

COLEG CEREDIGION (a company limited by guarantee)

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE PERIOD FROM 9th OCTOBER 2013 (date of incorporation) TO 31st July 2014

Company registration no: 08725643 Charity registration no: 1154557

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Annual report for the period ended 31 July 2014

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Please note that throughout the annual report, Company, College, Institution or Coleg Ceredigion refers to Coleg Ceredigion (a company limited by guarantee), except where the term College, Institution or Coleg Ceredigion is used in the context of the period to 31 December 2013 which refers to the further education corporation.

PUBLIC BENEFIT STATEMENT

Charitable Objectives

The College's objective is to provide for the public benefit in the United Kingdom and elsewhere further and higher education and (subject to any consultation with any relevant local authority) secondary education (as defined in each case in section 18(1) of the Further and Higher Education Act 1992 (or any replacement therefor).

In making decisions the trustees have had due regard to public benefit guidance.

Fulfilment of the charitable objectives

Beneficiaries

The beneficiaries are appropriate to the aims as the students in the further, higher and secondary education sector (a sufficient sector of the public to meet the public benefit test) are the direct beneficiaries.

Admissions

The College operates an inclusive admissions policy. However some programmes have specific entry requirements which are reviewed annually and published in the College prospectus.

Student Support/Bursaries/Scholarships

Students at the College are entitled to apply for various packages of support and funding in the same way as anyone studying in further or higher education in Wales.

Further education students between the ages of 16 and 19 can apply for the Education Maintenance Allowance and students who are 19 + can apply for an Assembly Learning Grant. Other bursaries are also available within the College for further and higher education students subject to eligibility.

Financial Contingency Funds are also available within the College which students can apply for to support their studies.

Widening Participation

The College has a broad range of academic and vocational education and training programmes. These range from pre-entry to level 5. It also provides for 14-16 school pupils who attend the College and adult learners. The College delivers across two campuses and in the workplace.

Community Engagement

The College offers other facilities which are available to staff, students and members of the public.

By order of the Board	· ·
Signature	bleie_
Date: 10 · 12 · 14	

Ms Allison Coleman
Director and Chair

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014

The directors present their strategic report for the period ended 31 July 2014.

COLLEGE MISSION

The College mission statement, as recorded in its Strategic Plan 2013-2015, which was approved by the Board in June 2012 reads:

'Fulfilling Potential - Changing Lives'

BACKGROUND

Coleg Ceredigion Further Education Corporation was established under the Further Education and Higher Education Act 1992 for the purpose of conducting education and training at Coleg Ceredigion, which is a bilingual further education college with campuses at Aberystwyth and Cardigan.

On 31 December 2013 the Coleg Ceredigion Further Education Corporation (Dissolution) Order 2013 came into force. This order dissolved the further education corporation previously established and transferred all of its properties, rights and liabilities to the new Coleg Ceredigion Company (incorporated on 9 October 2013). The Coleg Ceredigion (Designated Institutions in Further Education) Order 2013 came into force on the same day establishing a new College conducted by a registered company, limited by guarantee. This new Coleg Ceredigion company is a wholly owned subsidiary of University of Wales: Trinity Saint David

The financial information in the annual report is presented retrospectively for the trading of the College for the year ended 31 July 2014 with a comparative for the year ended 31 July 2013 (see basis of accounting page 29).

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activities of the College are the provision of conducting education and training, within a rural, bilingual further education college situated on campuses in Aberystwyth and Cardigan.

The distance between the two campuses is nearly 40 miles and it takes over an hour to travel between them. The college's main catchment area is the county of Ceredigion but the college also attracts a considerable number of students from parts of North Pembrokeshire, North Carmarthenshire, North West Powys and South Meirionydd.

The College has an annual turnover of around £5.6m and employs over 225 staff, about 75 of whom are employed on a full-time basis. Each year nearly 3,000 students enrol at the college. These include around 700 full-time learners, most of whom are school leavers from the ten secondary schools in the college's catchment area (the seven secondary schools in Ceredigion together with the secondary schools located in Machynlleth, Newcastle Emlyn, Crymych and Preseli).

Ceredigion's population, according to the 2011 census is 75,922. With 43 people per square kilometre, the area is less densely populated than Wales as a whole. In keeping with the rest of Wales 15.7% of the population in the area is of retirement age. The number of 16-19 year olds in the county is projected to decrease significantly over the next 15 years. Consequently, the college takes careful account of this demographic trend in all its decision-making in relation to the college curriculum. According to the 2011 Census 47% of the population in Ceredigion are Welsh speakers, compared with 19% across Wales.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014 (continued)

The population is scattered throughout the small towns, villages and hamlets of the county. Aberystwyth is by far the largest town, with a resident population of over 18,000, which increases to 26,000 during university term time. The next largest towns are Cardigan with a population of 4,000 and Lampeter with a resident population of 2,000, which increases to over 3,500 during university term time. The fourth largest town is Aberaeron with a population of 1,500. Coleg Ceredigion's campuses are therefore located in the two largest towns in the county.

Ceredigion is poorly served by public transport. Some main routes have an adequate bus service but public transport is virtually non-existent for many communities. Many learners would not be able to attend Coleg Ceredigion were it not either for their own private transport or for the bus service

STRATEGIC AND OPERATIONAL PLANS

The Board seeks to fulfil this mission and achieve its associated aims and strategic objectives through the development and implementation of a three-year strategic plan, an Annual Operational Plan, and a range of specific supporting operational plans.

In seeking to fulfil its mission the College's has a set of values and strategic aims, and these are set out in the College's Strategic Plan 2013-15 as follows:

VALUES

- Strive for excellence in teaching learning and support
- Value all members of the college community in a culture of mutual respect
- Behave ethically and with integrity in an environment that actively promotes success and meets the needs of the individual

AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

1. Provide high quality teaching and learning.

- Continue to evolve a curriculum that meets the needs of learners, employers and the community.
- Implement a Teaching and Learning Strategy that utilises a range of delivery methods, including technologies, appropriate to individual learner needs.
- Assess and evaluate our teaching every year to ensure it meets our targets for improvement and learner success to a minimum grading of 'good'.
- Implement a three year learner focussed staff development programme that enables staff
 to strive towards sector leading practice, update their professional skills and keep abreast
 of new developments in teaching and learning.

2. Support learners to maximise their potential.

- Implement a cross institutional literacy strategy to improve learners' numeracy and literacy levels across the institution.
- Provide comprehensive and personalised curriculum and career based advice and quidance from the time learners make contact with the college until they leave.
- Foster personal development through mentoring, counselling, careers guidance, and tutorial support.
- Offer a service to all learners which will support them in achieving their learning outcomes.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014 (continued)

- 3. Lead and participate in dynamic learning networks to broaden learner choice, and improve outcomes leading to increased employment and higher education opportunities.
 - Lead strategic alliances via Memoranda of Understanding and service level agreements with:
 - Groups of schools on a geographical basis
 - HE institutions within the region
 - FE College Alliances
 - Further develop links with national, regional and local employers, Sector Skills Councils and the Local Education Authority.
- 4. Firmly establish the college as a leading bilingual institution where Welsh and English are valued, respected, and treated equally.
 - Increase and actively promote the opportunities for learners to undertake their studies bilingually or through the medium of Welsh and increase the number of learners accessing the opportunities and achieving successful outcomes
 - Ensure that the college has a strong Welsh ethos and that learners, staff and members of the community are able to communicate in either Welsh or English at every opportunity
 - Ensure that all learners leaving the college are able to contribute fully in a bilingual community.
 - Further develop the Welsh language and bilingual skills of all staff
- 5. Provide a high quality college environment which utilises human and physical resources sustainably and cost effectively.
 - Minimise our environmental footprint through the setting of annual targets.
 - Ensure value for money in the procurement of all goods and services.
 - Ensure the effective utilisation of all physical resources.
 - Identify and maximise the potential of all college staff.
- 6. Underpin all strategic developments through strong leadership at all levels including the Governing Body.
 - Lead by example and through effective and open communication throughout the institution.
 - Maintain financial viability to enable the College to fulfil its strategic aims.
 - Continually review the effectiveness of organisational structures with defined roles and responsibilities to ensure they are fit for purpose.
 - Ensure that all policies and procedures are updated and implemented in line with best practice and current legislation.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014 (continued)

SUPPORTING PLANS

- Risk Policy, Risk Register and Action Plan
- Self Assessment Report and Quality Development Plan
- Literacy and Numeracy Strategy and Development Plan
- Learning and Teaching Strategy and Action Plan
- Learner Voice Strategy and Action Plan
- Welsh Language Scheme and Action Plan
- Equality and Diversity Scheme and Action Plan
- Financial Strategy, Procurement and Value for Money Strategies
- Business and Enterprise Strategy and Action Plan
- ICT Strategy and Action Plan
- Estates Strategy and Recommendations
- Environmental Management Strategy and Action Plan
- Staff Development Strategy and Development Plan
- Partnership Strategy
- Excellence Sharing Programme (ESP)
- Results Improvement Support Programme (RISP)
- ESDGC Strategy and Development Plan
- Health and Safety Strategy and Action Plan

The implementation of the strategic and operational plans is the responsibility of the College's Executive Committee.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014 (continued)

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The college suffered a deficit of £196,000 (2013: deficit £323,000), before profit on disposal of fixed assets of £117,000 (2013:£Nil). However the deficit is after "non cash" items relating to depreciation and additional pension charges consistent with the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard No 17: Retirement Benefits (FRS17).

