Directors' Report and Financial Statements
Period Ended
31 December 2018

Company Number 08719629



# **Company Information**

**Directors** 

D Dasher

A J Giles

D S Walsh

**Company secretary** 

A J Giles

Registered number

08719629

Registered office

Waterloo Place Watson Square Stockport England SK1 3AZ

Independent auditor

**BDO LLP** 

3 Hardman Street Manchester

M3 3AT

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# Directors' Report For the Period Ended 31 December 2018

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the 9 month period ended 31 December 2018.

The company changed its accounting reference date from 31 March 2018 to 31 December 2018 to align the accounting period end with other group entities. The comparative period represents a 12 month period.

#### **Principal activity**

On 1 April 2018, Parsecs Data Limited sold its trading business and assets to CPL Online Limited. Further details are disclosed in note 10.

#### Results

The profit for the period, after taxation, amounted to £Nil (31 March 2018 - £15,496).

#### Directors

The directors who served during the period were:

D Dasher

A J Giles

D S Walsh

### Disclosure of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

#### Auditor

The auditor, BDO LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

#### Small companies note

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on

30/09/2019

and signed on its behalf.

D S Walsh Director

# Directors' Responsibilities Statement For the Period Ended 31 December 2018

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### Independent Auditor's report to the members of Parsecs Data Limited

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Parsecs Data Limited ("the company") for the period ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of financial position and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its result for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
  cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
  accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
  authorised for issue.

#### Independent Auditor's report to the members of Parsecs Data Limited (continued)

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

#### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion;

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies
  regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the directors' report and from
  the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

### Independent Auditor's report to the members of Parsecs Data Limited (continued)

#### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

#### Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located at the Financial Reporting Council's website at: https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

#### Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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**Steven Roberts** (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, Statutory Auditor
Manchester
United Kingdom

30/9/19

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

# Statement of Comprehensive Income For the Period Ended 31 December 2018

	9 month period ended 31 December 2018 £	Year ended 31 March 2018 £
Turnover	-	179,642
Cost of sales		(142,887)
Gross profit	•	36,755
Administrative expenses	-	(13,777)
Operating profit	-	22,978
Tax on profit		(7,482)
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period/year	-	15,496

There was no other comprehensive income for 2018 (31 March 2018 - £Nil).

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Registered number: 08719629

# Statement of Financial Position As at 31 December 2018

Fixed assets	Note	31 December 2018 £	31 December 2018 £	31 March 2018 £	31 March 2018 £
Tangible assets	5		-		20,498
Current assets			•		
Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year		-		1,200	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6.	200		67,615	
Cash at bank and in hand		-		434	
		200		69,249	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	-		(32,930)	
Net current assets		-	200		36,319
Total assets less current liabilities			200		56,817
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		200		200
Profit and loss account	9		•		56,617
Total equity			200		56,817

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

30/09/2019

D S Walsh Director

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of Changes in Equity For the Period Ended 31 December 2018

	Called up	Profit and		
	•	loss account	Total equity	
	£	£	£	
At 1 April 2018	200	56,617	56,817	
Comprehensive income for the period				
Profit for the period	-	-	-	
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	
Contributions by and distributions to owners				
Dividend in specie		(56,617)	(56,617)	
Total transactions with owners	• •	(56,617)	. (56,617)	
At 31 December 2018	200	-	200	

# Statement of Changes in Equity For the Period Ended 31 March 2018

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£
At 1 April 2017	200	41,121	41,321
Comprehensive income for the period			
Profit for the period	-	15,496	15,496
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	15,496	15,496
At 31 March 2018	200	56,617	56,817

The notes on pages 9 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2018

#### 1. General information

Parsecs Data Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales under the Companies Act 2006. The address of the registered office can be found on the company information page and the nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the directors' report.

#### 2. Accounting policies

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The presentation currency of these financial statements is Sterling. All amounts in these financial statements have been rounded to the nearest £1.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company accounting policies.

