Report of the Director and
Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 December 2018
for
PLINIUS LTD



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### **PLINIUS LTD**

## Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

DIRECTOR:

M Alsoni

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** 

7 Pembridge Studios 27a Pembridge Villas

London W11 3EP

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 

08524135 (England and Wales)

**ACCOUNTANTS:** 

Hill Wooldridge & Co.

107 Hindes Road

Harrow Middlesex HA1 1RU

**SOLICITORS:** 

Pirola Pennuto Zei & Associates UK LLP

18th floor, City Tower 40, Basinghall Street London, EC2V 5DE

## Report of the Director for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

The director presents his report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2018.

#### **DIRECTOR**

M Alsoni held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2018 to the date of this report.

#### STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The director is responsible for preparing the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently:
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

M Alsoni - Director

23 October 2019

# Chartered Accountants' Report to the Director on the Unaudited Financial Statements of Plinius Ltd

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Plinius Ltd for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Statement of Profit or Loss, the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed within the ICAEW's regulations and guidance at http://www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the director of Plinius Ltd in accordance with our terms of engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Plinius Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the director of Plinius Ltd in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Plinius Ltd and its director for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Plinius Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Plinius Ltd. You consider that Plinius Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Plinius Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Hill Wooldridge & Co. 107 Hindes Road Harrow Middlesex HA1 1RU

23 October 2019

## Statement of Profit or Loss for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
CONTINUING OPERATIONS Revenue		-	-
Other operating income Administrative expenses		(103,020)	5,567 (61,608)
OPERATING LOSS		(103,020)	(56,041)
Finance costs	4	(131,459)	(77,800)
Finance income	4	753	206
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX		(233,726)	(133,635)
Income tax	5	69,908	5,451
LOSS FOR THE YEAR		(163,818) =====	(128,184) ======

## Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

	2018 £	2017 £
LOSS FOR THE YEAR	(163,818)	(128,184)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	(163,818) ========	(128,184) =========

## Statement of Financial Position 31 December 2018

	Notes	2018 £	2017 £
ASSETS NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Deferred tax	13	69,908	
CURRENT ASSETS		0.447.705	5 450 004
Inventories Trade and other receivables	6 7	6,147,785 80.905	5,153,201 51,202
Cash and cash equivalents	8	24,515	408,365
		6,253,205	5,612,768
TOTAL ASSETS		6,323,113	5,612,768
EQUITY		<del></del>	
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Called up share capital	9	20	20
Retained earnings	10	(50,982)	112,836
TOTAL EQUITY		(50,962)	112,856
LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Financial liabilities - borrowings			
Interest bearing loans and borrowings	12	<u> </u>	4,000,000
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	11	6,374,075	1,499,912
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,374,075	5,499,912
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		6,323,113	5,612,768

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 December 2018.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2018 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements were approved by the director on 23 October 2019 and were signed by:

M Alsoni - Director

## Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2017	20	241,020	241,040
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	<u> </u>	(128,184)	(128,184)
Balance at 31 December 2017		112,836	112,856
Changes in equity Total comprehensive income	<u>-</u>	(163,818)	(163,818)
Balance at 31 December 2018	20	(50,982)	(50,962)

## Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

		2018 £	2017 £
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations Interest paid Tax paid	1 .	3,746,856 (131,459)	(3,567,551) (77,800) 5,451
Net cash from operating activities		3,615,397	(3,639,900)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received		753	206
Net cash from investing activities		753	206
Cash flows from financing activities New loans in year Loan repayments in year		(4,000,000)	4,000,000
Net cash from financing activities		(4,000,000)	4,000,000
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equiv Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	ralents	(383,850)	360,306
of year	2	408,365	48,059
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	24,515	408,365

## Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

### 1. RECONCILIATION OF LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	2018	2017
	£	£
Loss before income tax	(233,726)	(133,635)
Finance costs	131,459	77,800
Finance income	(753)	(206)
	(103,020)	(56,041)
Increase in inventories	(994,584)	(311,691)
Increase in trade and other receivables	(29,703)	(38,310)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	4,874,163	(3,161,509)
Cash generated from operations	3,746,856	(3,567,551)

#### 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Statement of Cash Flows in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Statement of Financial Position amounts:

Year ended 31 December	r 2018	
------------------------	--------	--

	31.12.18	1.1.18
Cash and cash equivalents	£ 24,515	£ 408,365
Year ended 31 December 2017		
Total Grade of Bossings, 2017	31.12.17	1.1.17
Cash and cash equivalents	408,365	48,059

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Plinius Limited ("the Company") is a company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom as a private limited company under the provisions of the Companies Act 2006. The Company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company information page.

#### Principal activity and nature of operations of the company

The principal activity of the Company, which is unchanged from last year, is the development of building projects.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and IFRIC interpretations and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union (EU) and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of and investment property.

#### Functional and presentation currency

The financial statements are presented in pound sterling which is the functional currency of the company.

#### Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

#### **Taxation**

Current taxes are based on the results shown in the financial statements and are calculated according to local tax rules, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the Directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

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## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Going concern basis

The company is dependent upon the continuing financial support of its shareholder without which there would be significant doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern as well its ability to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the ordinary course of business. The shareholder has indicated his intention to continue providing such financial assistance to the company to enable it to continue as a going concern and to meet its obligations as the fall due.

