

GT (Leicester) Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2016

Registered Number 08650939



Annual Report and Financial Statements

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Directors and advisers

Directors

S Burton
P J Harris

Company secretary

Galliford Try Secretariat Services Limited

Registered office

Cowley Business Park
Cowley
Uxbridge
Middlesex
UB8 2AL

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
The Atrium
1 Harefield Road
Uxbridge
UB8 1EX

Directors' Report

The Directors present their report and audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016.

Review of the Business

The company is an investment holding company. The Company holds an 80% investment in Leicester GT Education Company Limited, which designs, builds and maintains schools within Leicester for Leicester City Council.

Future Developments

The directors do not expect any significant changes to the principal activities of the company in the foreseeable future.

Results and Dividend

The results for the year ended 30 June 2016 are set out on page 6. The profit for the year is £1,200,000 (2015: £Nil). The directors recommend the payment of a dividend of £1,200,000 in respect of the financial year.

Directors

The directors of the company who were in office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were as follows:

S Burton
P J Harris

Qualifying Third-Party Indemnity Provisions

Following shareholders' approval, the Company has provided an indemnity for its directors and the company secretary, which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006. This indemnity was in force throughout the year and up to the date of signing these financial statements.

Financial Risk Management Policy

The Galliford Try group actively maintains an appropriate level of cash reserves that are available for operations and planned expansions of the group as a whole. The group ensures that sufficient cash reserves are made available to its subsidiary undertakings.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Directors' Report (continued)

Strategic Report

The company is exempt from preparing a Strategic Report as it is a small company.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

Independent Auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

On behalf of the board



P Harris
Director
Cowley Business Park, Cowley
Uxbridge
Middlesex
UB8 2AL

23 March 2017

Independent auditors' report to the members of GT (Leicester) Limited

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, GT (Leicester) Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
 - have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
 - have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.
-

What we have audited

The financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), comprise:

- the Balance sheet as at 30 June 2016;
- the Income statement for the year then ended;
- the Statement of changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Entitlement to exemptions

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies exemption from preparing a strategic report. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of directors' responsibilities set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

What an audit of financial statements involves

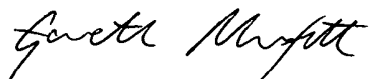
We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.



Gareth Murfitt (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Uxbridge
23 March 2017

Income statement for the year ended 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Dividend received	4	1,200,000	-
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		1,200,000	-
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	-	-
Profit for the financial year		1,200,000	-

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of the financial statements.

The results for the financial year have been derived from continuing activities.

There are no recognised gains or losses other than those disclosed in the income statement above and therefore no separate statement of comprehensive income has been presented.

There is no material difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the financial year stated above and their historical cost equivalents.

Balance sheet as at 30 June 2016

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Assets			
Non-current assets			
Investments	6	12,000	12,000
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	7	(11,999)	(11,999)
Net assets		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>
Total shareholders' funds		<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

The notes on pages 9 to 12 form part of the financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of Directors on 23 March 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:


P Harris
Director

23 March 2017

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 30 June 2016

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total shareholder's funds
	£	£	£
As at 1 July 2014	1	-	1
Result for the financial year	-	-	-
As at 1 July 2015	1	-	1
Result for the financial year	-	1,200,000	1,200,000
Dividends paid		(1,200,000)	(1,200,000)
At 30 June 2016	1	-	1

Notes to the financial statements

1. Accounting Policies

General information

GT (Leicester) Limited (the Company) is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in England and Wales (Registered number: 08650939). The address of the registered office is Cowley Business Park, Cowley, Uxbridge, Middlesex, UB8 2AL.

The financial statements are measured and presented in pounds sterling as that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. The amounts are denominated in pounds.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material to the company's financial statements.

Basis of accounting

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, in particular, Financial Reporting Standard 101 Reduced Disclosure Framework (FRS 101) and the Companies Act 2006 (the Act). FRS 101 sets out a reduced disclosure framework for a "qualifying entity" as defined in the standard which addresses the financial reporting requirements and disclosure exemptions in the individual financial statements of qualifying entities that otherwise apply the recognition, measurement and disclosure requirements of EU-adopted IFRS.

