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Company Registration No. 08746809 (England and Wales)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Director C V Hall

Company number 08746809

Registered office 22 Wycombe End

Beaconsfield Buckinghamshire

HP9 1NB

Accountants Harwood Hutton Limited

22 Wycombe End Beaconsfield Buckinghamshire

HP9 1NB

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BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

		20	2020		2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Goodwill	3		249,800		268,090	
Other intangible assets	3		138,934		138,934	
Total intangible assets			388,734		407,024	
Tangible assets	4		3		3	
Investments	5		-		100	
			388,737		407,127	
Current assets			·		·	
Debtors	6	277,001		108,611		
Cash at bank and in hand		42,675		2,635		
		319,676		111,246		
Creditors: amounts falling due within	7	319,070		111,240		
one year	•	(2,151,726)		(1,963,118)		
Net current liabilities			(1,832,050)		(1,851,872)	
						
Total assets less current liabilities			(1,443,313)		(1,444,745)	
					===	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	8		500,000		500,000	
Profit and loss reserves			(1,943,313)		(1,944,745)	
Total equity			(1,443,313)		(1,444,745)	
, •						

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on

C V Hall

Director

Company Registration No. 08746809

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Warehouse 51 Productions Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 22 Wycombe End, Beaconsfield, Buckinghamshire, HP9 1NB.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through a loan from its director, C V Hall, and it relies on his continued support. The director, having considered a future period of twelve months, considers it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for production services net of VAT. Production fees are recognised as turnover when the film is available for delivery, except for films being produced on behalf of third parties, where income is recognised as costs are incurred.

1.4 Research and development expenditure

Research expenditure is written off against profits in the year in which it is incurred. Identifiable development expenditure is capitalised to the extent that the technical, commercial and financial feasibility can be demonstrated.

1.5 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 20 years.

1.6 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives. On the basis that no economic inflows yet arise from the intangible fixed assets, no amortisation has been provided.

1.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

33.33% straight line

Computer equipment

33.33% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.8 Fixed asset investments

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.9 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.10 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 "Basic Financial Instruments" to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price less any provision for impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised costs using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment.

Basic financial liabilities

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans and other loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised costs using the effective interest method.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.12 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.13 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Employees

			2020 Number	2019 Number
	Total		3	1
3	Intangible fixed assets	Goodwill £	Other £	Total £
	Cost	-	L	٨.
	At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020	365,795	138,934	504,729
	Amortisation and impairment			
	At 1 April 2019	97,705	•	97,705
	Amortisation charged for the year	18,290	-	18,290
	At 31 March 2020	115,995	-	115,995
	Carrying amount	 .		
	At 31 March 2020	249,800	138,934	388,734
	At 31 March 2019	===== 268,090	138,934	407,024

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

4	Tangible fixed assets		Plant and machinery etc £
	Cost At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020		116,612
	Depreciation and impairment At 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2020		116,609
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2020		3
	At 31 March 2019		3
5	Fixed asset investments	2020 £	2019 £
	Investments	-	100
	Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value.		
	Movements in fixed asset investments		Shares in group undertakings
	Cost or valuation At 1 April 2019 Disposals		£ 100 (100)
	At 31 March 2020		-
	Carrying amount At 31 March 2020		
	At 31 March 2019		100

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

		Debtors
2019	2020	
£	£	Amounts falling due within one year:
2,354	149,192	Trade debtors
4,836	-	Corporation tax recoverable
101,421	127,809	Other debtors
108,611	277,001	
2040	2020	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year
2019 £	2020 £	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year
		Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Bank loans and overdrafts
£	£	
£ 50,100	£ 19,079	Bank loans and overdrafts
£ 50,100	£ 19,079 160,706	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors

The bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company and by a personal guarantee from the director.

8 Called up share capital

	2020 £	2019 £
Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		
500,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	500,000	500,000

9 Related party transactions

During the period the director made loans to the company. At the balance sheet date the amount due to the director was £1,890,902 (2019 - £1,868,591).