Registration number: 08469920

MC Blades & Son Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

Saul Fairholm Limited
12 Tentercroft Street
Lincoln
Lincolnshire
LN5 7DB

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Company Information

Directors Mr MD Blades

Mr MJ Blades Mrs C L Blades

Registered office Beck Farm Bungalow

Sandhayes Lane Bishop Norton Market Rasen Lincolnshire LN8 2BA

Accountants Saul Fairholm Limited

12 Tentercroft Street

Lincoln Lincolnshire LN5 7DB

(Registration number: 08469920) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2023

	Note	2023 ₤	2022 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	154,382	146,258
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	82,225	80,097
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(111,440)	(121,897)
Net current liabilities		(29,215)	(41,800)
Total assets less current liabilities		125,167	104,458
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>6</u>	(91,063)	(76,355)
Provisions for liabilities		(32,877)	(27,789)
Net assets		1,227	314
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Retained earnings		1,127	214
Shareholders' funds		1,227	314

For the financial year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 6 July 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

••••
Mr MD Blades
Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office and principal place of business is:
Beck Farm Bungalow
Sandhayes Lane
Bishop Norton
Market Rasen
Lincolnshire
LN8 2BA

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 6 July 2023.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Land and buildings Furniture, fittings and equipment Motor vehicles

Other property, plant and equipment

Depreciation method and rate

method

Not depreciated 15% reducing balance 25% on reducing balance 15% on reducing balance and 33% straight line

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors with contracts of employment) during the year was 6 (2022 - 6).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

4 Tangible assets

At 31 March 2022	At 31 March 2023	Carrying amount	At 31 March 2023	Eliminated on disposal	Charge for the year	Depreciation At 1 April 2022	At 31 March 2023	Disposals	Additions	At 1 April 2022	Cost or valuation	
				-								
3,705	7,977				•	1	7,977		4,272	3,705		Land and buildings £
3,081	2,730		7,300		742	6,558	10,030		391	9,639		Furniture, fittings and equipment
20,430	10,478		1,162	(8,862)	1,163	8,861	11,640	(32,286)	14,635	29,291		Motor vehicles
119,042	133,197		45,794	(4,350)	11,695	38,449	178,991	(19,000)	40,500	157,491		Other property, plant and equipment
146,258	154,382		54,256	(13,212)	13,600	53,868	208,638	(51,286)	59,798	200,126		Total £

Included within the net book value of land and buildings above is £7,977 (2022 - £3,705) in respect of short leasehold land and buildings.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

5 Debtors			
		2023	2022
		£	£
Trade debtors		48,878	49,243
Prepayments		981	870
Other debtors		32,366	29,984
		82,225	80,097
6 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	Ninte	2023	2022
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>7</u>	72,008	80,539
Trade creditors		1,263	1,530
Taxation and social security		31,935	34,324
Other creditors		6,234	5,504
		111,440	121,897
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	7 ===	91,063	76,355

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023

7	Loans	and	borrowings
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	2023 £	2022 £
Non-current loans and borrowings	£	*
Other borrowings	91,063	76,355
	2023	2022
	£	£
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank overdrafts	11,257	15,845
Other borrowings	60,751	64,694
	72,008	80,539

Other borrowings

Hire purchase with a carrying amount of £51,501 (2022 - £52,041) £ are included within loans and borrowings .

The finance leases are secured on the related assets.

Other Loans with a carrying amount of £100,313 (2022 - £89,008) £ are included within loans and borrowings .

All the directors have provided personal guarantees in respect of other loans.

8 Related party transactions

Transactions with directors

2023	At 1 April 2022 £	Advances to director £	Repayments by director £	At 31 March 2023 £
Mr MJ Blades Directors loan account	21,223	3,783	(2,000)	23,005
	At 1 April 2021	Advances to director	Repayments by director	At 31 March 2022
2022 Mr MJ Blades	£	£	£	£
Directors loan account	26,959	4,421	(10,157)	21,223

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.