeburn Estates (B3) Limited Partnership	1,216,281	1,216,281
Braeburn Estates (B4A) Limited Partnership	1,939,796	1,939,795
Braeburn Estates (B5) Limited Partnership	2,554,521	2,554,522
Braeburn Estates (B6/7) Limited Partnership	1,855,049	1,855,049
	11,081,315	11,081,281

Amounts due from associated entities are interest free and are repayable on demand.

9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2019 £	2018 £
Cash at bank and in hand	480,543	181,333
	480,543	181,333

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

10. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

11.

•		
	2019 £	2018 £
Other toyotics and social sequity		
Other taxation and social security	24,909	2,114,528
Other payables	11,129,017	8,895,704
Accruals and deferred income	353,656	208,416
	11,507,582	11,218,648
Amount award to appointed antition comprises:	· .	
Amount owed to associated entities comprise:		
	2019 £	2018 £
Braeburn Estates Limited Partnership	2,182,931	38,389
Canary Wharf Contractors Ltd	88,770	-
Braeburn Estates (B4B) Limited Partnership	8,857,315	8,857,315
	11,129,016	8,895,704
The amounts owed to associated entities are interest free and repayable on	demand.	
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		
	2019 £	2018 £
FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Bank current assets	480,543	181,333
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	11,081,314	11,081,281
	11,561,857	11,262,614
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES		
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(11,482,673)	(9,104,120)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

12. SHARE CAPITAL

	2019 £	2018 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid	•	
1 (2018 -1) Ordinary share of £1.00	1	1

13. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the company incurred costs of £73,975 (2018: £Nil) from Canary Wharf Contractors Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of Canary Wharf Group plc. The company also icurred cost of £337 from Braeburn Estates Developments (1) Limited.

The company incurred charges of £9,355 (2018: £9,355) from Canary Wharf Limited in respect of administration services.

14. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Since 31 December 2019 the UK economy has been significantly impacted by the Covid-19 virus which has caused widespread disruption and economic uncertainty. This is considered to be a non-adjusting post balance sheet event and as at the date of signing, the uncertainty is not expected to give rise to a material impact on the assets, liabilities or performance of the company.

15. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Braeburn Estates (GP) Limited for and on behalf of Braeburn Estates Limited Partnership.

As at 31 December 2019, the smallest and largest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Braeburn Estates Limited Partnership. Braeburn Estates Limited Partnership is a joint venture between Project Russet Property Unit Trust and Canary Wharf (PB) Unit Trust. Copies of the financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5AB.