

**GIRLING & COMPANY SOFTWARE LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017**

Girling & Company Software Limited
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 December 2017

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Girling & Company Software Limited
Balance Sheet
As at 31 December 2017

Registered number: 08738218

		2017		2016	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	3		503,426		455,102
Investments	4		101,200		101,200
			<u>604,626</u>		<u>556,302</u>
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	43,076		33,445	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>774</u>		<u>5,455</u>	
		43,850		38,900	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	<u>(587,489)</u>		<u>(595,102)</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			<u>(543,639)</u>		<u>(556,202)</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>60,987</u>		<u>100</u>
NET ASSETS			<u>60,987</u>		<u>100</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			<u>60,887</u>		<u>-</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>60,987</u>		<u>100</u>

Girling & Company Software Limited
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 31 December 2017

For the year ending 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Stuart Girling

28 September 2018

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Girling & Company Software Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 December 2017

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Going Concern Disclosure

The company meets its day to day working capital requirements through a loan from the directors. The directors will not consider seeking full repayment of this loan until the company has sufficient funds to do so and on this basis, the directors consider it appropriate to prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis.

1.3. Research and Development

Research expenditure is written off to the profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred. Development expenditure is written off in the same way unless the directors are satisfied as to the technical, commercial and financial viability of individual projects. In this situation, the expenditure is deferred and amortised over the period during which the company is expected to benefit.

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2016: 2).

3. Intangible Assets

	Development Costs
	£
Cost	
As at 1 January 2017	455,102
Additions	48,324
As at 31 December 2017	<u>503,426</u>
Net Book Value	
As at 31 December 2017	<u>503,426</u>
As at 1 January 2017	<u>455,102</u>

4. Investments

	Unlisted
	£
Cost	
As at 1 January 2017	101,200
As at 31 December 2017	<u>101,200</u>
Provision	
As at 1 January 2017	-
As at 31 December 2017	<u>-</u>
Net Book Value	
As at 31 December 2017	<u>101,200</u>
As at 1 January 2017	<u>101,200</u>

Investments held as fixed assets are shown at cost less provision for impairment.

5. Debtors

	2017	2016
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	10	8
Prepayments and accrued income	13,566	-
Other debtors	29,500	33,437
	<u>43,076</u>	<u>33,445</u>

Girling & Company Software Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 December 2017

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade creditors	401,875	406,702
Directors' loan accounts	185,614	188,400
	<u>587,489</u>	<u>595,102</u>

7. Share Capital

	2017	2016
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

8. General Information

Girling & Company Software Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 08738218. The registered office is Brook House, Bury Road, Rickingham, Diss, Norfolk, IP22 1HA.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.