Company Registration No. 08729671 (England and Wales)

# ZEBRA26 LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016 REGISTRAR FILING COPY

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#### **BALANCE SHEET**

#### AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

		2016		2015	
·	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		1,350		1,800
Tangible assets	4	•	2,158		1,554
		•	3,508		3,354
Current assets					<i>:</i>
Stocks		603	•	-	
Debtors	5	7,051		21,833	
Cash at bank and in hand		18,667		24,662	
		26,321		46,495	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	6	(12 249)		(21,776)	
one year		(13,348) ———		(21,770)	
Net current assets			12,973		24,719
Total assets less current liabilities			16,481		28,073
Provisions for liabilities			(702)		(651)
Net assets			15,779		27,422
Net assets	•		15,779		====
Capital and reserves			•		
Called up share capital	8		1 -		1
Profit and loss reserves			15,778		27,421
			<del></del>		
Total equity			15,779		27,422
		-	======	•	

The director of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 27 April 2017

Director.

Company Registration No. 08729671

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts received net of VAT from consultancy work undertaken during the year.

#### 1.3 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date if the fair value can be measured reliably.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Software

20% straight line

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.6 Equity instruments

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. There is a single class of Ordinary shares. There are no restrictions on the distribution of dividends or the repayment of capital.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

#### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

#### 1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.9 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

#### 1.10 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

#### 1.11 Company information

Zebra26 Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Berristall Farm, Lamaload Road, Rainow, Macclesfield, Cheshire, SK10 5XP.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

2	Employées	1	

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	was:		
,		2016 Number Nu	·2015 umber
	Total	1	1
3	Intangible fixed assets	<del></del>	O4l
	0		Other £
	Cost At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016		2,250
	Amortisation and impairment At 1 January 2016		450
	Amortisation charged for the year		450
	At 31 December 2016		900
	Carrying amount At 31 December 2016	·	1,350
	At 31 December 2015		1,800
4	Tangible fixed assets		
		Plant and machine	ry etc £
	Cost At 1 January 2016 Additions		2,408 1,324
	At 31 December 2016		3,732
	Depreciation and impairment At 1 January 2016		854
	Depreciation charged in the year  At 31 December 2016		720 —— 1,574
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 December 2016		2,158
	At 31 December 2015		1,554

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

5	Debtors		
		2016	2015
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	6,488	21,833
	Other debtors	563	-
·		7,051	21,833
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	<del></del>	
	erouniere, amounte rannig aue trianni ene yeur	2016	2015
		£	£
	Trade creditors	310	433
	Corporation tax	6,824	12,201
	Other taxation and social security	4,677	7,653
	Other creditors	1,537	1,489
		13,348	21,776
		====	
7	Provisions for liabilities		
		2016	2015
		£	£
	Deferred tax liabilities	702	651
,	•	702	651.
			. ====
8	Called up share capital		
-		2016	2015
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid 1 Ordinary share of £1 each		1
	1 Stamary share of £1 each	<del></del>	<del></del>