Company Registration No. 08546009 (England and Wales)

# **CBS UK Productions Limited**

Annual report and financial statements for the period ended 31 August 2019



# **Company information**

**Directors** 

Richard Jones

(Appointed 30 April 2019)

Karen Howard

(Appointed 30 September 2019)

Ellen Waggoner

(Appointed 30 September 2019)

Secretary

Mitre Secretaries Limited

**Company number** 

08546009

Registered office

Cannon Place

78 Cannon Street

London EC4N 6AF

Independent auditor

Saffery Champness LLP

71 Queen Victoria Street

London EC4V 4BE

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## Directors' report

## For the period ended 31 August 2019

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the period ended 31 August 2019.

### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company was that of motion picture production.

### **Directors**

The directors who held office during the period and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Erik Toulon (Resigned 30 September 2019)
Stephen Tague (Resigned 30 April 2019)
Richard Jones (Appointed 30 April 2019)
Karen Howard (Appointed 30 September 2019)
Ellen Waggoner (Appointed 30 September 2019)

### Results and dividends

The results for the period are set out on page 5.

No ordinary dividends were paid. The directors do not recommend payment of a final dividend.

## **Auditor**

Saffery Champness LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

## Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

Richard Jones

Director

Date: 28 October 2019

# Independent auditor's report To the members of CBS UK Productions Limited

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of CBS UK Productions Limited (the 'company') for the period ended 31 August 2019 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of financial position, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 August 2019 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

## **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's* responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

## Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

# Independent auditor's report (continued) To the members of CBS UK Productions Limited

#### Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

# Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

# Independent auditor's report (continued) To the members of CBS UK Productions Limited

### Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

## Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Darren Drake (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Saffery Champness LLP

71 Queen Victoria Street

London

EC4V 4BE

**Chartered Accountants** 

**Statutory Auditors** 

# Statement of comprehensive income For the period ended 31 August 2019

		Period ended 31 August 2019	Year ended 31 December 2018
	Notes	£	£
Turnover	3	12,209	765,056
Cost of sales		(7,119)	(907,497)
Gross profit/(loss)		5,090	(142,441)
Administrative expenses		(13,603)	(12,339)
Loss before taxation		(8,513)	(154,780)
Tax on loss	5	8,513	163,261
Profit for the financial period			8,481

The Income Statement has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

# Statement of financial position As at 31 August 2019

			2019		2018
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets	٠				
Debtors	6	61,410		210,749	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,800		1,097	
				<u> </u>	
		64,210		211,846	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	7	(9,000)		(156,636)	
Net current assets			55,210		55,210 ———
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		1		1
Profit and loss reserves			55,209		55,209
Total equity			55,210		55,210
-			==,===		

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Richard Jones

Director

Company Registration No. 08546009

# Statement of changes in equity For the period ended 31 August 2019

	Share capital £	Profit and loss reserves £	Total £
Balance at 1 January 2018	1	46,728	46,729
Period ended 31 December 2018: Profit and total comprehensive income for the period		8,481	8,481
Balance at 31 December 2018	1	55,209	55,210
Period ended 31 August 2019:			
Profit and total comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-
Balance at 31 August 2019	1	55,209	55,210
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# Notes to the financial statements For the period ended 31 August 2019

## 1 Accounting policies

### **Company information**

CBS UK Productions Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Cannon Place, 78 Cannon Street, London, EC4N 6AF.

## 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102, being a member of a group where the parent of that group prepares publicly available consolidated financial statements, including this company, which are intended to give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the group. The company has therefore taken advantage of exemptions from the following disclosure requirements:

- Section 4 'Statement of Financial Position' Reconciliation of the opening and closing number of shares;
- Section 7 'Statement of Cash Flows' Presentation of a statement of cash flow and related notes and disclosures;
- Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instrument Issues'

   Carrying amounts, interest income/expense and net gains/losses for each category of financial instrument; basis of determining fair values; details of collateral, loan defaults or breaches, details of hedges, hedging fair value changes recognised in profit or loss and in other comprehensive income;
- Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures' Compensation for key management personnel.

The financial statements of the company are consolidated in the financial statements of CBS Corporation. These consolidated financial statements are available from its registered office, 51 West 52 Street, New York, N.Y., 10019-6188, USA.

# 1.2 Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

# 1.3 Reporting period

The current period of accounts has been shortened to 31 August 2019 by the directors because after this date the company is going to be made dormant.

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

### 1.4 Turnover

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the period, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Value of work done in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is determined by reference to the stage of completion.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of production services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

## 1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

## 1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

## Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## 1 Accounting policies (continued)

## Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## 1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

## 1.8 Taxation

The tax charge represents the sum of the tax currently recoverable and deferred tax.

### **Current tax**

The tax currently recoverable is based on relievable losses arising as the result of film tax relief legislation. Relievable losses differ from net losses as reported in the profit and loss account because they include an additional deduction relating to qualifying development expenditure and exclude items of income or expense that are deductible in other years, as well as items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's tax position is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# 1.9 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions where practicable, else at the average rate over the period in which the transactions were incurred. At each reporting date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on the transaction are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the period ended 31 August 2019

## 2 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

## 3 Turnover and other revenue

An analysis of the company's turnover is as follows:

		2019	2018
		£	£
	Sale of film rights	12,209	753,818
	Production services fee	-	11,238
		12,209	765,056
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Turnover analysed by geographical market		
	United States of America	12,209	765,056
		**************************************	<del></del>
4	Operating loss	August	December
		2019	2018
	Operating loss for the period is stated after charging:	£	£
	Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the company's		
	financial statements	9,603	7,500
	Fees payable to the company's auditors for non-audit services	3,500	6,750
5	Taxation		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Current tax		
	UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	(8,513)	(163,261)

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the period ended 31 August 2019

# 5 Taxation (continued)

The actual credit for the period can be reconciled to the expected credit for the period based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

		2019 £	2018 £
	Loss before taxation	(8,513)	(154,780)
	Expected tax credit based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the		
	UK of 19.00% (2018: 19.00%)	(1,617)	(29,408)
	Enhanced losses arising from the film tax credit	(6,470)	(123,555)
	Difference between the rate of corporation tax and the rate of relief		
	under the film tax credit	(2,043)	(39,182)
	Losses carried forward	1,617	28,884
	Taxation credit for the period	(8,513)	(163,261)
6	Debtors		
		2019	2018
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Corporation tax recoverable	8,513	163,261
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	51,670	46,729
	Other debtors	1,227	759
		61,410	210,749
			===
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	119,644
	Other creditors	-	25,992
	Accruals and deferred income	9,000	11,000
		9,000	156,636
			-

# Notes to the financial statements (continued) For the period ended 31 August 2019

8	Share capital		
		2019	2018
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	1 Ordinary Share of £1 each	1	1

# 9 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

CBS Corporation holds a fixed and floating charge over the rights and properties in relation to the film in production.

## 10 Ultimate controlling party

The Company's immediate parent is CBS Productions UK Holdings Limited. The ultimate controlling party of CBS UK Productions Limited is National Amusements Inc., the beneficial owner of the majority of CBS Corporation voting shares.

The only group in which results CBS UK Productions Limited are consolidated is CBS Corporation. The consolidated financial statements for this group are available to the public and may be obtained from 51 West 52 Street, New York, N.Y., 10019-6188, USA.