The cash (deficit)/surplus generated by the college is shown below:

	2014	2013
	3	£
Deficit for the year (before exceptional item)	(196,000)	(323,000)
Non-cash items:		
Depreciation net of deferred capital grants	160,000	174,000
FRS17 adjustments	38,000	66,000
Early retirement charges	5,000	60,000
Cash (deficit)/surplus generated	7,000	(23,000)

Total income for the 2013-14 financial year was £5,633,000 compared with £5,465,000 in the previous year. Welsh Government grants accounted for 85.0% of income in 2014 compared with 85.4% in the previous year.

Total expenditure for the 2013-14 financial year was flat at £5,829,000 compared with £5,788,000 in the previous year, Salary costs were also flat at £4,076,000 However the staff costs as a percentage of total income has decreased from to 74.0% to 72.3% in the period.

The college cash surplus in the period of £7,000 improved from a cash deficit of (£23,000) in 2013. The profit on disposal related to the sale of the property in Terrace Road, Aberystwyth.

The college has remained in a fairly healthy position as the Balance Sheet shows, due to the decrease in pension deficit from £1,295,000 to £714,000 which has a significant impact on the overall financial position.

In the meantime, the college's balance sheet remains "liquid", with an increase in the cash balance of £75,000 to £861,000 (2013 £786,000) and with the FRS pension adjustment the Net Assets have increased to £4,469,000 (2013: £3,858,000).

FINANCIAL OBJECTIVES:

- to achieve a year end position in line with the financial forecasts and a positive cash flow
- to diversify income streams and reduce reliance on core funding
- to ensure a healthy short term liquidity position
- to fund continued capital investment

The College wishes to continue to accumulate cash balances to fund future planned capital developments. To achieve this, the College has continued its drive for efficiency in the education and training it delivers. This has been and will be achieved by thoroughly reviewing its curriculum provision, effective deployment of resources and best value procurement of goods and services. In addition to this, the College continues to actively seek and develop other sources of income.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014 (continued)

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

In addition to the measures highlighted on pages 10 to 12, the Company's key performance indicators are income and operating surplus/(deficit) as reported above.

THE FUTURE

The college will continue to grow and develop its curriculum portfolio to meet the needs of its learners and the local and regional economy. Seeking bilingual developments are at the heart of the college's work in preparing young people to work and live in a bilingual community and thus contribute to the economy. Maintaining the current high of success and continuing to innovate in teaching and learning remain key priorities. In addition developing the college estate to meet the needs of learners and new curricular progression routes into HE as part of an emerging UWTSD all group strategy is central to the college's sustainable development agenda.

With the projected Welsh Government funding cuts Coleg Ceredigion faces a number of challenges in the future. The college is not unique in this respect but will need to work closely in its position as a newly merged subsidiary company of UWTSD to maximise opportunities for efficiency gains through joint working and procurement. Various new strategic approaches are being developed across the group to enable this to be realised including a group Commercialisation Strategy.

The college will continue to seek out opportunities for collaborative ventures that will enhance the college's position within the local community.

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT AND ENRICHMENT

The college currently offers learning provision in a wide range of areas to include:

- Health and Care
- Childcare
- Countryside and Environment
- Hospitality and Catering
- Hair and Beauty
- Business and Management
- ICT
- Engineering
- Furniture
- Construction
- Art and Design
- Performing Arts, Art and Media
- A Levels and GCSEs
- Foundation Studies

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014 (continued)

- Independent Living Skills
- Adult Basic Education
- ESOL
- Teacher Training

Most of Coleg Ceredigion's learning provision is funded by the DfES through its Post 16 Planning and Funding Framework. The college also offers a range of work based learning provision (Care and Accounting being the main areas) which is delivered through the Mid Wales Work-based Learning Consortium of which the college is a partner. The college also delivers a small amount of higher education provision (teacher training) which is funded through a franchise arrangement with the University of South Wales and UWTSD. The curriculum provides a service to the whole learning community and provision is available from pre-entry up to level 5.

The curriculum is comprehensively planned and reviewed by the Curriculum, Quality, Teaching and Learning Committee which reports to the Executive Committee. Planning takes into account Ministerial Priorities and Labour Market Intelligence (to include reports from Sector Skills Councils, Welsh Government, and the Regional Learning Partnership). Effective consultation also takes place with the 14-19 network, other partners within the UWTSD group, industry, employers and learners.



The college places strong emphasis on providing bilingual and Welsh medium opportunities to enhance employment opportunities for learners. Its commitment to the Welsh Language is reflected in the fact that the college won the Colegau Cymru Award for Bilingualism and the Welsh language in 2014.

The college merged with the University of Wales Trinity Saint David as a subsidiary company on 1 January 2014 which has facilitated progression onto HE and provided more local and flexible HE opportunities for students.

Coleg Ceredigion is committed to Education for Sustainable Development and Global Citizenship (ESDGC) which develops people's skills to take action that improves our quality of life now and for future generations. Learners are involved in a variety of community and charity projects and work with local organisations in raising funds and awareness.

The college has a clear learner involvement strategy and most learners voice their opinions effectively through questionnaires, focus groups, course representatives' meetings and learner representation on the governing body.

Entrepreneurship education is embedded within the curriculum and learners benefit from a programme of activities led by the Business Development Manager. Work related experience opportunities and activities are provided for all of our learners on long (full time) courses. These include work placement, workshops, master-classes, talks from employers and Dynamo role models. The college will be joining the South West Wales Skills Academy lead by Pembrokeshire College in the delivery of the next Welsh Government WBL Contract in 2015.

The college has excellent relationships with local employers many of which are SMEs and microbusinesses. There are no private large employers in the county with the largest employers being public sector based and including Bronglais Hospital, Ceredigion County Council and the college itself. The college is joining with the UWTSD group in the development of a Commercialisation Strategy across the group.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014 (continued)

PARTNERSHIP

The College has excellent partnership arrangements which contribute to an enhanced curriculum and learning experience.

From 1 January 2014, the College became part of University of Wales: Trinity Saint David Group. As a result opportunities for learners have developed and the relationship will enable the sharing of resources, expertise and good practice. There will also be potential for efficiency gains.

The College is well represented on a range of national networks including the Qualifications Reform External Stakeholders Reference Group, Ceredigion Local Service Board and 14-19 Strategy Group and Colegau Cymru Board and associated Networks.

Good relationships exist between the college and the LEA as a body and individual secondary schools in Ceredigion and neighbouring counties.

QUALITY AND STANDARDS

The College underwent its last Estyn Inspection in May 2014 which culminated in an extremely positive report.

Comments included:

...the college's success rate has remained in the top quarter of those of all colleges in Wales for the last two years,

The leadership team work well to implement the colleges mission statement — Fulfilling Potential and Changing Lives. As a result staff have strong commitment to individual learners and many learners exceed their predicted targets. For example: all learners improve their billingual skills; learners who had previously been home educated learn new life skills and are better able to manage their learning; and learners who have never considered themselves suitable for university move onto higher education programmes.

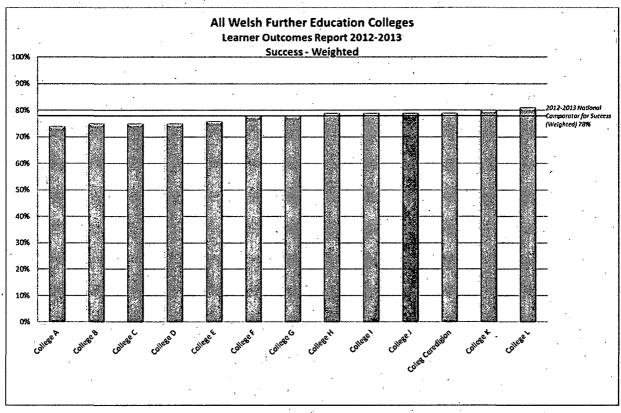
41% of full time respondents state that their course was better than they expected and this is five percentage points above the sector average. The most positive response in the learner voice survey is for the help and support learners receive at the college with 88% rating this as very good against a sector average of 33%.

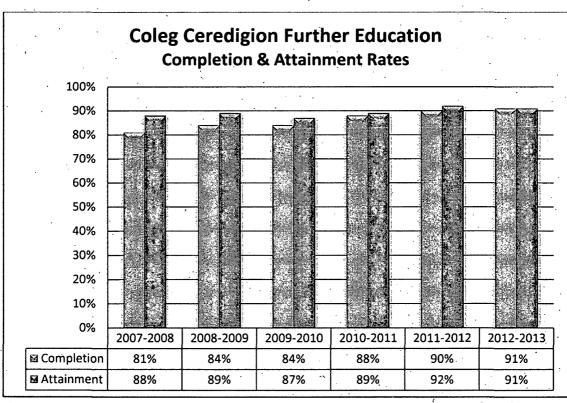
The college prepares learners for living and working in a bilingual community effectively. Learners are able to study in the Welsh language or bilingually as appropriate. Learners benefit from a wide range of enrichment activities to help them improve their Welsh language skills and their understanding of living in a bilingual country. Support through the medium of Welsh is well developed and effective. Learners at the college demonstrate a pride in their achievements in Welsh and gain confidence and fluency in the use of the Welsh language.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014 (continued)

PERFORMANCE MEASURES

The following charts indicate the college's position in the sector in relation to weighted success rate and illustrate trends in completion and attainment over a six year period.





STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014 (continued)

QUALITY OF TEACHING AND LEARNING

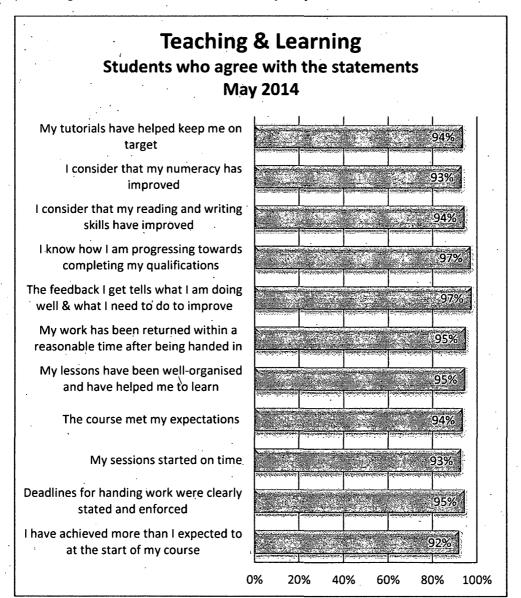
The Estyn report in May 2014 noted that:

teachers are developing innovative ways of teaching, for example using QR codes to allow learners to access thow to videos in construction and motor vehicle studies

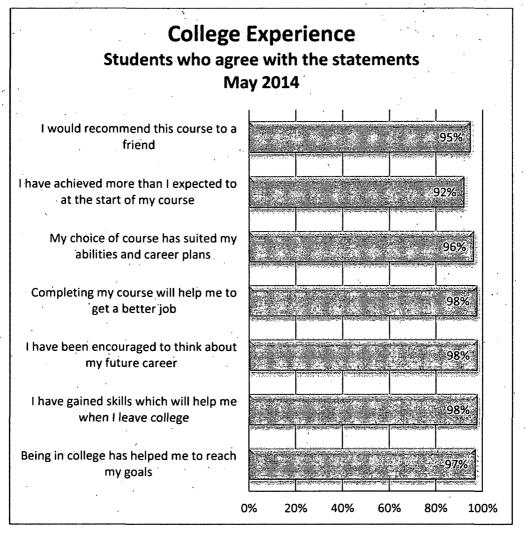
This is reflected in 81% of all teaching observations in 2013-14 being graded Good or Excellent. In line with good practice Coleg Ceredigion is moving towards a more comprehensive and holistic approach to assessing teaching and learning incorporating detailed review of the marking of literacy and numeracy, course management and the learner experience.

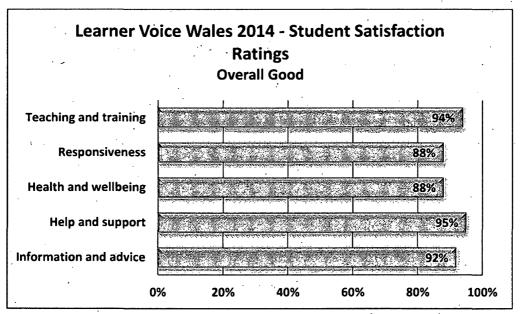
LEARNER VOICE (FE)

The following charts records students' perceptions of the college experience and illustrates the high percentage of leaner satisfaction as noted by Estyn.



STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014 (continued)

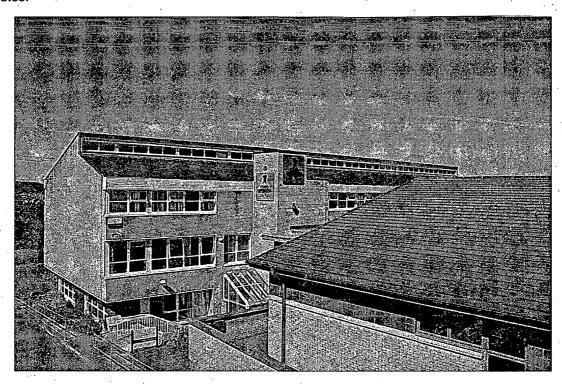




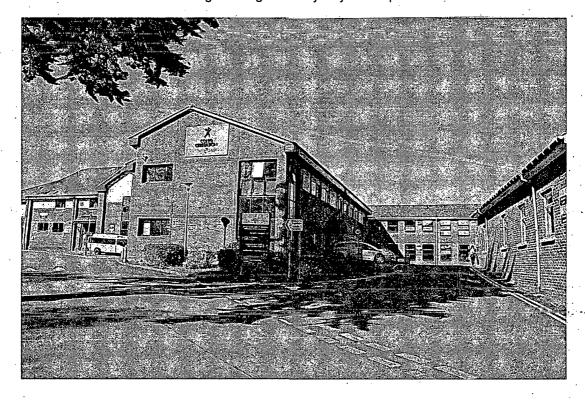
STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014 (continued)

ESTATES

There has been no capital development at the college during 2013-14. Whilst the college Estate does not require immediate investment, both campuses will require upgrading over the next three to five years and also some investment in new build in order to accommodate new curriculum initiatives in line with Welsh Government priorities and to enable the development of progression routes.



Coleg Ceredigion Aberystwyth Campus

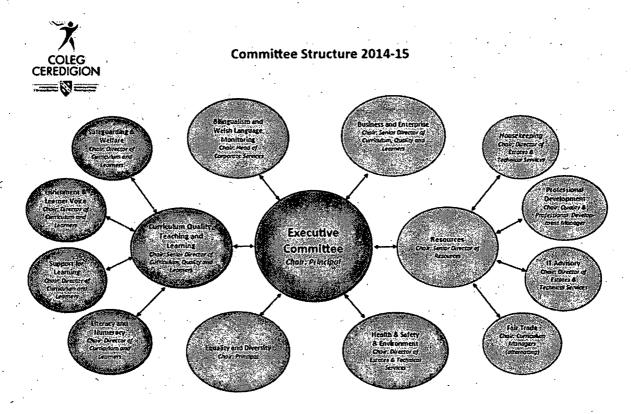


Coleg Ceredigion Cardigan Campus

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014 (continued)

STAFF AND STUDENT INVOLVEMENT

Staff and students are involved in the annual review and setting of the Mission, Aims and Key Objectives of the college in meetings lead by the Principal. All staff and students are actively encouraged to comment on the work of the college through their Line Managers, Student and Staff Focus Groups and directly to the Principal. Formal communication channels and committee structures are as shown on the following chart.



REVIEW OF PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Risk Management Action Plan has been developed in order to manage and reduce the impact and likelihood of the risks listed in the register. Progress in relation to the achievement of the Action Plan is monitored by the Executive half termly and at the Audit Sub-Committee of the Governing Body at each of its meetings.

All changes and updates to the Register and Action Plan are considered by the Audit Committee prior to being presented to the Board of Governors for approval unless meeting schedules do not allow and it is necessary to report a matter directly to the Board because of an accelerated risk level. An additional column is added to the Action Plan for the purpose of reporting updates.

The effectiveness of the Risk Register is dependent on the staff and managers of the college taking ownership of the individual risks and associated actions. Training on risk for all staff took place in June 2014 in order to embed and consolidate risk awareness into the fabric of the institution.

RISKS

The key risks to the college as listed in the Risk Register are:

- Not meeting legislative requirements
- Failure to collaborate effectively
- Failure to provide high quality Teaching and Learning
- Not recruiting and retaining sufficient students
- Failure to recruit or utilise appropriately skilled staff
- Failure of the college's IT systems
- Fire or other disaster which affects part or whole of one of the college's campuses
- Failure to achieve funding targets
- Failure to increase non DfES funding
- Insufficient funds and reserves to maintain facilities and provision

Mitigation of risks is detailed within the full Risk Register.

This report was approved by the board on and was signed on its behalf by the board by:

Signature. Allman Coleman

ALLISON COLEMAN Director

DIRECTORS REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JULY 2014

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the Company for the period from 9th October 2013 (date of incorporation) to 31st July 2014. The financial information in the annual report is presented retrospectively for the trading of the College for the year ended 31 July 2014 with a comparative for the year ended 31 July 2013 (see basis of accounting page 29).

Results and future developments

The results for the period, strategy and future developments of the Company are set out in the Strategic Report on page 2.

Dividends

The company is limited by guarantee. No dividends have been paid or are recommended for the period ended 31st July 2014.

