Company registration number: 08713553

Forum Education Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 September 2017

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17/05/2018 COMPANIES HOUSE #1Q*4* 

# Contents

	Page
Statement of financial position	1 - 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 6

# Statement of financial position 30th September 2017

	2017		2016		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	2,626		1,707	
		_	2,626		1,707
Current assets					
Debtors	6	10,639		37,608	
Cash at bank and in hand		58,038		32,981	
		68,677		70,589	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(19,268)		(29,722)	
Net current assets		<del></del>	49,409	· <del></del>	40,867
Total assets less current liabilities			52,035		42,574
Provisions for liabilities			(341)		(341)
Net assets			51,694		42,233
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Profit and loss account			51,594		42,133
Shareholders funds			51,694		42,233

For the year ending 30th September 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

### Director's responsibilities:

- The shareholders have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

# Statement of financial position (continued) 30th September 2017

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 24th April 2018, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr. M. R. Pain

Director

Company registration number: 08713553

## Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30th September 2017

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England. The address of the registered office is 32 St John Street, Mansfield, Nottinghamshire, NG18 1QJ.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

### 3. Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### **Transition to FRS 102**

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1st October 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 10.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### **Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30th September 2017

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Computer Equipment - 33.33% reducing balance Fittings fixtures and equipment - 15% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### **Impairment**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30th September 2017

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### 4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 3 (2016: 2).

### 5. Tangible assets

	Tungible ussets	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
	Cost		
	At 1st October 2016	3,128	3,128
	Additions	2,232	2,232
	At 30th September 2017	5,360	5,360
	Depreciation	<del></del>	
	At 1st October 2016	1,421	1,421
	Charge for the year	1,313	1,313
	At 30th September 2017	2,734	2,734
	Carrying amount		**
	At 30th September 2017	2,626	2,626
	At 30th September 2016	1,707	1,707
6.	Debtors		
		2017	2016
	Toods debters	£	£
	Trade debtors	10,639	37,608

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30th September 2017

## 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Trade creditors	262	-
Corporation tax	10,560	17,260
Social security and other taxes	7,288	9,759
Other creditors	1,158	2,703
	19,268	29,722

# 8. Called up share capital Issued, called up and fully paid

	2017		20	2016	
	No	£	No	£	
Ordinary shares shares of £ 1.00 each	100	100	100	100	

## 9. Controlling party

The company is controlled by the director, Mr M Pain by virtue of his majority shareholding.

## 10. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1st October 2015.

### Reconciliation of equity

No transitional adjustments were required.

## Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

No transitional adjustments were required.