The Company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 101. Note 10 gives details of the Company's ultimate parent and from where its consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS may be obtained.

These are the first financial statements of the Company prepared in accordance with FRS 101. The Company's date of transition to FRS 101 is 1 July 2014. The Company has notified its shareholders in writing about, and they do not object to, the use of disclosure exemptions used by the Company in these financial statements.

FRS 101 sets out amendments to EU-adopted IFRS that are necessary to achieve compliance with the Act and related Regulations. The impact of these amendments to the Company's previously adopted accounting policies in accordance with UK GAAP was not material to the shareholders' equity as at the date of transition and as at 30 June 2015 and on the profit or loss for the year ended 30 June 2015.

The disclosure exemptions adopted by the Company in accordance with FRS 101 are as follows:

- The requirements of IAS 7 to present a cash flow statement
- The requirements of paragraph 45(b) and 46 to 52 of IFRS 2, Share Based Payments
- The requirements of IFRS 7, Financial Instrument Disclosures
- The requirements of paragraphs 91 to 99 of IFRS 13, Fair Value Measurement
- The requirements of paragraphs 30 and 31 of IAS 8 Accounting Policies
- The requirements of paragraph 17 of IAS 24, Related Party Transactions, and the requirements in IAS 24 to disclose related party transactions between two members of the Galliford Try group
- The requirements of paragraph 134 of IAS 36, Impairment of Assets

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

Basis of accounting

These financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis and under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the year, are set out below.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which the directors believe to be appropriate for the following reasons. The directors are confident the company has no cash flow requirements and accordingly the directors of the company continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing these financial statements.

The company is exempt by virtue of Section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare group financial statements. These financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

Available for sale financial assets

Available for sale financial assets are non-derivatives. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the assets within 12 months of the balance sheet date. On initial recognition the asset is recognised at fair value plus transaction costs. Available for sale financial assets are measured at subsequent reporting dates at fair value. Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised directly in equity, until the asset is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in equity is included in the net profit or loss for the year.

2. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

The company's audit fees are borne by Galliford Try Investments Limited. None of the directors received any remuneration from the company during the year (2015: £Nil).

3. Staff numbers

The company had no employees during the year (2015: Nil).

4. Dividend received

	2016 £	2015 £
Dividend received	1,200,000	-

The dividend of £1,200,000 was received from Leicester GT Education Company Limited.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

5. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

Analysis of tax charge in year:

	2016	2015
	£	£
<i>UK Corporation Tax</i>		
Current tax on income for the year	-	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Factors affecting the tax charge for the current year

The current tax charge for the year is lower than (2015: equal to) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 20% (2015: 20.75%). The differences are explained below:

	2016	2015
	£	£
<i>Current tax reconciliation</i>		
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1,200,000	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Current tax at 20% (2015: 20.75%)	240,000	-
Effects of:		
Non-taxable income	(240,000)	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

6. Investments

	Shares £
At 1 July 2014, 1 July 2015 and 30 June 2016	12,000
	<u> </u>

The principal company in which the company's interest at the period end is more than 20% is as follows:

	Shares held			
	Class	%	Nature of Business	Country of incorporation
Leicester GT Education Company Limited	Ordinary		Investment Company	England

The directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

7. Trade and other payables

	2016 £	2015 £
Amounts owed to group undertakings	11,999	11,999

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured and bear no interest.

8. Called up share capital

	2016 £	2015 £
<i>Allotted, called up and fully paid</i>		
1 (2015: 1) ordinary share of £1	1	1

9. Transition to FRS 101 from old UK GAAP

As stated in Note 1, these are the company's first financial statements prepared in accordance with FRS 101. The accounting policies set out in Note 1 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2016 and the comparative information presented in these financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2015.

No adjustments to amounts reported have arisen in respect of the transition to FRS 101.

10. Ultimate parent company

The immediate parent undertaking is Galliford Try Investments Limited which is registered in Scotland. The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Galliford Try Plc, which is registered in England and Wales. This is the only company into which the Company's results are consolidated. Copies of the consolidated group financial statements of Galliford Try Plc are publicly available from Galliford Try Plc, Cowley Business Park, High Street, Cowley, Uxbridge, Middlesex, UB8 2AL.