Professional advisers

Independent auditors (External) - Pricewaterhouse Coopers LLP, Llys Tawe, Kings Road,

Swansea Waterfront, Swansea, SA1 8PG

Auditors (Internal) - Baker Tilly Services Limited, Suite 205, Regus House, Malthouse

Avenue, Cardiff Gate Business Park, Cardiff CF23 8RU

Bankers - Barclays Bank PLC, 1-6 Pocketts Wharf, East Burrows Road,

Maritime Quarter, Swansea, SA1 3XL

Solicitors - Blake Morgan LLP, Bradley Court, Park Place, Cardiff CF10 3DR

Directors

The directors of the Company who were in office during the period and up to the date of signing the financial statements, unless otherwise stated, were as follows:

Ms Allison Coleman *# (Chair - appointed 9th October 2014)

Ms Avril Jones *# (appointed 4th June 2014)

Mr Kevin Bryan *# (appointed 4th June 2014)

Mr Gareth Harries *# (appointed 16th October 2014 - resigned 8th October 2014)

Mr Keith Henson *# (appointed 4th June 2014)

Mrs Irfana Jones *# (appointed 4th June 2014)

Miss Mared Jones *# (appointed 4th June 2014)

Miss Llinos Price * (appointed 4th June 2014)

Ms Sian Wyn Siencyn *# (appointed 16th October 2014)

Mr David Willcox *# (appointed 4th June 2014)

Mrs Jacqui Weatherburn # (appointed 9th October 2014)

(* non – executive directors) (# Trustees)

Payment Performance

The College's policy on the payment of creditors is to abide by the terms of payment of suppliers. This policy will also apply in the 2012-13 financial year. This policy is implemented through the preparation of a main payment cycle for the calendar month-end with subsequent payment runs being prepared during the month to comply with payment terms.

The number of days represented by trade creditors falling due for payment within one year at the year end, compared to the total amounts invoiced to suppliers during the year, was 18.9 days (2013: 18.2 days).

Equality of Opportunity

Coleg Ceredigion is committed to the principle of equality of opportunity for all people who apply to the College, who study or work at the College or who are associated with or served by the College. Coleg Ceredigion will endeavour to eliminate unlawful discrimination from the College and to ensure that no applicant, student, employee or visitor receives less favourable treatment, without proper justification, on the grounds of age, colour, disability, ethnic or national origin, gender, sexual orientation, marital status, nationality, race, religion, offending background, socio-economic background or trade union membership activities or non-membership. The College has an Equality and Diversity Strategic Plan, copies of which are readily available to staff, students and the public. The College has an Equality and Diversity Committee which is a sub-committee of the Executive Committee.

Statement of Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable it to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Institutions, the Accounts Direction issued by the Higher Education Funding Council for Wales and other relevant Accounting Standards (United Kingdom General Accounting Practice). In addition, within the terms and conditions of the financial memorandum agreed between the Welsh Government (WG), and the Company, the Directors are required, through the accounting officer, to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the surplus or deficit and cash flows for that period.

In preparing the financial statements the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in operation.

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that funds from WG are used only in accordance with the financial memorandum with WG and any other conditions which WG may from time to time prescribe. The Directors must ensure that there are appropriate financial and management controls in place sufficient to safeguard public funds and ensure that they are used only in accordance with the conditions under which they have been made available. The Directors are responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and prevention and detection of fraud. In addition, Directors are responsible for securing the economical, efficient and effective management of the Company's resources and expenditure, so that the benefits that should be derived from the application of public funds by WG are not put at risk.

Statement of disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who were directors at the time when the Directors' Report is approved, has confirmed that so far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information, (ie information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report), of which the company's auditors are unaware, and the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken in order to make themselves aware of any relevant information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office and have offered themselves for reappointment in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the Board on by:

and was signed on behalf of the Board

ALLISON COLEMAN

Director
Date:

: 10.12.14

Allisa Colena

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT

Introduction

Coleg Ceredigion is committed to exhibiting best practice in all aspects of corporate governance.

This summary describes the manner in which the College has applied the principles set out in the UK Corporate Governance Code issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Its purpose is to help the reader of the financial statements understand how the principles have been applied.

In the opinion of the directors, the College complies with all the provisions of the Code in so far as they apply to the Further Education Sector and it has complied throughout the period ended 31 July 2014 and up to the date of signing the financial statements.

The Board of Directors

The Company Board of Directors are listed on page 16. It is the Directors' responsibility to bring independent judgement to bear on issues of strategy, performance, resources and standards of conduct. The Company recognises that, as a body entrusted with both public and private funds, it has a particular duty to observe the highest standards of corporate governance at all times.

The Board is provided with regular and timely information on the overall financial performance of the College together with other information such as performance against funding targets, proposed capital expenditure, quality matters and personnel related matters such as health and safety and environmental issues. The Board meets at least six times a year.

The Company conducts its business through a number of committees. Each committee has terms of reference which have been approved by the Board. These committees are the Audit and Risk Committee, the Curriculum and Standards Committee, the Finance and General Purposes Committee and the Search Committee. Full minutes of all meetings, except those deemed to be confidential by the Board, are available from the Clerk to the Board, who is based at the Cardigan Campus.

All directors are able to take independent professional advice in furtherance of their duties at the College's expense and have access to the Clerk to the Board, who is responsible to the Board for ensuring that all applicable procedures and regulations are complied with. The appointment and removal of the Clerk to the Board are matters for the Board as a whole.

Formal agendas, papers and reports are supplied to directors in a timely manner, prior to Board meetings.

The Board has a strong and independent non-executive element and no individual or group dominates its decision making process. The Board considers that each of its non-executive members is independent of management and free from any business or other relationship which could materially interfere with the exercise of their independent judgment.

There is a clear division of responsibility in that the roles of the Chair and Principal are separate.

Appointments to the Board of Directors

Any new appointments to the Board are a matter for the consideration of the Board as a whole. The Board has a Search Committee, comprised of the Chairs of all Sub-Committees, the Chair and Vice Chair of the Board and the Principal, which is responsible for the selection and nomination of any new member for the Board's consideration. The Board is responsible for ensuring that appropriate training is provided as required.

Members of the Board are appointed for a term of office not exceeding four years.

Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee comprises up to four members of the Board of Directors (excluding the Chair and Principal). The committee operates in accordance with written terms of reference approved by the Board.

The Audit and Risk Committee meets at least three times a year and provides a forum for reporting by the College's internal and external auditors, who have access to the committee for independent discussion, without the presence of College management. The committee also receives and considers reports from the Welsh Government as they affect the College's business.

The college's internal auditors monitor the systems of internal control, risk management controls and governance processes in accordance with an agreed plan of input and report their findings to management and the Audit and Risk Committee.

Management are responsible for the implementation of agreed audit recommendations and internal audit undertake periodic follow-up reviews to ensure such recommendations have been implemented.

The Audit and Risk Committee also advises the Board of Directors on the appointment of internal and external auditors and their remuneration for both audit and non-audit work.

Internal Control

Scope of Responsibility

The Board is ultimately responsible for the College's system of internal control and for reviewing its effectiveness. However, such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material mis-statement or loss.

The Board has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to the Principal, as Accounting Officer, for maintaining a sound system of internal control that supports the achievement of the College's policies, aims and objectives, whilst safeguarding the public funds and assets for which the Principal is personally responsible, in accordance with the responsibilities assigned to her in the Financial Memorandum between the Welsh Government and Coleg Ceredigion. The Principal is also responsible for reporting to the Board of Directors any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

The purpose of the system of internal control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives; it can therefore only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of institution policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in Coleg Ceredigion for the period ended 31 July 2014 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

Capacity to handle risk

The Board has reviewed the key risks to which the College is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The Board is of the view that there is a formal on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the College's significant risks that has been in place for the year ended 31 July 2014 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

The risk and control framework

The system of internal control is based on a framework of regular management information, administrative procedures including the segregation of duties, and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- Comprehensive budgeting systems with an annual budget, which is reviewed and agreed by the Board;
- Regular reviews by the Board of periodic and annual financial reports, which indicate the financial performance against forecasts;
- Setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- Clearly defined capital investment control guidelines.

Coleg Ceredigion has an internal audit service which operates in accordance with the requirements of the Welsh Government. The work of the internal audit service is informed by an analysis of the risks to which the institution is exposed and annual internal audit plans are based on this analysis. As a minimum annually, the head of internal audit provides the Board with a report on internal audit activity in the College.

The internal audit plans are endorsed by the Board based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee. The report includes the head of internal audit's independent opinion on the adequacy and effectiveness of the College's system of risk management, controls and governance processes.

Review of effectiveness

As Accounting Officer, the Principal has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. The review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control is informed by:

- the work of the internal auditors
- the work of the executive managers within the College who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework
- comments made by the College's external auditors and Welsh Government auditors in their management letters and other reports.

The Principal has been advised on the implications of the result of the review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control by the Audit and Risk Committee, which oversees the work of the internal auditor, and plans to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system are in place. The Executive Committee receives reports setting out key performance and risk indicators and considers possible control issues brought to their attention.

The Audit and Risk Committee receives regular reports from internal audit, which include recommendations for improvement. The Audit and Risk Committee's role in this area is confined to a high level review of the arrangements for internal control.

