

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 April 2017

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Company Information

Directors

F Chen

J Jantke

D Ryan

Secretary

J Jantke

Company number

08476878

Registered office

ESA BIC R27 Rutherford Appleton Laboratory

Harwell Oxford

Didcot Oxfordshire OX11 0QX

Accountants

Kingston Smith LLP Betchworth House 57-65 Station Road

Redhill Surrey RH1 1DL

Balance Sheet

As at 30 April 2017

	Notes	2017		2016	
		£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		-		180
Current assets					
Debtors	5	41,655		22,364	
Cash at bank and in hand		29,621		31,395	
		71,276		53,759	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	6				
one year		(30,696)		(13,440)	
Net current assets			40,580		40,319
Total assets less current liabilities			40.580		40,499
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		154		133
Share premium account			432,558		222,716
Profit and loss reserves			(392,132)		(182,350)
Total equity			40,580		40,499
					

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 April 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

J Jantke

Director

Company Registration No. 08476878

Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended 30 April 2017

		Share capital	Share premium account	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 May 2015		100	19,926	(42,325)	(22,299)
Period ended 30 April 2016: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		_	_	· (140,025)	(140,025)
Issue of share capital	7	33	202,790	(140,020)	202,823
Balance at 30 April 2016		133	222,716	(182,350)	40,499
Period ended 30 April 2017: Loss and total comprehensive income for the					
year		-	-	(209,782)	(209,782)
Issue of share capital	7	21	209,842		209,863
Balance at 30 April 2017		154	432,558	(392,132)	40,580
		==		=	

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 April 2017

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Oxford Space Structures Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is ESA BIC R27 Rutherford Appleton Laboratory, Harwell Oxford, Didcot, Oxfordshire, OX11 0QX.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest pound.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

These financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2017 are the first financial statements of Oxford Space Structures Limited prepared in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland. The date of transition to FRS 102 was 1 May 2015. The reported financial position and financial performance for the previous period are not affected by the transition to FRS 102.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery

33.3% on a straight line basis

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial instruments

The Company only has basic financial instruments measured at amortised cost, with no financial instruments classified as 'other' or basic instruments measured at fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30 April 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.7 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.9 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

1.10 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30 April 2017

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.11 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 2 (2016: 2).

3 Taxation

	2017	2016
	£	£
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	(10,337)	(12,124)
	· 	

The tax credit includes money repayable to the company in relation to research and development expenditure claims.

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc
Cost	£
At 1 May 2016 and 30 April 2017	707
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 May 2016	527
Depreciation charged in the year	180
At 30 April 2017	707
Carrying amount	
At 30 April 2017	-
	====
At 30 April 2016	180

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 30 April 2017

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5	Debtors	2017	2016
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	17,925	-
	Corporation tax recoverable	22,461	20,258
	Other debtors	1,269	2,106
		41,655	22,364
			
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017	2016
	•	£	£
	Trade creditors	21,571	4,957
	Other taxation and social security	660	1,338
	Other creditors	8,465	7,145
	·	30,696	13,440
		==	
7	Called up share capital		
		2017	2016
	•	£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid	154	133
	15,427 (2016: 13,325) Ordinary shares of 1p each	104	
			

During the year, 2,102 ordinary £0.01 shares were issued for £99.84 per share.

8 Related party transactions

No guarantees have been given or received.

Included in other creditors is an amount of £3,593 (2016: £557) owed to Dr F Chen, a director of the company, for business expenses.

9 Controlling party

The company is controlled by two directors, Dr F Chen and Mr J Jantke, each with 26% shareholding.