Company registration number: 08663210

Aja Digital Limited Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the year ended 31 August 2019

Aja Digital Limited

Chartered accountant's report to the board of directors on the preparation of

the unaudited statutory financial statements of Aja Digital Limited

Year ended 31 August 2019

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, I have prepared for your approval

the financial statements of Aja Digital Limited for the year ended 31 August 2019 which comprise the income

statement, statement of income and retained earnings, statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given me.

As a practising member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), I am

subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at icaew.com/regulations.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Aja Digital Limited, as a body. My work has been

undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Aja Digital Limited and state those

matters that I have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Aja Digital Limited, as a body, in this report in

accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, I do not accept

or assume responsibility to anyone other than Aja Digital Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for my

work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Aja Digital Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare

statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit

of Aja Digital Limited. You consider that Aja Digital Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for

the year.

I have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Aja Digital Limited.

For this reason, I have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and

explanations you have given to me and I do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial

statements.

MG Accountants & Tax Advisers Limited

Chartered accountants

166 College Road

Harrow

Middlesex

HA1 1BH

United Kingdom

Date: 19 May 2020

Aja Digital Limited

Statement of Financial Position 31 August 2019

	2019	2018
Note	£	£
5	333	666
6	38,000	126
	23,346	56,278
_	61,346	56,404
7	(22,209)	(23,130)
	39,137	33,274
_	39,470	33,940
	2	2
	39,468	33,938
_	39,470	33,940
	5 6 —	Note £ 5 333 6 38,000 23,346 61,346 7 (22,209) 39,137 39,470 2 39,468

For the year ending 31 August 2019, the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 May 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr A Andersen

Director

Company registration number: 08663210

Aja Digital Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 August 2019

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 28 Field Way, Rickmansworth, WD3 7EJ, United Kingdom.

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

CURRENT TAX

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

TANGIBLE ASSETS

Tangible assets are initially measured at cost, and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses or at a revalued amount.

Any tangible assets carried at a revalued amount are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves. However, the increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves. If a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess is recognised in profit or loss.

IMPAIRMENT

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price and are subsequently measured as follows: Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost and commitments to receive a loan and to make a loan to another entity are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

All other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, which is normally the transaction price and are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

All equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4 AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year was 1 (2018: 1).

5 TANGIBLE ASSETS

5 TANGIBLE ASSETS		
		Plant and
		machinery etc.
		£
COST		
At 1 September 2018 and 31 August 2019		999
DEPRECIATION		
At 1 September 2018		333
Charge		333
At 31 August 2019		666
CARRYING AMOUNT		
		333
At 31 August 2019		
At 31 August 2018		666
6 DEBTORS		
	2040	2040
	2019	2018
	£	£
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	38,000	-
Other debtors	-	126

38,000 126

7 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2019	2018
	£	£
Taxation and social security	20,687	23,066
Other creditors	1,522	64
	22,209	23,130

8 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year company made the following related party transactions: (Director)

At the balance sheet date, the amount due to the Director was £422 (2018 was £64)

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.