Statement on regularity, propriety and compliance

The Directors have considered their responsibility to notify the Welsh Government of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with Welsh Government terms and conditions of funding, under the financial memorandum in place between the Company and the Welsh Government. As part of its consideration the Directors' have had due regard to the requirements of the financial memorandum.

We confirm, on behalf of the Company, that to the best of our knowledge, the Company believes it is able to identify any material irregular or improper use of funds by the Company, or material non-compliance with the Welsh Government's terms and conditions of funding under the Company's financial memorandum. We further confirm that any instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance discovered to date have been notified to the Welsh Government.

Going Concern

After making appropriate enquiries, the Board considers that the College has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason the Board continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Approved by the Board and signed on behalf of the Board by:

J. A. Coleman, Chair	 Date	J Weatherburn, Principal	10/12/114 Date

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE CORPORATION OF COLEG CEREDIGION (THE "INSTITUTION")

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements, defined below:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the institution's affairs as at 31 July 2014, and of the income
 and expenditure, recognised gains and losses and cash flows for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice:
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice – Accounting for Further and Higher Education; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Accounts Direction issued by the Welsh Government:

This opinion is to be read in the context of what we say in the remainder of this report.

What we have audited

The institution financial statements (the "financial statements"), which are prepared by Coleg Ceredigion, comprise:

- the institution Balance Sheet as at 31 July 2014;
- the Income and Expenditure Account for the period then ended;
- the Statement of historical cost surpluses and deficits for the period ended;
- the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses for the period then ended;
- the Statement of Cash Flows for the period then ended; and
- · the accounting policies; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Statement of Recommended Practice for Further and Higher Education, incorporating United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

In applying the financial reporting framework, the Corporation has made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, it has made assumptions and considered future events.

What an audit of the financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the institution's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Corporation; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE CORPORATION OF COLEG CEREDIGION (THE "INSTITUTION") (continued)

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Opinions on other matters prescribed in the Further Education Audit Code of Practice 2007 issued by the Welsh Government

In our opinion, in all material respects:

- monies expended out of Welsh Government grants and other funds from whatever source administered by the Institution for specific purposes have been properly applied to those purposes and, if appropriate, managed in compliance with all relevant legislation; and
- income has been applied in accordance with the financial memorandum with the Welsh Government.

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the institution, or returns adequate for our audit
 have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the institution financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the Corporation

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 17, the Corporation (who are also the directors of the institution for the purposes of company law) are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the institution's Corporation as a body in accordance with Article 18 of the college's articles of government and Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Ian Clote

Ian Clarke (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Swansea

The maintenance and integrity of Coleg Ceredigion website is the responsibility of the directors; the work carried out by the auditors does not involve consideration of these matters and, accordingly, the auditors accept no responsibility for any changes that may have occurred to the financial statements since they were initially presented on the website.

Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of the financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Income and expenditure account for the period ended 31 July 2014

	Notes	2014 £000	2013 £000
Income Funding body grants	1	4,786	4,668
Tuition fees and education contracts	2	498	508
Other income	3	321	268
Endowment and investment income	4	28	21
Total income		5,633	5,465
Expenditure			
Staff costs	. 5	4,076	4,046
Other operating expenses	7	1,482	1,443
Depreciation	10	271	292
Interest and other finance costs	9	•	7
Total expenditure		5,829	5,788
Deficit for the period before exceptional item		(196)	(323)
Exceptional Item			
Profit on disposal of fixed assets	8	117	-
Deficit for the period retained within general reserves	16	(79)	(323)

The income and expenditure account is in respect of continuing activities.

Statement of historical cost surpluses and deficits for the period ended 31 July 2014

	Notes	2014 £000	2013 £000
Deficit on continuing operations after depreciation of assets at valuation and disposal of assets and taxation		(79)	(323)
Difference between historical cost depreciation and the actual charge for the period calculated on the revalued amount	15	43	42
Historical cost deficit for the period/year before and after taxation		(36)	(281)

Statement of total recognised gains and losses for the period ended 31 July 2014

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Deficit on continuing operations after depreciation of assets at valuation	(79)	(323)
Actuarial gain for the year in respect of the pension scheme	619	540
Total recognised gain's relating to the period/year	540	217

Balance sheet at 31 July 2014

Debtors 11 279 33 Cash at bank and in hand 861 786 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,149 1,129 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49		Notes	2014 £000	2013 £000
Current assets Stocks 8 1 Debtors 11 279 33 Cash at bank and in hand 861 78 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 12 (338) (417 Net current assets 810 71 Total assets less current liabilities 5,591 5,60 Provisions for liabilities 13 (408) (452 Net assets excluding pension liability 5,183 5,153 Net pension liability 21 (714) (1,295 Net assets including pension liability 4,469 3,851 Deferred capital grants 14 1,721 1,650 Reserves Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve 16 (714) (1,295 Income and expenditure account including pension reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,490 Total reserves 2,748 2,200		10	. 4 701	<i>i</i> 000
Stocks 8 1 Debtors 11 279 33 Cash at bank and in hand 861 78 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 12 (338) (417 Net current assets 810 71 Total assets less current liabilities 5,591 5,60 Provisions for liabilities 13 (408) (452 Net assets excluding pension liability 5,183 5,153 Net pension liability 21 (714) (1,295 Net assets including pension liability 4,469 3,851 Deferred capital grants 14 1,721 1,650 Reserves Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve 16 2,008 2,000 Pension reserve 16 (714) (1,295 Income and expenditure account including pension reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,493 Total reserves 2,748 2,200			4,/61	4,696
Debtors 11 279 33 Cash at bank and in hand 861 786 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,148 1,126 1,149 1,129 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49 1,1454 1,49			. 8	11
Cash at bank and in hand 861 788 1,148 1,128 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 12 (338) (417 Net current assets 810 71 Total assets less current liabilities 5,591 5,60 Provisions for liabilities 13 (408) (452 Net assets excluding pension liability 5,183 5,153 Net pension liability 21 (714) (1,295 Net assets including pension liability 4,469 3,856 Deferred capital grants 14 1,721 1,650 Reserves Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve 16 2,008 2,006 Pension reserve 16 (714) (1,295 Income and expenditure account including pension reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,49 Total reserves 2,748 2,208	Debtors	11 .	•	331
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year12(338)(417)Net current assets81071Total assets less current liabilities5,5915,600Provisions for liabilities13(408)(454)Net assets excluding pension liability5,1835,153Net pension liability21(714)(1,295)Net assets including pension liability4,4693,850Deferred capital grants141,7211,650ReservesIncome and expenditure account excluding pension reserve162,0082,000Pension reserve16(714)(1,295)Income and expenditure account including pension reserve161,29471Revaluation reserve151,4541,49Total reserves2,7482,200	Cash at bank and in hand		•	786
Net current assets 810 71 Total assets less current liabilities 5,591 5,600 Provisions for liabilities 13 (408) (454 Net assets excluding pension liability 5,183 5,153 Net pension liability 21 (714) (1,295 Net assets including pension liability 4,469 3,856 Deferred capital grants 14 1,721 1,650 Reserves Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve 16 2,008 2,006 Pension reserve 16 (714) (1,295 Income and expenditure account including pension reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,49 Total reserves 2,748 2,208			1,148	1,128
Total assets less current liabilities Provisions for liabilities 13 (408) (454) Net assets excluding pension liability Net pension liability 14 1,721 1,656 Reserves Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve Income and expenditure account including pension reserve 16 (714) (1,295) Revaluation reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,496 Total reserves 2,748 2,206	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(338)	(417)
Provisions for liabilities 13 (408) (454) Net assets excluding pension liability 5,183 5,153 Net pension liability 21 (714) (1,295) Net assets including pension liability 4,469 3,856 Deferred capital grants 14 1,721 1,656 Reserves Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve 16 2,008 2,006 Pension reserve 16 (714) (1,295) Income and expenditure account including pension reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,497 Total reserves 2,748 2,206	Net current assets		810	711
Net assets excluding pension liability Solution 1.5,183 Net pension liability 21 (714) (1,295) Net assets including pension liability 4,469 3,856 Deferred capital grants 14 1,721 1,656 Reserves Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve 16 Pension reserve 16 (714) (1,295) 1,008 2,008 2,006 Pension reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,495 Total reserves 2,748 2,206	Total assets less current liabilities		5,591	5,607
Net pension liability21(714)(1,295)Net assets including pension liability4,4693,856Deferred capital grants141,7211,656Reserves162,0082,006Pension reserve16(714)(1,295)Income and expenditure account including pension reserve161,29471Revaluation reserve151,4541,497Total reserves2,7482,206	Provisions for liabilities	13	(408)	(454)
Net assets including pension liability 4,469 3,856 Deferred capital grants 14 1,721 1,656 Reserves Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve 16 2,008 2,006 Pension reserve 16 (714) (1,295 Income and expenditure account including pension reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,497 Total reserves 2,748 2,206	Net assets excluding pension liability		5,183	5,153
Deferred capital grants 14 1,721 1,650 Reserves Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve 16 2,008 2,006 Pension reserve 16 (714) (1,295) Income and expenditure account including pension reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,495 Total reserves 2,748 2,206	Net pension liability	21	(714)	(1,295)
Reserves Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve 16 2,008 2,006 Pension reserve 16 (714) (1,295 Income and expenditure account including pension reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,495 Total reserves 2,748 2,206	Net assets including pension liability		4,469	3,858
Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve 16 2,008 2,006 Pension reserve 16 (714) (1,295 Income and expenditure account including pension reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,497 Total reserves 2,748 2,206	Deferred capital grants	.14	1,721	1 <u>,</u> 650
Pension reserve 16 (714) (1,295) Income and expenditure account including pension reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,493 Total reserves 2,748 2,206	Reserves		•	•
Income and expenditure account including pension reserve 16 1,294 71 Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,497 Total reserves 2,748 2,208	Income and expenditure account excluding pension reserve	16	2,008	2,006
Revaluation reserve 15 1,454 1,497 Total reserves 2,748 2,208	Pension reserve	16	(714)	(1,295)
Total reserves 2,748 2,208	Income and expenditure account including pension reserve	16	1,294	711
2,10	Revaluation reserve	15	1,454	1,497
Total funds 4.469 3.858	Total reserves		2,748	2,208
·,·	Total funds		4,469	3,858

