Registration number: 08612713

# STAR RESILIANZ LTD. (FORMERLY CRISIS MITIGATION SOLUTIONS LIMITED)

Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016



#### **BREBNERS**

Chartered Accountants 130 Shaftesbury Avenue London W1D 5AR

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### **Company Information**

**Directors** 

B S O'Toole

S A O'Toole

Registered office

130 Shaftesbury Avenue

2nd Floor London W1D 5EU

**Accountants** 

Brebners

Chartered Accountants 130 Shaftesbury Avenue

London W1D 5AR

#### Directors' Report for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

#### Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

B S O'Toole

S A O'Toole

#### **Principal activity**

The principal activity of the company is the provision of security services.

#### Change of name

The company changed its name from Crisis Mitigation Solutions Limited to Star Resilianz Ltd. on 12th October 2016.

#### Small companies provision statement

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board on .09/06/17. and signed on its behalf by:

B S O'Toole Director

### Statement of Income and Retained Earnings for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

		,	
	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Turnover		-	862
Cost of sales			(2,052)
Gross loss		-	(1,190)
Administrative expenses		(28,665)	(16,598)
Operating loss		(28,665)	(17,788)
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges		26 (19)	35
		7	35
Loss before tax	4	(28,658)	(17,753)
Taxation		(252)	
Loss for the financial year		(28,910)	(17,753)
Retained earnings brought forward		(16,993)	760
Retained earnings carried forward		(45,903)	(16,993)

#### **Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2016**

	Note	2016 £	2015 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	929	1,690
Current assets			
Debtors	6	4,916	4,597
Cash at bank and in hand		117	652
		5,033	5,249
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	7	(51,863)	(23,930)
Net current liabilities		(46,830)	(18,681)
Net liabilities		(45,901)	(16,991)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		(45,903)	(16,993)
Total equity		(45,901)	(16,991)

For the financial year ending 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

#### Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2016

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Approved and authorised by the Board on .03/06/17... and signed on its behalf by:

B S O'Toole

Director

Company registration number: 08612713

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 130 Shaftesbury Avenue 2nd Floor London W1D 5EU

The principal activity of the company is the provision of security services.

#### **2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except any items disclosed in the accounting policies as being shown at fair value and are presented in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Going concern

At 31st December 2016 the statement of financial position shows a deficit of net assets of £45,901. The directors, to whom an amount of £32,611 was due at 31st December 2016, continue to support the company and are confident that the company will generate sufficient working capital in the forthcoming year. Additionally, an amount of £15,999 is due to a previous shareholder who have confirmed that they will not call for repayment until the company has sufficient working capital.

After making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when the amount of revenue can be reliably measured, it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Fixtures & fittings

Equipment

Depreciation method and rate

33% straight line 33% straight line

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

#### **Financial instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

#### Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the company if:

- (i) the party has the ability, directly or indirectly, through one of more intermediaries, to control the company or exercise significant influence over the company in making financial and operating policy decisions, or has joint control over the company;
- (ii) the company and the party are subject to common control;
- (iii) the party is an associate of the company or a joint venture in which the company is a venturer;
- (iv) the party is a member of key management personnel of the company or the company's parent, or a close family member of such an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- (v) the party is a close family member of a party referred to in (i) or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- (vi) the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the company or of any entity that is a related party of the company; or
- (vii) the party, or any member of a group of which it is part, provides key management personnel services to the company or its parent.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the entity.

#### 3 STAFF NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 0 (2015 - 1)

#### 4 LOSS BEFORE TAX

Arrived at after charging/(crediting)

 2016
 2015

 £
 £

 £
 £

 812
 983

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

#### 5 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Fixtures and fittings £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 January 2016	1,271	2,385	3,656
Additions	50		50
At 31 December 2016	1,321	2,385	3,706
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2016	847	1,118	1,965
Charge for the year	17	795	812
At 31 December 2016	864	1,913	2,777
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2016	<u>457</u>	472	929
At 31 December 2015	1,217	473	1,690

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2016

6	DEBTORS			
			2016 £	2015 £
	Other debtors		4,916	4,597
			4,916	4,597
7	CREDITORS			
		Note	2016 £	2015 £
	Due within one year			
	Trade creditors		354	-
	Other creditors		51,509	23,930
			51,863	23,930

### 8 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

#### **Directors' remuneration**

The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2016	2015
	£	£
Remuneration		8,000

#### Other transactions with directors

At 31st December 2016 an amount of £Nil (2015: £3,777) was due from a director. During the year advances of £Nil and repayments of £3,777 were made. No interest has been charged.

#### 9 TRANSITION TO FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1st January 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.