

Registered number
08688701

CERCA LONDON LIMITED

Filleled Accounts

27 February 2018

CERCA LONDON LIMITED**Registered number:** 08688701**Balance Sheet****as at 27 February 2018**

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	9,173	7,588
Current assets			
Debtors	4	56,181	44,641
Cash at bank and in hand		3,605	47,614
		<u>59,786</u>	<u>92,255</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(104,115)	(125,691)
Net current liabilities		<u>(44,329)</u>	<u>(33,436)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>(35,156)</u>	<u>(25,848)</u>
Provisions for liabilities		(1,743)	-
Net liabilities		<u>(36,899)</u>	<u>(25,848)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		(36,999)	(25,948)
Shareholders' funds		<u>(36,899)</u>	<u>(25,848)</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Director

Approved by the board on 22 November 2018

CERCA LONDON LIMITED

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 27 February 2018

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	20% at reducing balance method
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Going Concern

There was a net deficiency of assets of £36,899 at the balance sheet date. On 22 November 2018, the directors have confirmed that they will be unable to offer the continued support and consider the company does not retain sufficient working capital and therefore will be unable to continue trading post November 2018. The company will cease trading effective 30 November 2018.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees	2018	2017
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	3	4

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 28 February 2017	7,588
Additions	3,103
At 27 February 2018	<u>10,691</u>
Depreciation	
Charge for the year	<u>1,518</u>
At 27 February 2018	<u>1,518</u>
Net book value	
At 27 February 2018	<u>9,173</u>
At 27 February 2017	7,588

4 Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	6,840	25,891
Cient deposits	30,591	-
Other debtors	18,750	18,750
	<u>56,181</u>	<u>44,641</u>
Amounts due after more than one year included above	<u>18,750</u>	<u>18,750</u>

5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade creditors	1,250	8,302
Taxation and social security costs	19,583	3,359
Other creditors	83,282	114,030
	<u>104,115</u>	<u>125,691</u>

6 Other financial commitments

	2018 £	2017 £
Total future minimum payments under non-cancellable operating leases	<u>25,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>

7 Related party transactions

The company owed the director £83,282 as at 27 February 2017 (£114,029.80 at 2017)

8 Controlling party

Mr Muhamed Asem Bizrah is the ultimate controlling party of the company by virtue of his shareholding in the company.

9 Other information

CERCA LONDON LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

3 Adams & Eve Mews

London

W8 6UG

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.