The financial statements on pages 25 to 43 were approved by the Board of Directors on and were signed on behalf of the Board by:

Chair J. A. Colena. J. A. COLEMAN

Principal

Head of Finance 1

J WEATHERBURN

M. BIRTLES

Cash flow statement for the period ended 31 July 2014

	Notes	2014 £000	2013 £000
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities	17	(72)	(299)
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	18	2	21
Capital expenditure	19	145	(240)
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year	20	75	(518)

Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds

		2014 £000	2013 £000
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year (movement in net funds)		75	(518)
Net funds at 1 August		786	1,304
Net funds at 31 July	20	861	786

STATEMENT OF PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act as adapted to the *Statement of Recommended Practice: Accounting for Further and Higher Education 2007 (the SORP)*, in accordance with applicable Accounting Standards in the United Kingdom, the Companies Act 2006 and with the applicable DfES Circular.

Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and on a going concern basis. The accounting rules set out below have been applied consistently.

The assets and liabilities of the former and now dissolved Coleg Ceredigion further education corporation were transferred at net book value for £Nil consideration to Coleg Ceredigion (a company limited by guarantee) on 1 January 2014. This business combination meets the relevant criteria for merger accounting which impact on further education sector bodies, under Financial Reporting Standard Acquisition and Mergers (FRS6).

The company has therefore applied the merger accounting rules and presented the financial statements retrospectively from the start of the business combination period, with a comparative also included. The financial information presented, therefore, relates to the trading year ended 31 July 2014 with a comparative for the year ended 31 July 2013.

Recognition of income

The recurrent grants from WG represent the funding allocations attributable to the current financial year and are credited directly to the income and expenditure account. Recurrent grants are recognised in line with planned activity. Any under-achievement against this planned activity is adjusted in-year and reflected in the level of recurrent grant recognised in the income and expenditure account.

Non-recurrent grants from WG or other bodies received in respect of the acquisition or construction of fixed assets are treated as deferred capital grants and amortised in line with depreciation over the life of the assets.

Income from tuition fees is recognised in the period for which it is received and includes all fees payable by students or their sponsors. Where the amount of tuition fee is reduced, by a discount for prompt payment, income receivable is shown net of discount. Bursaries and scholarships are accounted for gross as expenditure and not deducted from income.

Income from grants, contracts and other services rendered is included to the extent of the completion of the contract or service concerned. This is generally equivalent to the sum of the relevant expenditure incurred during the year and any related contributions towards overhead costs.

Income from the sale of goods or services is credited to the income and expenditure account when the goods or services are supplied to the external customers or the terms of the contract have been satisfied.

All income from short-term deposits is credited to the income and expenditure account in the period in which it is earned.

Maintenance of premises

The College has a planned maintenance programme, which forms the basis of the ongoing maintenance of the estate. The cost of long term and routine corrective maintenance is charged to the income and expenditure account as incurred.

STATEMENT OF PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tangible fixed assets

Cost includes the original purchase price of the asset and the costs attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use.

(a) Land and buildings

The College's buildings are specialised buildings and therefore it is not appropriate to value them on the basis of open market value. Land and buildings inherited from the Local Education Authority are stated in the balance sheet at valuation on the basis of depreciated replacement cost. Land and buildings acquired since incorporation are included in the balance sheet at cost.

Freehold land is not depreciated. Freehold buildings are depreciated over their expected useful life to the College of 50 years. Leasehold land and buildings are amortised over 50 years or, if shorter, the period of the lease. Improvements to land and buildings and other minor works are capitalised and depreciated over a 10 year period.

Where land and buildings are acquired with the aid of specific grants, they are capitalised and depreciated as above. The related grants are credited to a deferred capital grant account and are released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the depreciation policy.

On adoption of FRS15, the College followed the transitional provision to retain the book value of land and buildings, which were revalued in 1998, but not to adopt a policy of revaluation of these properties in the future. These values are retained subject to the requirement to test assets for impairment, in accordance with FRS11.

(b) Equipment

Equipment costing less than £1,000 per individual item is written off to the income and expenditure account in the year of acquisition. All other equipment is capitalised at cost. No value has been attached to equipment inherited from the Local Education Authority.

Equipment is depreciated over its useful life as follows:

Motor vehicles and general equipment Computer equipment

20% per annum straight line 33.3% per annum straight line

Where equipment is acquired with the aid of specific grants, it is capitalised and depreciated in accordance with the above policy, with the related grant being credited to a deferred capital grant account and released to the income and expenditure account over the expected useful economic life of the related equipment.

Leased assets

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Lease agreements which transfer to the College substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership of an asset are treated as if the asset had been purchased outright. The assets are included in fixed assets and the capital elements of the leasing commitments are shown as obligations under finance leases. The lease rentals are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The capital element is applied to reduce the outstanding obligations and the interest element is charged to the income and expenditure account in proportion to the reducing capital element outstanding. Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or the useful economic lives of equivalent owned assets.

Assets which are held under hire purchase contracts which have the characteristics of finance leases are depreciated over their useful lives.

STATEMENT OF PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of their cost and net realisable value. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

Pension schemes

Retirement benefits to employees of the College are provided by The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS). These are defined benefit schemes which are externally funded and contracted out of the State Earnings Related Pension Scheme.

Contributions are determined by qualified actuaries on the basis of triennial valuations using a prospective benefit method. The TPS is a multi-employer scheme and the College is unable to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the scheme on a consistent and reasonable basis. The TPS is therefore treated as a defined contribution scheme and contributions are recognised as they are paid each year.

The assets of the LGPS are measured using closing market values. LGPS liabilities are measured using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liability. The increase in the present value of the liabilities of the scheme expected to arise from employee service in the period is charged to the income and expenditure account. The expected return on the scheme's assets and the increase during the period in the present value of the scheme's liabilities, arising from the passage of time, are included in pension finance costs. Actuarial gains and losses are recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses.

Enhanced pensions

The actual cost of any enhanced ongoing pension to a former member of staff is paid by the College annually. An estimate of the expected future cost of any enhancement to the ongoing pension of a former member of staff is charged in full to the College's income and expenditure account in the year that the member of staff retires. In subsequent years a charge is made to provisions in the balance sheet using the enhanced pension spreadsheet provided by the Skills Funding Agency.

Taxation

The College is a registered charity and as such is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by section 505 of the ICTA 1988 or section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied to exclusively charitable purposes.

The College receives no similar exemption in respect of Value Added Tax.

Liquid resources

Liquid resources include sums on short-term deposits with recognised banks and building societies and government securities.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the institution has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Agency costs

The College acts as an agent in the collection and payment of financial contingency funds and educational maintenance allowances. Related payments received from the Welsh Assembly Government and subsequent disbursements to students and institutions are excluded from the income and expenditure account and are shown separately in note 25.

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014

1 Funding Body grants		
3 , 3	2014	2013
•	£000	£000
Welsh Government grants		
Recurrent grant	3,994	4,107
Work based learning (WBL)	245	124
Releases of deferred capital grant:	•	
Land and buildings (see note 14)	83	84
Equipment (see note 14)	11	18
Other WG grants	453	335
	4,786	4,668
2 Tuition fees and education contracts		
v.	2014	2013
	£000	£000
UK Further Education students	125	124
UK Higher Education students	34	37_
Total fees paid by or on behalf of individual students	159	161
HE education contracts	12	19
Other education contracts	327	328
<u> </u>	498	508
O Other income		
3 Other income		2010
	2014	2013
	0003	£000
Residences, catering and conferences	175	174
Other income-generating activities	73	45
Other income	56	33
Release of deferred capital grants (non-WG) (see note 14)	17	16
3	321	268
4 Endowment and investment income		
	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Pank interest receivable		04
Bank interest receivable	2	21
Pension finance income (see note 21)	26	- 01
	28	21

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014 (continued)

5 Staff costs

The average monthly number of persons (including senior post-holders) employed by the College during the year, expressed as full-time equivalents, was:

daring the year, expressed as run time equivalente, was.	2014 Number	2013 Number
	Number	Number
Teaching departments	· 74	75
Teaching support services	16	15
Other support services	6	. 7
Administration and central services	27	25
General education	1	1
Premises	. 6	6
Catering and residences	5	5
	136	134
Staff costs for the above persons were:		
Otali coșis foi trie above persons were.	2014	2013
•	. 0003	. £000
	2000	2000
Wages and salaries	3,368	3,318
Social security costs	220	217
Other pension costs		
Contributions paid	419	392
FRS17 adjustments (see note 21)	64	59
Staff restructuring costs	5	60 ⁻
	4,076	4,046
•	2014	2013
	£000	£000
	2000	1000
Teaching departments	2,396	2,310
Teaching support services	357	327
Other support services	113	132
Administration and central services	890	929
General education	26	21
Premises	120	. 113
Other income generating activities	9	1
Catering and residences	96	94
Staff restructuring costs	5	60
FRS 17 adjustment - pension costs (see note 21)	64	59
	4,076	4,046

The company has reviewed its classification of the above staff costs and operating expenses included in note 7 by category and restated 2013 numbers and costs accordingly.