The directors have made no material judgements or key estimates in preparing these financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

#### 2.2 Revenue

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Turnover is recognised when the provision of the training course has taken place.

#### 2.3 Pensions

### Defined contribution pension plan

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2018

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.4 Taxation

Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

#### 2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Computer equipment - 50% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2018

### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

#### 2.7 Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than its legal form.

The company's cash at bank and in hand and trade and other debtors and its trade and other creditors and bank overdrafts are measured initially at the transaction price, including transaction costs, and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year are measured at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received.

#### 2.8 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

## 3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the period was 3 (31 March 2018 - 3).

#### 4. Directors' remuneration

	nth riod ded	
	31	Year ended
Decem		31 March
2	018	2018
	£	£
Directors' emoluments	-	40,018
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# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2018

# 5. Tangible fixed assets Computer equipment Cost At 1 April 2018 47,198 Transfers intra group (47,198)At 31 December 2018 26,700 At 1 April 2018 Transfers intra group (26,700)At 31 December 2018 Net book value At 31 December 2018 At 31 March 2018 20,498 6. **Debtors** 31 December 31 March 2018 2018 £ £ Due after more than one year Other debtors 1,200 31 December 31 March 2018 2018 £ £ Due within one year . Amounts owed by group undertakings 200 62,815 Other debtors 4,800 200 67,615

Amounts owed by group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2018

# 7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	31 December 2018 £	31 March 2018 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	21,691
Corporation tax	-	5,702
Other taxation and social security	-	5,531
Other creditors	-	6
	-	32,930

Amounts owed to group undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

### 8. Share capital

	31	
	December	31 March
,	2018	2018
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
20,000 ordinary shares of £0.01 each	200	200

# 9. Reserves

The company's capital and reserves are as follows:

### Called up share capital

Called up share capital represents the nominal value of the shares issued.

### **Profit and loss account**

The profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2018

#### 10. Transfer of business

On 1 April 2018, Parsecs data Limited sold its trading business and assets to CPL Online Limited for par consideration. The business assets and liabilities comprised the following:

	2018
	£
Tangible fixed assets	20,498
Business assets	69,249
Business liabilities	(33,130)
	56,617

Consideration owed by CPL Online of £56,617 was subsequently waived and recognised as a dividend in specie in the Statement of Changes in Equity.

## 11. Related party transactions

	Sales £	Purchases £	Amounts owed by £	Amounts owed to £
December 2018	•			
CPL Online Limited	-	-	200	-
March 2018				
CPL Online Limited	-	-	-	21,691
CPL Technology Group Limited	-	-	62,815	-
CPL Training Limited	15,000	36,000	<u> </u>	-

CPL Online Limited and CPL Tehonology Group Limited are wholly owned fellow subsidiary undertakings of Mondiale Hospitality Holdings LLP.

CPL Training Limited is related by virtue of common directorship.

Included in other creditors is £Nil (31 March 2018 - £Nil) owed to the directors, additional credits in the period amounted to £Nil (31 March 2018 - £7,032), these amounts were repaid in full during the prior year.

Key management personnel include all directors of the company who together have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company. The total compensation paid to key management personnel for services provided to the company is disclosed in note 4.

# Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period Ended 31 December 2018

## 12. Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The immediate parent undertaking of the company is CPL Technology Group Limited, incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office of CPL Technology Group Limited is Waterloo Place, Watson Square, Stockport, England, SK1 3AZ.

The company's ultimate parent company and controlling party is Mondiale Hospitality Holdings LLP, a partnership incorporated in the England and Wales. The registered office of Mondiale Hospitality Holdings LLP is Waterloo Place, Watson Square, Stockport, Cheshire, SK1 3AZ. The consolidated accounts of this company are available to the public and may be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

Mondiale Hospitality Holdings LLP is ultimately controlled by D S Walsh, by virtue of his majority shareholding.