#### **Finance Costs**

Interest expenses and other borrowing costs are charged to profit and loss as incurred.

#### Foreign currency translation

#### Transactions and balance

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at the year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies and recognised in profit or loss.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprises of cash at bank.

#### **Borrowings**

Borrowings are recorded initially at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost. Any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest rate method.

#### Trade payables

Trade payables are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

#### Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

#### Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised when;

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- the company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass through" arrangement; or
- the company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the assets, or (b) has neither transferred not retained substantially the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

#### **Financial liabilities**

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such as exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intension to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is not generally the case with master netting agreements, and the related assets and liabilities are presented gross in the statement of financial position.

#### Land and buildings under development

The cost of land and buildings under development and completed buildings for sale comprise of the cost of acquiring the land and the development costs of the building. The development costs of the building includes raw materials, direct labour cost, depreciation of plant and equipment and other indirect costs of construction.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

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## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Non-current liabilities

Non-current liabilities represent amounts that are due more than twelve months from the reporting date.

#### Financial risk management

#### Financial risk factors

The company is exposed to interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk. The risk management policies employed by the company to manage these risks are discussed below:

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The company income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates as the company has no significant interest-bearing assets. The company is exposed to interest rate risk in relation to its non-current borrowings. Borrowings issued at variable rates expose the company to cash flow interest risk management monitors the interest rate fluctuations on a continuous basis acts accordingly.

#### Credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date:

	2018 £	2017 £
Receivables Bank current accounts	7,518 24,515	7,518 408,365
	32,033	415,883

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises when the maturity of assets and liabilities does not match. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but can also increase the risk of losses. The company has procedures with the object of minimising such losses such as maintaining sufficient cash and other highly liquid current assets and by having available an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

#### 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

There were no staff costs for the year ended 31 December 2018 nor for the year ended 31 December 2017.

	Director's remuneration	2018 £ 	2017 £ 
4.	NET FINANCE COSTS	2018 £	2017 £
	Finance income: Bank interest received	753	206
	Finance costs: Bank loan interest Sundry finance expense	131,459	71,148 6,652
		131,459	77,800
	Net finance costs	130,706	77,594

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 5. INCOME TAX

6.

Analysis of tax income		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2018 £	2017 £
Current tax: Prior year adjustment		(5,451)
Deferred tax	(69,908)	-
Total tax income in statement of profit or loss	(69,908)	(5,451)
INVENTORIES		
	2018 £	2017 £
Property under development	6,147,785	5,153,201

Property under development relates to 222-224 borough High Street, London, SE1, and the land and buildings at the back of 222-224 Borough High Street London, SE1.

Per the agreement between Plinius Limited (Chargor), Delfo Limited (Borrower) and Banca Mote Dei Paschi DI Siena SPA (London), it was agreed that the Chargor will provide security to the lender for the loan facilities provided to the Borrower through the pledge of property held by the Chargor.

Property under development is stated at cost.

#### 7. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Cumanti			2018 £	2017 £
	Current: Other debtors VAT Prepayments ar	nd accrued income		7,518 72,157 1,230	7,518 33,251 10,433
				80,905	51,202
8.	CASH AND CA	SH EQUIVALENTS			
	Bank accounts			2018 £ 24,515	2017 £ 408,365
9.	CALLED UP SI	HARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued Number:	and fully paid: Class:	Nominal value:	2018 £	2017 £
	20	Ordinary	£1	20	20

#### Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 10. **RESERVES**

11.

	Retained eamings £
	112,836 (163,818)
	(50,982)
2018 £	2017 £
	—-· <del>·</del>

12	FINANCIAL	LIABILITIES -	- BORROWINGS

Accruals and deferred income

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - BORROWINGS	2018 £	2017 £
Non-current: Bank loans - 1-2 years	<u> </u>	4,000,000

#### **DEFERRED TAX** 13.

Trade creditors

Other creditors

The company has tax losses to carry forward which the director believes will be relieved at a future date. It is believed these losses will be get relief at the future expected rate of 17% corporation tax. A deferred tax asset has been recognised to reflect this situation.

	2018 £	2017 £
Arising from tax losses carried forward	(69,908)	
Balance at 31 December	(69,908) =====	

#### 14. **CONTINGENT LIABILITIES**

The company had no contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2018.

74,327

25,260

1,400,325

1,499,912

53,898 6,316,677

3,500

6,374,075

## Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2018

#### 15. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company is controlled by Delfo Limited, incorporated in UK, which owns 100% of the Company's shares.

#### Payable to related parties

The following transactions were carried out with related parties:

The following dansactions were carried out with related parties.	2018 £	2017 £
Giovanni Primo Losi	55,000	55,000
Delfo Limited	1,270,865	1,295,325
Gaiae Limited	4,936,538	-
Setha Management Limited	4,272	-
Amex Estates Limited	50,000	50,000
	6,316,675	1,405,892

The amount payable to related parties bear no interest and have no specified repayment date.