	2014	2013
	0003	£000
Employment costs for staff on permanent contracts	3,648	3,345
Employment costs for staff on short-term and temporary contracts	359	582
Staff restructuring costs	5	60
FRS 17 adjustment - pension costs (see note 21)	64	59
	4,076	4,046

The early retirement and restructuring costs were approved by the Board of Directors.

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014 (continued)

5 Staff costs (continued)

The number of staff, including senior post holders, who received emoluments in the following

ranges was:	2014	2013
	Number	Number
£60,001 - £70,000	. 1	1
£80,001 - £90,000	1	1
6 Senior post-holders' emoluments		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2014	2013
	Number	Number
The number of senior post-holders, including the Principal, was	. 1	1
Senior post-holders' emoluments and higher paid employees are ma	ido un as follows:	
Sellior post-holders emoluments and higher paid employees are ma	ide up as follows.	
	2014	2013
	£	£
Salaries.	130,485	126,762
Benefits in kind	600	586
	131,085	127,348
Pension contributions	18,398	17,873
	149,483	145,221
The above emoluments include amounts payable to the Principal senior post-holder) of:	(who is also the	highest paid
· ·	2014	2013
	£	£
Salary	75,684	73,722
Benefits in kind	73,08 4 600	586
Delicine in time	76,284	74,308
Pension contributions	10,671	10,395
	86,955	84,703

The pension contributions in respect of the senior post-holders and higher paid employees are in respect of employer's contributions to the Local Government Pension Scheme and the Teachers' Pension Scheme, and are paid at the same rate as for other employees.

The Members of the Board of Directors, other than the Principal and staff members, did not receive any payment from the College other than the reimbursement of travel and subsistence expenses incurred in the course of their duties.

No costs were incurred during 2013/14 (2012/13: £Nil) in respect of overseas activities.

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014 (continued)

7 Other operating expenses	•	
. •	2014	2013
•	£000	£000
Teaching departments	197	203
Teaching support services	285	290
Other support services	30	47
Administration and central services	510	392
General education	31	35
Premises	255	282
Planned maintenance	59	90
Other income generating activities	15	5
Catering and residences	100	99
	1,482	1,443
Other operating expenses include:	•	
	2014	2013
	£000	£000
Auditors' remuneration:		
External audit	12	11
Internal audit	10	17
Other services from external auditors – regulatory audits	5	5
Hire of assets – operating leases	20	20
8 Profit on disposal		
	2014	0012
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2013
	£000	£000
Profit on sale of Terrace Road, Aberystwyth	- 117	<u>-</u>
9 Interest and other finance cost		
interest and other infance cost	2014	2013
	£000	£000
	LUUU	2000
Pension finance costs (see note 21)	<u> </u>	7_

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014 (continued)

Tangible fixed assets .10

	Freehold land and buildings	Equipment	Total
	2000	2000	£000
Cost or valuation			
At 1 August 2013	7,044	2,613	9,657
Additions	· 177	· 71	248
Disposals	(130)	• .	(130)
At 31 July 2014	7,091	2,684	9,775
Accumulated depreciation			•
At 1 August 2013	2,269	2,492	4,761
Charge for the year	. 205	66	· 271
Eliminated on disposal	(38)	-	(38)
At 31 July 2014	2,436	2,558	4,994
Net book value			
At 31 July 2014	4,655	126	4,781
At 31 July 2013	4,775	121	4,896
Inherited	1,455	-	1,455
Financed by capital grants	1,675	46	1,721
Other	1,525	- 80	1,605
	4,655	126	4,781

The transitional rules set out in FRS15: Tangible fixed assets, were applied on implementing FRS15. Accordingly, the book values at implementation were retained with no subsequent revaluations (see page 29).

Land and buildings were valued for the purpose of the 1994 financial statements at depreciated replacement cost by Dyfed County Council Estates Department on 12 March 1993. No value has been attached to other tangible fixed assets inherited from the Local Education Authority as the majority have exceeded their useful lives.

Land and buildings with a net book value of £1,455,000 have been funded from Local Education Authority sources. Should these assets be sold, the College would either have to surrender the proceeds to WG or use them in accordance with the Financial Memorandum with WG.

11 Debtors		
	2014	2013
	2000	£000
Trade debtors	98	90
Prepayments and accrued income	181	241
	279	331
12 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2014 £000	2013 £000
Payments received in advance	-	19
Trade creditors	62	163
Other taxation and social security	121	116
Other creditors	15	17
Accruals and deferred income	140	102
•	338	417

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014 (continued)

13 Provision for liabilities and charges

		Accrued pension enhancement £000
•		
At 1 August 2013		454
Utilised in the year		(29)
Charge for the year	·	(17)
At 31 July 2014		408

The provision for pensions represents the cost of providing pensions, in excess of those provided by the LGPS and TPS, for employees who have taken early retirement. The provision for pension contributions includes £99,000 (2013: £98,000) in respect of enhanced pensions payable to former senior post-holders.

14	Deferred	capita	arants

14 Deferred capital grants			
	WG	Others	Total
	£000	£000	000£
At 1 August 2013			
Land and buildings	1,063	573	1,636
Equipment	14	-	14
Cash received			
Land and buildings	139	-	139
Equipment	43	-	43
Released to income and expenditure account			
Land and buildings	83	17	100
Equipment	11	-	11
At 31 July 2014			
Land and buildings	1,119	556	1,675
Equipment	46	-	[´] 46
	1,165	- 556	1,721
	.,		
15 Revaluation reserve			
	•	2014	2013
		0003	0003
		2000	
At 1 August		1,497	1,539
Transfer to income and expenditure		(43)	(42)
At 31 July		1,454	1,497
		.,	
16 Income and expenditure account reserv	e		
		2014	2013
•		2000	£000
•		2000	2000
Balance at 1 August		711	451
Deficit for the period		(79)	(323)
Actuarial gain for the period	*	619	540
Transfer from revaluation reserve		43	43
Balance at 31 July		1,294	711
Dalance at 31 July		1,234	711
		2014	2013
			£000
	•	£000	£000
Income and owner-litture account before non-little little		0.000	.0 000
Income and expenditure account before pension liability		2,008	2,006
Pension liability		(714)	(1,295)
Income and expenditure account after pension liability		1,294	<u>711</u>

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014 (continued)

17 Reconciliation of operating deficit to net cash flow from operating activities

from operating activities			•
		2014	2013
		0003	£000
Operating deficit	·	(196)	(323)
Depreciation		271	292
Deferred capital grants release		(111)	(118)
Interest receivable		(28)	(21)
Interest payable		. • ,	7
Decrease/(Increase) in stocks	•	3	(5)
Decrease/(Increase) in debtors	•	52	(148)
Decrease in creditors		(79)	(72)
(Decrease)/Increase in provisions		(48)	30
Pension cost less contributions payable		64	
Net cash outflow from operating activities		(72)	(299)
18 Returns on investments and servici	ng of finance		
		2014	2013
•		0003	£000
Interest received		2	21
		2	21
19 Capital expenditure		•	
		2014	2013
	٠.	£000	£000
De la contrata de constitución de la constitución d		(0.40)	(0.40)
Payments to purchase tangible assets		(248)	(240)
Receipts from sale of fixed assets		210	
Deferred capital grants received		183	(040)
Net cash outflow from capital expenditure		145	(240)
20 Analysis of shanges in not finds	-		
20 Analysis of changes in net funds	4 4	Ocab flame	Od lode
,	1 August	Cash flows	31 July
	2013		2014
	£000	£000	0003
Cash in hand and at bank	786	75	861

21 Pensions and similar obligations

The College's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teachers' Pension Scheme (unfunded) and the Local Government Pension Scheme (funded), which are defined benefit schemes, the assets of the schemes being held in separate trustee-administered funds.

Teachers Superannuation Scheme (TPS)

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme. The regulations under which the TPS operates are the Teachers' Pensions Regulations 1997, as amended. These regulations apply to teachers in schools and other educational establishments in England and Wales maintained by local authorities (LAs), to teachers in many independent and voluntary-aided schools, and to teachers and lecturers in establishments of further and higher education. Membership is automatic for full-time teachers or lecturers and from 1 January 2007 automatic too for teachers or lecturers in part-time employment following appointment or a change of contract. Teachers are able to opt out of the TPS.

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014 (continued)

21 Pensions and similar obligations (continued)

THE TEACHERS' PENSION ACCOUNT

Although teachers are employed by LAs and various other bodies, their retirement and other pension benefits, including annual increases payable under the Pensions (Increase) Acts are, as provided for in the Superannuation Act 1972, paid out of monies provided by Parliament. Under the unfunded TPS, teachers' contributions on a 'pay-as-you-go' basis, and employers' contributions, are credited to the Exchequer under arrangements governed by the above Act.

TPS (Teachers Pension Scheme)

The latest actuarial valuation of the scheme was as at 31 March 2012. The Government Actuary (GA) reported on the valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme in June 2014. The GA concluded that, at the date of the valuation, the liabilities in the scheme were £191.5 bn and the value of the assets was £176.6 bn giving a notional past service deficit of £15.0 bn.

The total recommended rate of contrition payable to employers from 1 April 2015 is 16.4% (previously 14.1%) of salary.

The financial assumptions adopted for the current valuation and, for comparison, those adopted for the 2004 valuation, are shown below:

	2012	2004
	Valuation	Valuation
Discount rate:		
Real	3.00%	3.50%
Nominal	5.06%	6.50%
Pension increases	2.00%	2.90%
Long term salary growth In excess of assumed CPI	2.75%	1.50%

Under the definitions set out in FRS17, the TPS is a multi-employer pension scheme.

The TPS is unable to provide for the College an identification of its share of the underlying (notional) assets and liabilities of the scheme. Accordingly, the College has taken advantage of the exemption of FRS17 and has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The College has set out above the information on the scheme and the implication for the College in terms of the anticipated contribution rates.

It is not possible to identify each institution's share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the TSS. As a result, the scheme is treated as a defined contribution scheme in accordance with the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 17.

The College contributed £239,731 (2013: £245,733) to the TPS during the year. The estimated value of employer contributions for the year ending 31 July 2015 is £270,000.

Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS)

The pension costs in respect of the LGPS, a defined benefit scheme which is externally funded, are assessed in accordance with the advice of an independent qualified actuary using the projected unit method. The latest actuarial valuation of this scheme was at 31 March 2013.

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014 (continued)

21 Pensions and similar obligations (continued)

Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) (continued)

The market value of the scheme's assets at the date of the valuation was £1.581 million. The overall funding level was 89%.

The pension contribution paid in the year amounted to £170,000 (2013: £152,000). This represents a contribution rate of 14.7% (2013: 14.7%).

In accordance with the requirements of Financial Reporting Standard 17 (FRS17), a qualified independent actuary updated the results of the March 2011 valuation in order to ascertain the valuation of the scheme (based on the requirements of FRS17) as at 31 July 2013. The projected unit method was adopted and the major assumptions used by the actuary in relation to the FRS17 disclosures were:

Mortality	2014	. 2013
•	Years	Years
Retiring today – males	23.2	22.4
Retiring today – females	25.7	25.0
Retiring in 20 years time – males	25.8	24.2
Retiring in 20 years time – females	28.0	27.0
•	31 July 2014	31 July 2013
Rate of increase in salaries	3.80%	4.15%
Rate of increase in pensions in payment Inflation assumption	2.30%	2.40%
RPI		-
CPI	2.30%	2.40%
Discount rate	4.30%	4.50%

The assets in the scheme and the expected rate of return were:

	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2014	Valuation at 31 July 2014	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2013	Valuation at 31 July 2013	Long-term rate of return expected at 31 July 2012	Valuation at 31 July 2012
	%	2000	%	£000	%	£000
Equities	7.0	4,901	7.0	4,459	7.0	3,683
Government bonds	3.2	671	3.3	621	2.5	596
Other bonds	4.1	678	4.3	640	3.4	575
Property	6.2	713	5.7	477	6.0	394
Others	0.5	· 28	0.5	75	0.5	75
		6,991		6,272		5,323

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014 (continued)

21 Pensions and similar obligations (continued)

The following amounts at 31 July 2014, 31 July 2013, 31 July 2012, 31 July 2011 and 31 July 2010 were measured in accordance with the requirement of FRS17:

	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
	000 3	£000	£000 ·	£000	£000
Total market value of assets	6,991	6,272	5,323	5,215	4,568
Present value of scheme liabilities	(7,705)	(7,567)	(7,092)	(6,368)	(6,055)
Deficit in the scheme	(714)	(1,295)	(1,769)	(1,153)	(1,487)

In accordance with FRS17, the following components of the pension charge have been recognised in the performance statements in the year ended 31 July 2014 and 31 July 2013 under the requirements of FRS17:

	2014 £000	2013 £000
Operating surplus	,2000	2000
Current service cost	(234)	(212)
Total operating charge	(234)	(212)
Other finance income		
Expected return on pension scheme assets	373	299
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	(347)	(306)
Pension finance income/(cost)	26	(7)
Statement of total recognised gains and losses (STRGL)		
Actual return less expected return on pension scheme assets	164	669
Experience gains and losses arising on the scheme liabilities	455	(129)
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of the scheme liabilities	· -	-
Actuarial gain recognised in STRGL	619	540
Movement in deficit during the year		_
Movement in deficit during the year	2014	2013
	2000	£000
	2000	2000
Deficit in scheme at beginning of the year	(1,295)	(1,769)
Movement in the year:	(-,,	(1)
Current service cost	(234)	(212)
Contributions	170	152
Past service costs/curtailment costs	-	-
Net finance income/(cost)	26	· (7)
	(38)	(67)
Actuarial gain	619	541
Deficit in scheme at end of the year	(714)	(1,295)

The estimated value of employer contributions for the year ending 31 July 2015 is £173,500.

The cumulative amounts of actuarial losses recognised in the statement of total recognised gains and losses is £720,000 gain (2013: gain £101,000)

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31 July 2014 (continued)

21 Pensions and similar obligations (continued)

Analysis of the movement in the present val	lue of the scl	neme liabiliti	es		
			201		2013
Liabilities at start of the year			£00 7,56		£000 6,368
Movement in the year:			7,50	,,	0,300
Current service cost		•	23	м	212
Contributions by scheme participants		•		i9	63
Other finance cost			34		306
Benefits paid			(5)	-	(235)
Actuarial (gain)/loss	•		(45	•	129
Liabilities at end of the year			7,70		7,567
<u> </u>					.,00.
Analysis of the movement in the present val	lue of the sch	neme assets	201	1	2013
•			£00		£000
Assets at start of the year			6,27	'2	5,323
Movement in the year:					
Expected return on scheme assets			37	'3	299
Actuarial gain		•	16	. .	669
Contributions by the employer			17	0	153
Contributions by the scheme participants			6	9	63
Benefits paid			(57	7)	(235)
Assets at end of the year			6,99)1	6,272
Details of experience gains and losses	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Difference between the expected and actual return on scheme assets:					
Amount (£000)	(164)	(669)	221	402	338
Percentage of scheme assets	(2.30%)	(10.7%)	4.2%	7.7%	7.4%
Experience gains and losses on scheme liabilities:					
Amount (£000)	455	(129)	(317)	120	(334)
Percentage of the present value of the scheme liabilities Total amount recognised in statement of total	5.9%	(1.7%)	4.5%	1.9%	(5.7%)
recognised gains and losses:			/= c-:		
Amount (£000)	619	540	(538)	522	391
Percentage of the present value of the scheme liabilities	8.0%	7.1%	7.6%	8.2%	6.5%

22 Capital commitments

The College had no capital commitments at 31 July 2014 and 31 July 2013.

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended

31 July 2014 (continued)

23 Financial commitments

As at 31 July 2014, the College has annual contributions under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

	Equipm	Equipment	
•	2014	2013	
•	£000	£000	
Expiring between one and five years inclusive	20	20	
	20	20	

24 Related party transactions

The College maintains a register of its interests for Directors of the Company and senior post-holders. The following were outstanding / carried out during the period ended 31st July 2014:

Coleg Sir Gar - Group Member

- £3,825 Receivable
- Total income for the period £3,825

UWTSD - Parent

- £20,000 receivable, £5,128 payable
- Total income for the period £20,000, total purchases £54,804

25 Financial contingency fund

·	2014 £000	2013 £000
WG grant for the year	148	148
Unspent grant from previous year	3	8
Interest received	•	· <u>:</u>
	151	156
Disbursed to students	(132)	(149)
Administration fee	(5)	(5)
Unspent grant as at 31 July	14	2

WG Financial Contingency Fund grants are available solely for students. The College acts only as payment agent. The grants and related disbursements are therefore excluded from the income and expenditure account.

26 Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is the University of Wales: Trinity Saint David, a Higher Education Corporation. The results of the Company have been incorporated in the University of Wales: Trinity Saint David consolidated financial statements, which form the largest and smallest group for which the Company's statements are consolidated, copies of which are obtained from the following address:

University of Wales: Trinity Saint David Carmarthen Campus Carmarthen SA31 3EP